

# Converting Colors

YIQ(241.7950, 19.0300,  
-14.4900)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(241.7950, 19.0300,  
-14.4900)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBF6C4
RGB	251, 246, 196
RGB Percent	98%, 96%, 77%
CMY	0.0157, 0.0353, 0.2313
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.22, 0.02
HSL	55°, 87%, 88%
HSV	55°, 22%, 98%
XYZ	82.7041, 90.4053, 65.3329
YIQ	241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

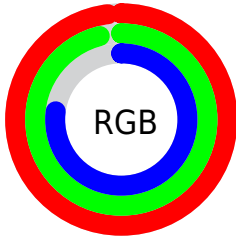
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">202, 251, 196</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16512708</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">96.16, -6.12, 24.70</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">96, 25.446, 103.923</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">90.4053, 0.3469, 0.3791</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294702788</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFFFBF6C4</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">241.7950, -22.5769, 8.0728</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">95.0817, -11.1299, 25.8176</a>

# Details

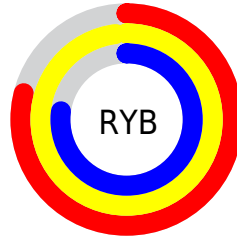
The YIQ color  $241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $FFFFCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $205.2050, -19.0300, 14.4900$ , and the grayscale version is  $242.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $254.7720, 0.6420, -0.6220$ , and  $185.7240, 17.7920, -14.0800$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $237.7710, 27.6050, -21.2190$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $245.8190, 10.4550, -7.7610$ .

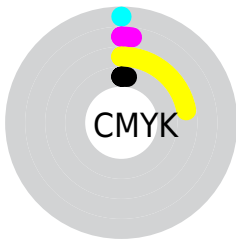
# Distribution



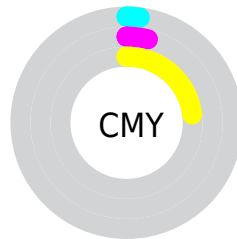
- Red (98%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (23%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



241.7950, 19.0300,  
-14.4900

241.7950, 19.0300,  
-14.4900

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

213.6100, 18.1130,  
-14.3910

254.7720, 0.6420,  
-0.6220

185.7240, 17.7920,  
-14.0800

158.8380, 17.4710,  
-13.7690

132.6530, 16.5540,  
-13.6700

106.8810, 15.9120,  
-13.0480

82.8100, 14.6740,  
-12.6380

59.6250, 13.7570,

-12.5390

■ 37.2120, 13.4820,  
-13.0620

■ 17.9970, 4.0820,  
-7.9020

■ 241.7950, 19.0300,  
-14.4900

■ 241.7950, 19.0300,  
-14.4900

■ 237.7710, 27.6050,  
-21.2190

■ 245.8190, 10.4550,  
-7.7610

■ 233.1600, 36.4550,  
-27.4250

■ 250.4300, 1.6050,  
-1.5550

■ 229.1360, 45.0300,  
-34.1540

■ 252.6300, -1.8340,  
0.1980

■ 225.1120, 53.6050,  
-40.8830

■ 253.8040, -2.3840,  
-0.8480

■ 221.0880, 62.1800,  
-47.6120

■ 216.3630, 71.3510,  
-54.1290

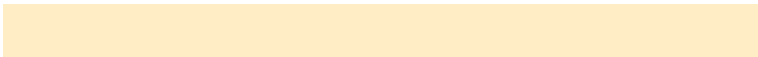
■ 212.3390, 79.9260,  
-60.8580

■ 208.8850, 86.8960,  
-66.0320

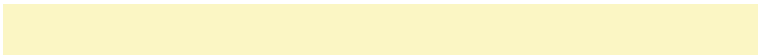
# Harmonies

## Analogous

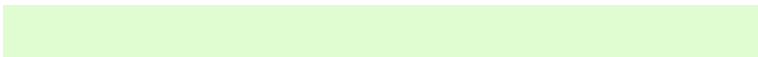
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



238.4090, 23.2930, -9.1470



241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900



238.9000, -3.4350, -20.3550

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900



232.2760, -45.2960, -16.1120



239.1510, 7.4250, 14.1210

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900



205.2050, -19.0300, 14.4900

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



242.6730, 5.7750, 10.9830



241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900



235.3210, -32.0010, -9.2570

# Square

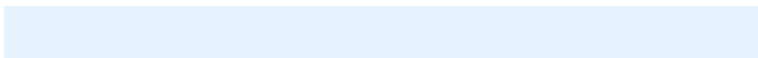
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



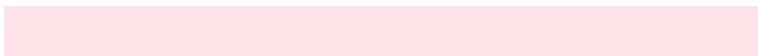
241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900



232.2760, -45.2960, -16.1120



240.1930, -10.7290, 1.7110

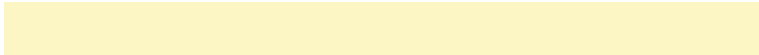


236.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020

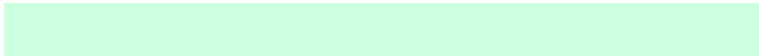


# Rectangle

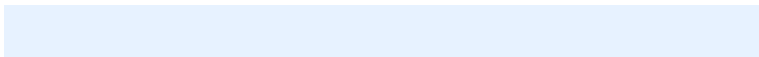
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900



236.2880, -19.2070, -20.8630



240.1930, -10.7290, 1.7110



240.3250, 6.8750, 13.0750

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900



251.7740, 6.3280, -4.5520



213.1290, 30.8540, 13.5260



126.1590, 3.8060, -2.8980



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

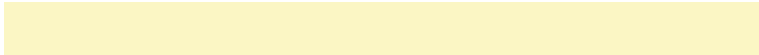


128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

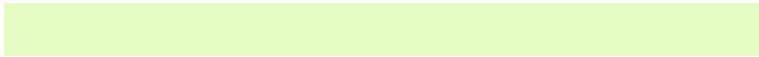
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900



243.9540, 22.8360, -17.3880



238.1520, 4.5430, -21.7690



122.9310, 4.4480, -3.5200



157.4750, 65.3440, -49.8880



51.1110, 20.9560, -16.3560



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



205.2050, -19.0300, 14.4900



200.0460, -22.8360, 17.3880



208.8480, -4.5430, 21.7690



114.6560, -4.7230, 2.9970



31.5250, -65.3440, 49.8880

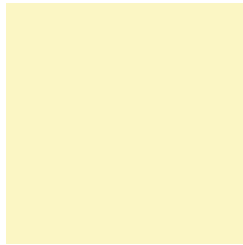


10.4760, -21.2310, 15.8330



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

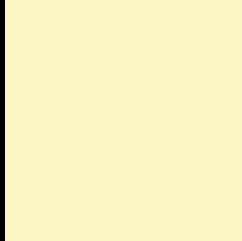
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900.



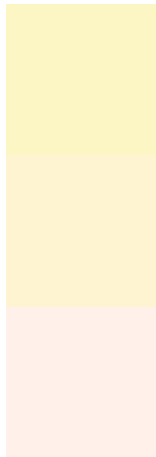
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 241.7950, 19.0300,

-14.4900.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900

### Protanopia

243.4130, 17.4700, -8.2420

### Deuteranopia

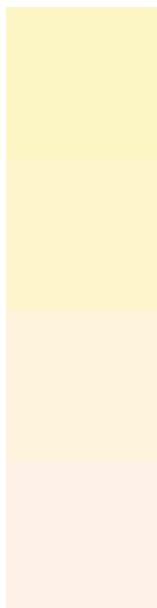
244.2740, 10.9120, 0.4800



## **Tritanopia**

245.3800, 5.0420, 7.7460

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900

## Protanomaly

243.1310, 18.2040, -10.5320

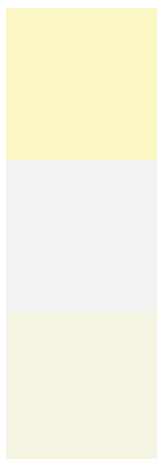
## Deuteranomaly

243.6670, 13.9390, -4.8210

## Tritanomaly

244.4480, 10.3620, -0.5660

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900

## Achromatopsia

242.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

241.5460, 6.9700, -5.1740

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 246, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 246, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 246, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 246, 196) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 246, 196) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 246, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 246, 196)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 246, 196); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 246, 196);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 246,  
196) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 241.7950, 19.0300, -14.4900 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 246, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
246, 196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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