

# Converting Colors

YIQ(24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(24.0560, 14.7620,  
7.8020)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B0F15
RGB	43, 15, 21
RGB Percent	17%, 6%, 8%
CMY	0.8313, 0.9412, 0.9176
CMYK	0.00, 0.65, 0.51, 0.83
HSL	347°, 48%, 11%
HSV	347°, 65%, 17%
XYZ	1.3032, 0.9095, 0.8170
YIQ	24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

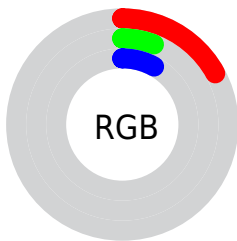
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">43, 15, 21</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">2821909</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">8.21, 15.30, 2.48</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">8, 15.502, 9.188</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">0.9095, 0.4301, 0.3002</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4281011989 (0xFF2B0F15)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">24.0560, -1.5066, 16.6139</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">9.5367, 7.7021, 1.5964</a>

# Details


The YIQ color **24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **33.9440, -14.7620, -7.8020**, and the grayscale version is **24.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.1380, 17.4670, 8.3390**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.3660, 16.8250, 8.9610**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430**.

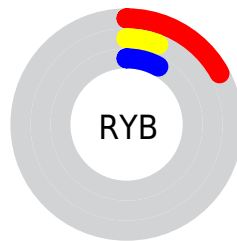
# Distribution



 Red (17%)

 Green (6%)

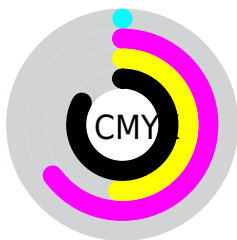
 Blue (8%)




 Red (17%)

 Yellow (6%)

 Blue (8%)

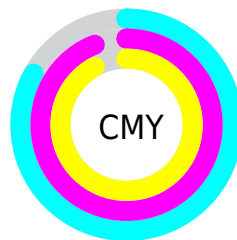



 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (65%)

 Yellow (51%)

 Black (83%)



 Cyan (83%)

 Magenta (94%)

 Yellow (92%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 24.0560, 14.7620,  
7.8020

■ 24.0560, 14.7620,  
7.8020

■ 245.1690, 7.0140,  
5.0460

■ 5.3820, 10.7280,  
3.8160

■ 68.1380, 17.4670,  
8.3390

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 91.7360, 18.6590,  
8.7630

■ 116.4480, 19.5300,  
9.4980

■ 142.0460, 20.7220,  
9.9220

■ 168.9320, 21.0430,  
9.6110

■ 196.5300, 22.2350,

10.0350

■ 223.9430, 22.5100,  
10.5580

■ 24.0560, 14.7620,  
7.8020

■ 24.0560, 14.7620,  
7.8020

■ 21.3660, 16.8250,  
8.9610

■ 26.7460, 12.6990,  
6.6430

■ 17.9750, 19.4840,  
10.3320

■ 30.1370, 10.0400,  
5.2720

■ 15.2850, 21.5470,  
11.4910

■ 32.8270, 7.9770,  
4.1130

■ 13.8830, 22.7390,  
11.9150

■ 35.6310, 5.5930,  
3.2650

■ 38.3210, 3.5300,  
2.1060

■ 41.5980, 1.1920,  
0.4240

■ 44.4020, -1.1920,  
-0.4240

■ 47.0920, -3.2550,  
-1.5830

■ 50.3690, -5.5930,  
-3.2650

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24.5870, 8.8930, 9.5410



24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020



23.3350, 18.1100, 2.1900

# Triad

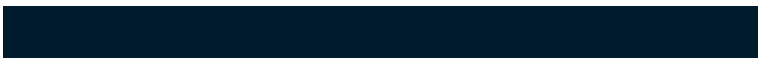
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020



20.9320, 2.7070, -10.5170



20.7510, -21.2280, -0.7480

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020



33.9440, -14.7620, -7.8020

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.2410, -19.8520, -3.6600



24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020



18.7330, -12.7900, -10.5020

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020



22.7590, 10.6840, -6.4040



20.6880, -16.9170, -7.2930



22.3930, -14.1680, 3.4640



# Rectangle

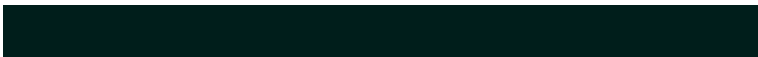
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



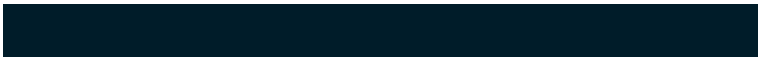
24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020



22.8140, 18.0190, -1.6690



20.6880, -16.9170, -7.2930



21.1100, -20.8610, -1.8930

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020



48.5170, 5.9140, 2.9540



24.7700, 4.1240, 13.3720



23.3210, 3.5300, 2.1060



156.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



28.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020



26.2960, 23.0140, 12.4380



28.0680, 14.4880, 1.7520



18.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



27.1680, 44.2860, 23.4060



68.5180, 111.9070, 58.9390



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020



26.2960, 23.0140, 12.4380



29.9320, -14.4880, -1.7520



18.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



27.1680, 44.2860, 23.4060

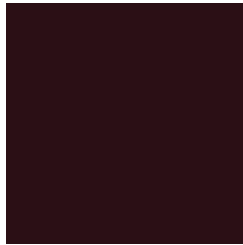


68.5180, 111.9070, 58.9390



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

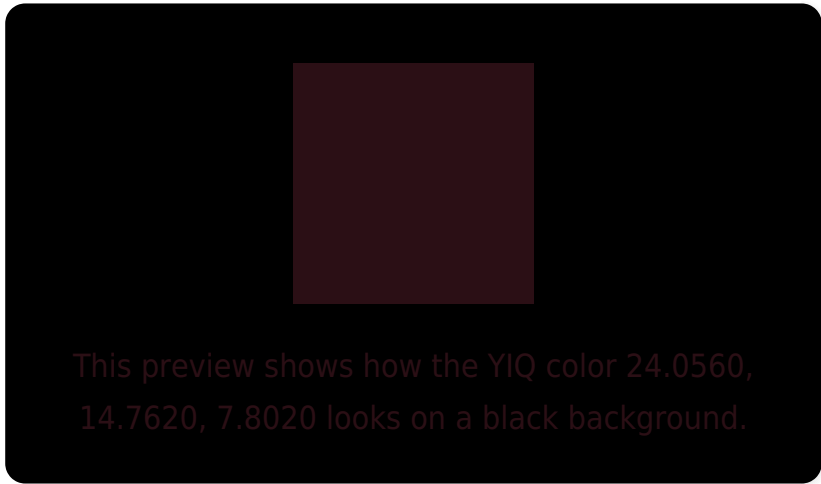
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

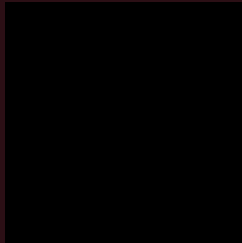
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020.



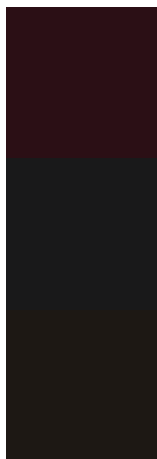
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 24.0560, 14.7620,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020

### Protanopia

25.1140, -0.3210, 0.3110

### Deuteranopia

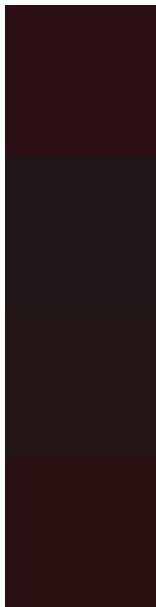
25.0390, 4.2640, -0.1840



## Tritanopia

24.1870, 15.7710, 6.0350

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020

## Protanomaly

24.6310, 5.5930, 3.2650

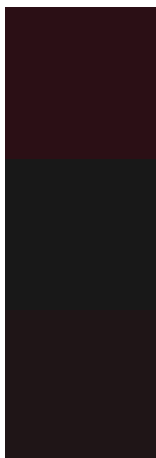
## Deuteranomaly

24.7730, 8.0690, 2.4450

## Tritanomaly

24.3010, 15.4500, 6.3460

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020

## Achromatopsia

24.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

24.2180, 5.3180, 2.7420

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 15, 21)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 15, 21)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 15, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 15, 21) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 15, 21) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 15, 21) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 15, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 15, 21); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 15, 21);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 15, 21)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 24.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 15, 21) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 15,  
21) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor