

Converting Colors

YIQ(24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(24.9520, 18.2910,
15.4350)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	340A1F
RGB	52, 10, 31
RGB Percent	20%, 4%, 12%
CMY	0.7960, 0.9608, 0.8784
CMYK	0.00, 0.81, 0.40, 0.80
HSL	330°, 68%, 12%
HSV	330°, 81%, 20%
XYZ	1.7735, 1.0465, 1.4058
YIQ	24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

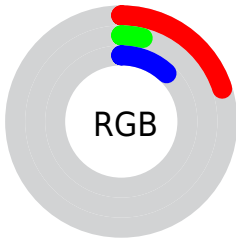
Format	Color
RYB	52, 10, 31
Decimal	3410463
CIELab	9.37, 23.25, -3.17
CIELCh	9, 23.466, 352.229
Yxy	1.0465, 0.4197, 0.2476
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281600543 (0xFF340A1F)
YUV	24.9520, 2.9817, 23.7211
Hunter-Lab	10.2300, 13.0430, -0.9868

Details

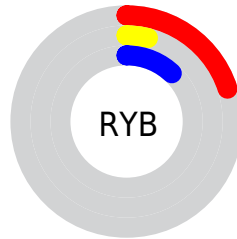
The YIQ color **24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **37.0480, -18.2910, -15.4350**, and the grayscale version is **25.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.0340, 20.9960, 15.9720**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.6750, 20.6290, 17.1170**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.2290, 15.9530, 13.7530**.

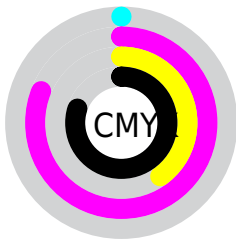
Distribution



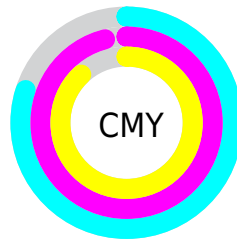
- Red (20%)
- Green (4%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (96%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 24.9520, 18.2910,
15.4350

■ 24.9520, 18.2910,
15.4350

■ 245.0210, 4.6750,
8.8910

■ 10.5510, 17.7420,
8.8620

■ 71.0340, 20.9960,
15.9720

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 95.0450, 22.4630,
16.9190


■ 120.2300, 23.3800,
16.8200


■ 145.9420, 24.2510,
17.5550


■ 173.2410, 24.8470,
17.7670


■ 200.8390, 26.0390,


18.1910


 225.2620, 20.3540,
16.5940


 24.9520, 18.2910,
15.4350


 24.9520, 18.2910,
15.4350


 21.6750, 20.6290,
17.1170

 28.2290, 15.9530,
13.7530

 18.5120, 22.6460,
19.1100

 31.3920, 13.9360,
11.7600

 35.2560, 11.3230,
9.5550

 38.4190, 9.3060,
7.5620

 41.6960, 6.9680,
5.8800

■ 44.9730, 4.6300,
4.1980

■ 48.1360, 2.6130,
2.2050

■ 52.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 55.1630, -2.0170,
-1.9930

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.8950, 5.2700, 14.6300



24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350



24.0850, 24.9860, 9.7380

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350



24.1990, 6.3290, -10.0790



25.1850, -25.4460, -1.3980

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



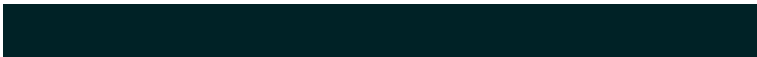
24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350



37.0480, -18.2910, -15.4350

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.2900, -21.5480, -5.9640



24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350



19.3820, -7.6080, -16.3120

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350



25.4500, 16.0480, -4.4960



22.3520, -16.0910, -11.2510



23.6350, -26.5930, 2.8710

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350



24.3530, 26.8670, 3.1790



22.3520, -16.0910, -11.2510



24.7290, -24.1620, -2.6420

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350



58.1090, 7.2430, 6.4030



20.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020



28.9730, 4.6300, 4.1980



163.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



36.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350



25.7950, 29.3390, 24.4670



22.6720, 24.7110, 9.2150



24.0110, 1.4670, 0.9470



31.7410, 38.5990, 32.8630



77.1950, 94.6640, 79.5920

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350



25.7950, 29.3390, 24.4670



39.3280, -24.7110, -9.2150



24.0110, 1.4670, 0.9470



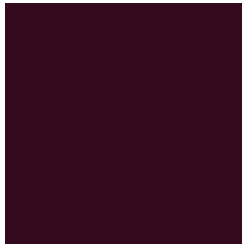
31.7410, 38.5990, 32.8630



77.1950, 94.6640, 79.5920

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

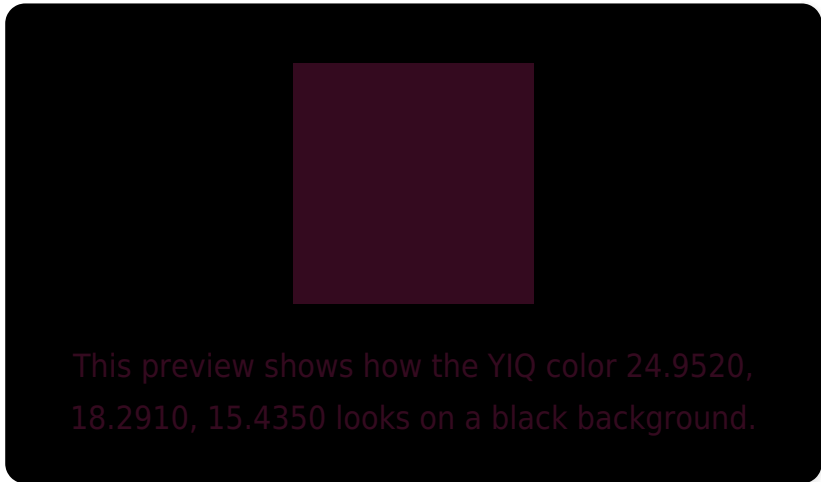
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

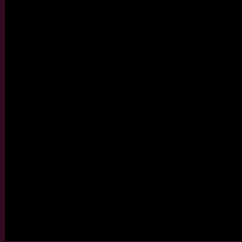
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 24.9520, 18.2910,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350

Protanopia

28.4000, -6.8780, 3.5060

Deuteranopia

28.4240, 1.7420, 1.4700



Tritanopia

25.8780, 21.1350, 7.9430

Trichromacy



Original Color

24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350

Protanomaly

26.8250, 2.2910, 8.0430

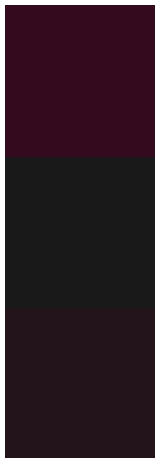
Deuteranomaly

27.4080, 7.8390, 6.6150

Tritanomaly

25.2740, 20.0800, 10.5440

Monochromacy



Original Color

24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350

Achromatopsia

25.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

25.2830, 6.6930, 5.3570

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(52, 10, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(52, 10, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(52, 10, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(52, 10, 31) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(52, 10, 31) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(52, 10, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(52, 10, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(52, 10, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 10, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(52, 10, 31)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 24.9520, 18.2910, 15.4350 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(52, 10, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(52, 10,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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