

# Converting Colors

YIQ(239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(239.3470, -8.5270,  
-5.1590)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4F5F0
RGB	228, 245, 240
RGB Percent	89%, 96%, 94%
CMY	0.1059, 0.0392, 0.0588
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.02, 0.04
HSL	162°, 46%, 93%
HSV	162°, 7%, 96%
XYZ	80.3730, 88.0921, 95.1995
YIQ	239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

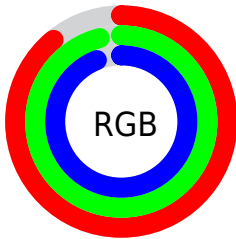
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	228, 238, 245
Decimal	15005168
CIE Lab	95.20, -6.49, 0.48
CIE LCh	95, 6.509, 175.775
Yxy	88.0921, 0.3048, 0.3341
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293195248 (0xFFE4F5F0)
YUV	239.3470, 0.3219, -9.9513
Hunter-Lab	93.8574, -11.3954, 5.5624

# Details

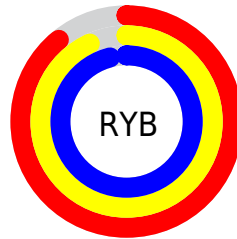
The YIQ color  $239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be  $233.6530, 8.5270, 5.1590$ , and the grayscale version is  $239.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ , and  $183.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $231.0740, -21.1800, -12.6360$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $247.3210, 3.5300, 2.1060$ .

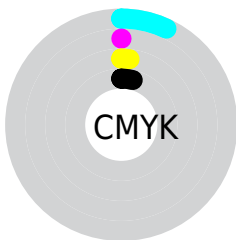
# Distribution



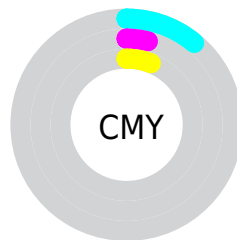
- Red (89%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 239.3470, -8.5270,  
-5.1590

■ 239.3470, -8.5270,  
-5.1590

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 211.3470, -8.5270,  
-5.1590

■ 183.6460, -7.9310,  
-4.9470

■ 156.6460, -7.9310,  
-4.9470

■ 130.6460, -7.9310,  
-4.9470

■ 105.0590, -7.6560,  
-4.4240

■ 81.3580, -7.0600,  
-4.2120

■ 58.3580, -7.0600,

-4.2120

■ 36.6570, -6.4640,  
-4.0000

■ 15.0480, -9.1230,  
-5.3710

■ 239.3470, -8.5270,  
-5.1590

■ 239.3470, -8.5270,  
-5.1590

■ 231.0740,  
-21.1800, -12.6360

■ 247.3210, 3.5300,  
2.1060

■ 223.1000,  
-33.2370, -19.9010

■ 249.0160, 3.0710,  
4.9190

■ 214.7130,  
-45.5690, -27.6890

■ 249.1300, 2.7500,  
5.2300

■ 206.7390,  
-57.6260, -34.9540

■ 198.4660,  
-70.2790, -42.4310

■ 190.4920,  
-82.3360, -49.6960

■ 182.1050,  
-94.6680, -57.4840

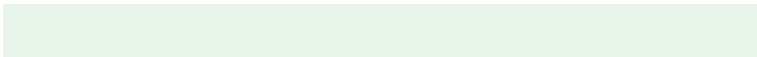
■ 174.1310,  
-106.7250, -64.7490

■ 165.8580,  
-119.3780, -72.2260

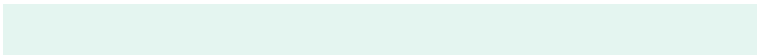
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



239.5710, -3.3460, -5.4420



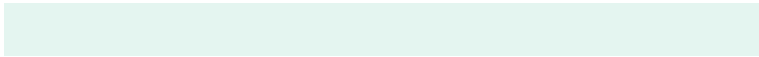
239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590



239.4330, -11.6450, -3.7170

# Triad

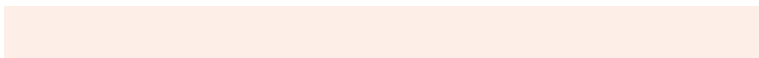
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590



241.9660, -2.6600, 4.1560



241.6870, 11.1870, 1.0030

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



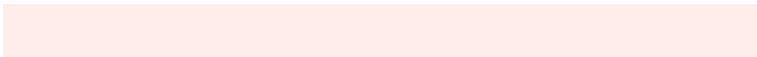
239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590



233.6530, 8.5270, 5.1590

# Split Complementary

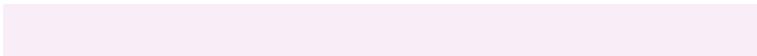
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



242.2680, 11.0490, 3.5050



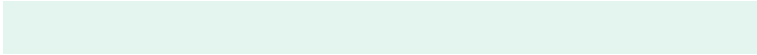
239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590



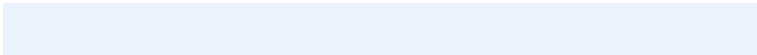
242.4290, 3.3460, 5.4420

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590



240.9760, -8.6200, 2.0360



242.6530, 8.5270, 5.1590



241.1380, 8.2990, -1.7250

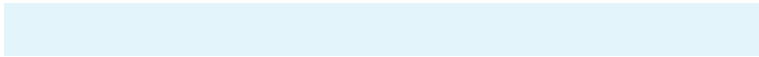


# Rectangle

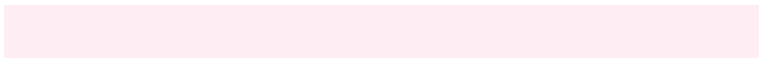
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



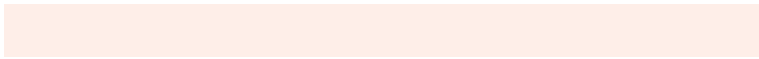
239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590



239.6010, -12.0580, -1.7380



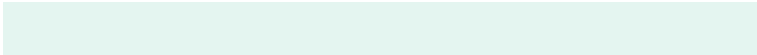
242.6530, 8.5270, 5.1590



242.1000, 11.4620, 1.5260

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590



253.2770, -2.3380, -1.6820



239.4740, -1.6950, -7.8310



126.9890, -1.4670, -0.9470



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590



248.3360, -9.9940, -6.1060



238.1560, -9.3070, -2.0350



118.0700, -6.1890, -3.4770



124.1160, -93.2010, -56.5370



39.3070, -29.3860, -18.1060



# Inverse Universe

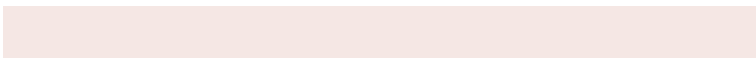
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



233.6530, 8.5270, 5.1590



241.6640, 9.9940, 6.1060



234.8440, 9.3070, 2.0350



114.0440, 5.8680, 3.7880



61.8840, 93.2010, 56.5370

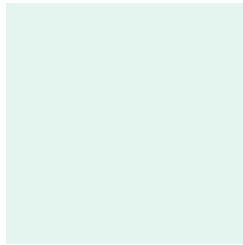


19.5790, 29.7070, 17.7950



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

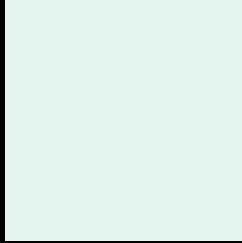
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

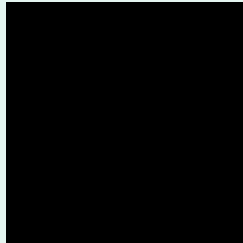
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

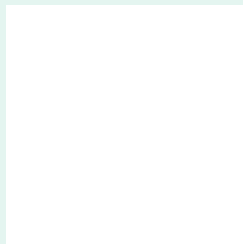
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590.



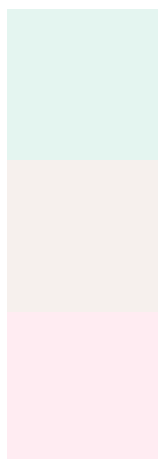
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590.

-5.1590.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590

### Protanopia

241.4520, 4.5390, 0.3390

### Deuteranopia

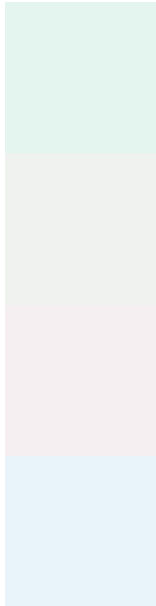
242.3650, 9.3980, 5.8940



## Tritanopia

241.0900, -8.9410, 2.3470

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590

## Protanomaly

240.6470, -0.5040, -1.8800

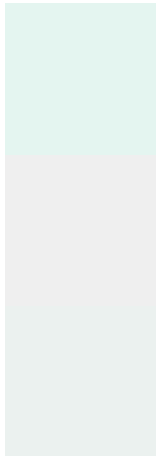
## Deuteranomaly

241.0220, 2.9340, 1.8940

## Tritanomaly

240.5090, -8.8030, -0.1550

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590

## Achromatopsia

239.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

238.9780, -2.9340, -1.8940

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 245, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 245, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 245, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 245, 240) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 245, 240) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 245, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 245, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 245, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 245, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 245,  
240) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 239.3470, -8.5270, -5.1590 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 245, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
245, 240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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