

# Converting Colors

YIQ(242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(242.2090, 9.5370,  
-2.1350)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FAF1E4
RGB	250, 241, 228
RGB Percent	98%, 95%, 89%
CMY	0.0196, 0.0549, 0.1058
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.09, 0.02
HSL	35°, 69%, 94%
HSV	35°, 9%, 98%
XYZ	84.8850, 88.8351, 86.0806
YIQ	242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

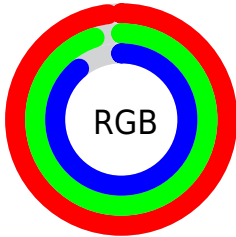
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	243, 250, 228
Decimal	16445924
CIE Lab	95.51, 0.85, 7.33
CIE LCh	96, 7.379, 83.367
Yxy	88.8351, 0.3267, 0.3419
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294636004 (0xFFFAF1E4)
YUV	242.2090, -7.0050, 6.8327
Hunter-Lab	94.2524, -4.1820, 11.8271

# Details

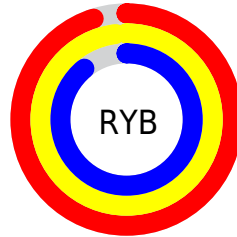
The YIQ color  $242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be  $235.7910, -9.5370, 2.1350$ , and the grayscale version is  $242.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ , and  $186.0240, 8.6200, -2.0360$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $233.4890, 20.3120, -4.6800$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $250.9290, -1.2380, 0.4100$ .

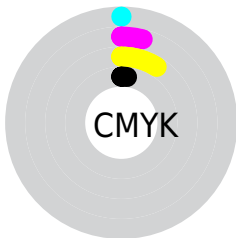
# Distribution



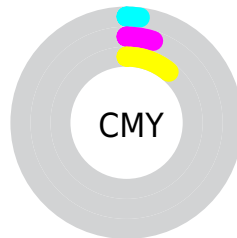
- Red (98%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 242.2090, 9.5370,  
-2.1350

■ 242.2090, 9.5370,  
-2.1350

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 213.9100, 8.9410,  
-2.3470

■ 186.0240, 8.6200,  
-2.0360

■ 159.0240, 8.6200,  
-2.0360

■ 133.0240, 8.6200,  
-2.0360

■ 107.8390, 7.7030,  
-1.9370

■ 83.8390, 7.7030,  
-1.9370

■ 60.5400, 7.1070,

-2.1490

■ 38.6540, 6.7860,  
-1.8380

■ 17.3830, 8.9870,  
-3.1810

■ 242.2090, 9.5370,  
-2.1350

■ 242.2090, 9.5370,  
-2.1350

■ 233.4890, 20.3120,  
-4.6800

■ 250.9290, -1.2380,  
0.4100

■ 224.7690, 31.0870,  
-7.2250

■ 253.5050, -2.9800,  
-1.0600

■ 215.4620, 42.1370,  
-9.2470

■ 206.7420, 52.9120,  
-11.7920

■ 198.0220, 63.6870,  
-14.3370

■ 189.3020, 74.4620,  
-16.8820

■ 179.9950, 85.5120,  
-18.9040

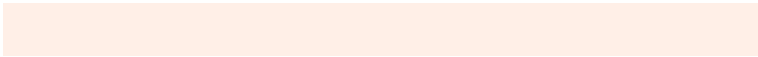
■ 171.2750, 96.2870,  
-21.4490

■ 162.5550,  
107.0620, -23.9940

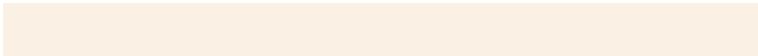
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



242.8720, 12.1040, 0.9040



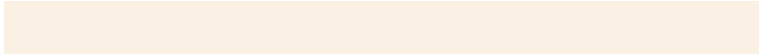
242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350



241.1050, 3.8980, -4.5660

# Triad

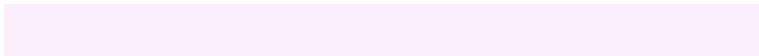
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350



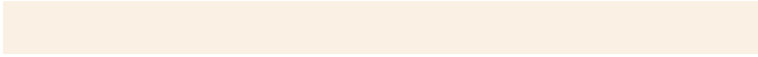
239.8350, -12.8370, -4.1410



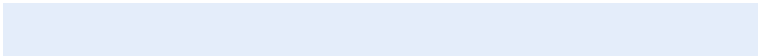
243.6570, 2.7040, 6.0640

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350



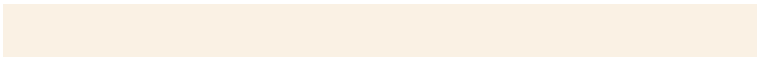
235.7910, -9.5370, 2.1350

# Split Complementary

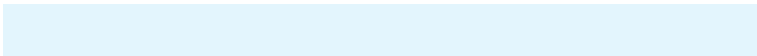
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



242.8950, -3.8980, 4.5660



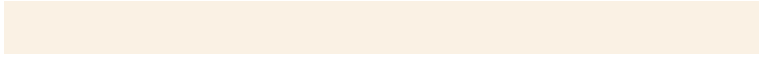
242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350



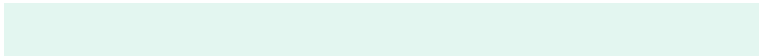
240.5300, -13.2960, -1.3280

# Square

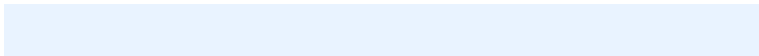
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350



239.6350, -9.3980, -5.8940



241.3780, -9.8120, 1.6120

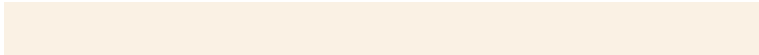


243.7670, 8.2060, 5.4700



# Rectangle

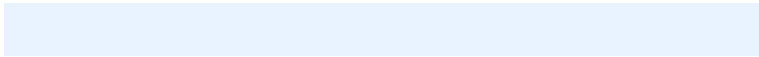
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350



240.8270, -1.1910, -5.9510



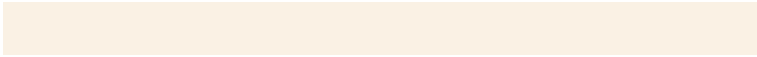
241.3780, -9.8120, 1.6120



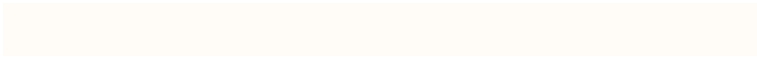
242.8740, 0.5950, 5.7390

# Sweetspot

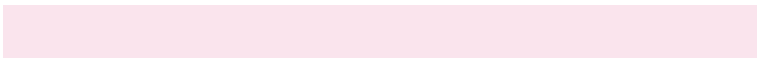
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350



252.3270, 3.3930, -0.9190



235.6040, 10.2230, 7.4630



125.5550, 2.7510, -0.2970



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

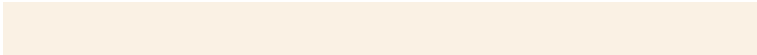


128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

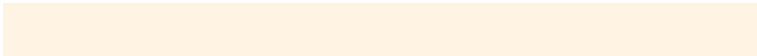


# Same Dimension

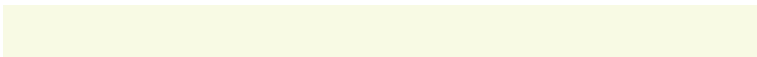
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350



245.3510, 12.0130, -2.9550



246.8940, 5.8700, -7.2660



120.5830, 5.5480, -1.4280



121.6680, 82.1190, -17.9850

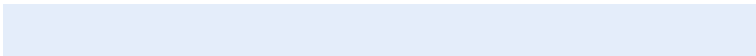


39.3710, 26.4560, -5.8960

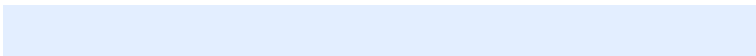


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



235.7910, -9.5370, 2.1350



236.6490, -12.0130, 2.9550



231.1060, -5.8700, 7.2660



117.0040, -5.8230, 0.9050



66.7450, -81.8440, 18.5080

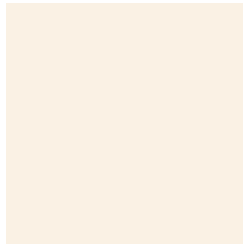


21.6290, -26.4560, 5.8960



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

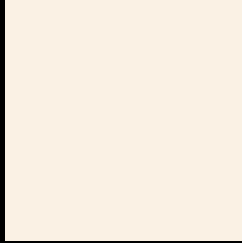
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

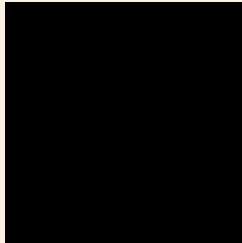
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350.



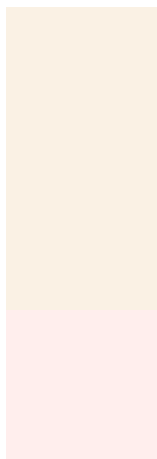
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 242.2090, 9.5370,

-2.1350.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350

### Protanopia

242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350

### Deuteranopia

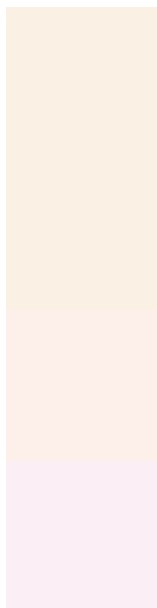
242.9690, 10.4530, 3.2930



## Tritanopia

243.8360, 3.7580, 8.9900

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350

## Protanomaly

242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350

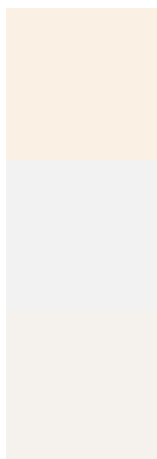
## Deuteranomaly

242.6160, 9.9490, 1.4130

## Tritanomaly

242.9840, 6.0970, 5.1450

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350

## Achromatopsia

242.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

242.3270, 3.3930, -0.9190

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 241, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 241, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 241, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 241, 228) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 241, 228) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 241, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 241, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 241, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 241, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 241,  
228) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 242.2090, 9.5370, -2.1350 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 241, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250,  
241, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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