

# Converting Colors

YIQ(240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(240.7630, 4.8610,  
-5.4990)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2F3E2
RGB	242, 243, 226
RGB Percent	95%, 95%, 89%
CMY	0.0510, 0.0470, 0.1137
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.07, 0.05
HSL	64°, 41%, 92%
HSV	64°, 7%, 95%
XYZ	82.3961, 88.4695, 84.6910
YIQ	240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

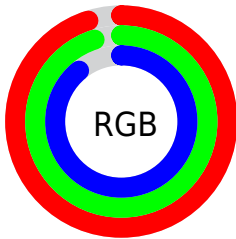
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	226, 243, 227
Decimal	15922146
CIE Lab	95.36, -3.24, 8.07
CIE LCh	95, 8.692, 111.887
Yxy	88.4695, 0.3224, 0.3462
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294112226 (0xFFFF2F3E2)
YUV	240.7630, -7.2782, 1.0848
Hunter-Lab	94.0582, -8.2338, 12.4554

# Details

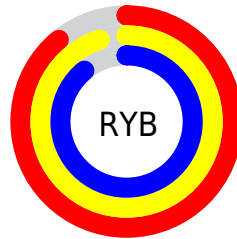
The YIQ color  $240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be  $228.2370, -4.8610, 5.4990$ , and the grayscale version is  $241.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ , and  $184.8770, 4.5400, -5.1880$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $237.7280, 11.9690, -13.1750$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $243.7980, -2.2470, 2.1770$ .

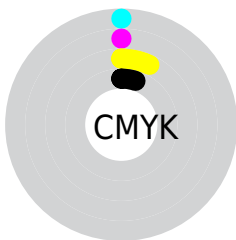
# Distribution



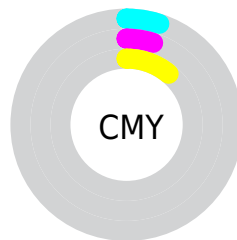
- Red (95%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 240.7630, 4.8610,  
-5.4990

■ 240.7630, 4.8610,  
-5.4990

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 212.7630, 4.8610,  
-5.4990

■ 184.8770, 4.5400,  
-5.1880

■ 157.8770, 4.5400,  
-5.1880

■ 131.9910, 4.2190,  
-4.8770

■ 106.6920, 3.6230,  
-5.0890

■ 82.1050, 3.8980,  
-4.5660

■ 59.2190, 3.5770,

-4.2550

■ 37.3330, 3.2560,  
-3.9440

■ 16.5350, 5.5030,  
-6.1210

■ 240.7630, 4.8610,  
-5.4990

■ 240.7630, 4.8610,  
-5.4990

■ 237.7280, 11.9690,  
-13.1750

■ 243.7980, -2.2470,  
2.1770

■ 234.2800, 18.8020,  
-21.3740

■ 244.9660, -2.6600,  
4.1560

■ 231.2450, 25.9100,  
-29.0500

■ 245.2650, -2.0640,  
4.3680

■ 227.9110, 32.4220,  
-36.9380

■ 245.8630, -0.8720,  
4.7920

■ 224.8760, 39.5300,  
-44.6140

■ 246.1620, -0.2760,  
5.0040

■ 221.4280, 46.3630,  
-52.8130

■ 246.7600, 0.9160,  
5.4280

■ 218.3930, 53.4710,  
-60.4890

■ 247.0590, 1.5120,  
5.6400

■ 215.0590, 59.9830,  
-68.3770

■ 247.6570, 2.7040,  
6.0640

■ 211.9100, 67.4120,  
-76.3640

■ 247.9560, 3.3000,  
6.2760

# Harmonies

## Analogous

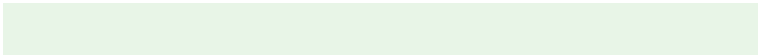
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



241.5790, 11.3710, -2.3330



240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990



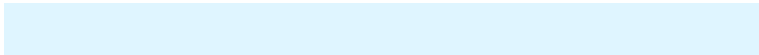
239.5170, -3.2540, -7.1100

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990



239.5620, -16.3220, -1.5540



242.5930, 8.7560, 6.5160

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990



228.2370, -4.8610, 5.4990

# Split Complementary

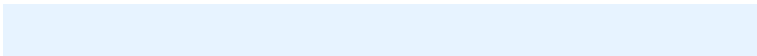
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



243.4830, 3.2540, 7.1100



240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990



240.7800, -11.0040, 1.1880

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990



239.3400, -15.8170, -5.2010



242.0090, -4.2190, 4.8770

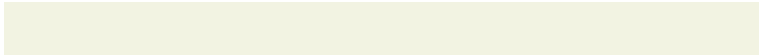


241.6810, 11.3240, 4.0280

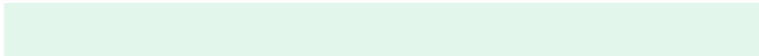


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990



239.1790, -8.1140, -7.1380



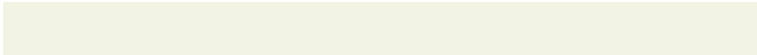
242.0090, -4.2190, 4.8770



243.5220, 7.5180, 6.9260

# Sweetspot

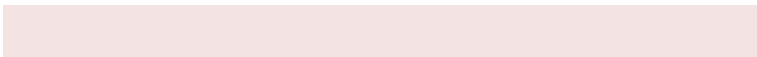
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990



254.4300, 1.6050, -1.5550



231.6700, 9.8570, 3.0810



127.3590, 0.3670, -1.1450



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990



252.4210, 5.8240, -6.4320



238.3710, 0.0930, -7.1950



120.6320, 3.8520, -3.7320



161.5070, 53.1500, -60.1780



51.0780, 16.5550, -19.1970



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



228.2370, -4.8610, 5.4990



237.5790, -5.8240, 6.4320



230.6290, -0.0930, 7.1950



111.6670, -3.2560, 3.9440



24.4930, -53.1500, 60.1780

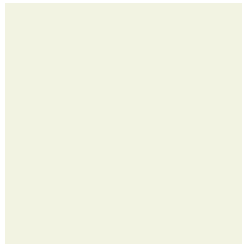


7.6230, -17.1510, 18.9850



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

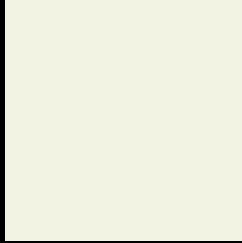
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

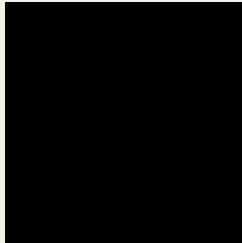
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

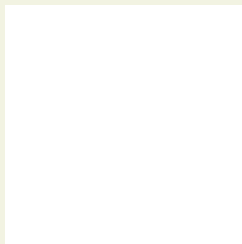
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990.



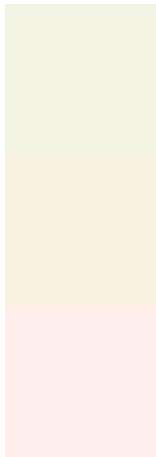
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 240.7630, 4.8610,

-5.4990.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990

### Protanopia

241.8670, 10.5000, -3.0680

### Deuteranopia

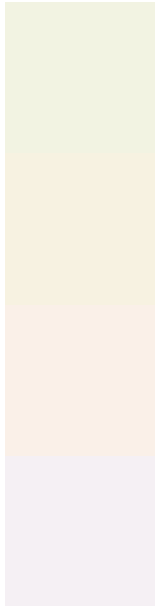
242.7410, 11.0950, 2.6710



## Tritanopia

242.9170, -0.9640, 6.4600

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990

## Protanomaly

241.5570, 8.4370, -4.2270

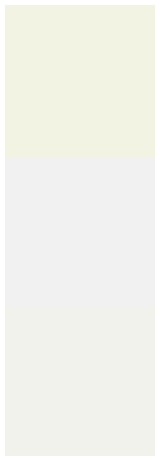
## Deuteranomaly

242.0780, 8.5280, -0.3680

## Tritanomaly

241.9510, 1.6960, 2.3040

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990

## Achromatopsia

241.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

241.0170, 1.3300, -2.0780

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 243, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 243, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 243, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 243, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 243, 226) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 243, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 243, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 243, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 243, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 243,  
226) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 240.7630, 4.8610, -5.4990 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 243, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
243, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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