

# Converting Colors

YIQ(242.8280, 31.4580,  
-30.4780)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(242.8280, 31.4580,  
-30.4780)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEFE9C
RGB	254, 254, 156
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 61%
CMY	0.0040, 0.0039, 0.3880
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.39, 0.00
HSL	60°, 98%, 80%
HSV	60°, 39%, 100%
XYZ	82.3142, 94.3534, 45.3488
YIQ	242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

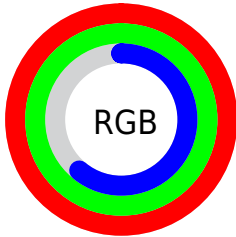
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	156, 254, 156
Decimal	16711324
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	97.77, -13.81, 46.80
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	98, 48.799, 106.442
Yxy	94.3534, 0.3708, 0.4250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294901404 (0xFFFEFE9C)
YUV	242.8280, -42.8062, 9.7978
Hunter-Lab	97.1357, -18.7239, 40.3148

# Details

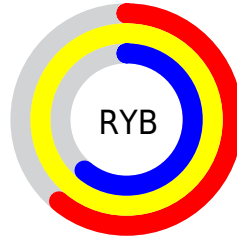
The YIQ color **242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **167.1720, -31.4580, 30.4780**, and the grayscale version is **243.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **250.0980, 13.8030, -13.3730**, and **185.9850, 29.5780, -29.4460** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **239.9780, 39.4830, -38.2530**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **245.6780, 23.4330, -22.7030**.

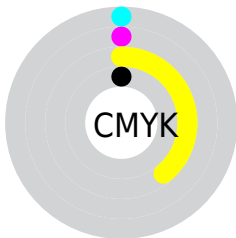
# Distribution



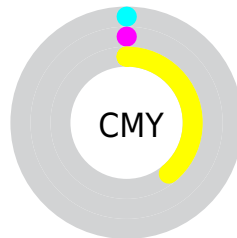
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (39%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 242.8280, 31.4580,  
-30.4780

 242.8280, 31.4580,  
-30.4780


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 214.0560, 30.8160,  
-29.8560


 250.0980, 13.8030,  
-13.3730


 185.9850, 29.5780,  
-29.4460

 253.2900, 4.8150,  
-4.6650

 158.8000, 28.6610,  
-29.3470

 132.3160, 27.1480,  
-29.4600

 105.9030, 26.8730,  
-29.9830

 81.1910, 26.0020,  
-30.7180

 59.6280, 17.7020,

-23.4660

■ 39.2390, 8.8520,  
-17.2600

■ 18.8280, -2.9320,  
-12.9480

■ 242.8280, 31.4580,  
-30.4780

■ 242.8280, 31.4580,  
-30.4780

■ 239.9780, 39.4830,  
-38.2530

■ 245.6780, 23.4330,  
-22.7030

■ 237.0140, 47.8290,  
-46.3390

■ 248.6420, 15.0870,  
-14.6170

■ 234.1640, 55.8540,  
-54.1140

■ 251.4920, 7.0620,  
-6.8420

■ 231.2000, 64.2000,  
-62.2000

■ 254.1140, -0.3210,  
0.3110

■ 228.3500, 72.2250,  
-69.9750

■ 225.5000, 80.2500,  
-77.7500

■ 225.0440, 81.5340,  
-78.9940

# Harmonies

## Analogous

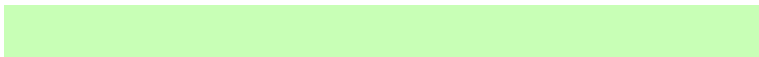
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



233.7350, 36.4540, -21.8980



242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780



230.2330, -9.3470, -34.3630

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780



198.7880, -112.0480, -39.8560



230.9330, 11.2750, 21.4430

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780



167.1720, -31.4580, 30.4780

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



238.5640, 7.7000, 14.6440



242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780



221.5120, -66.7520, -23.7440

# Square

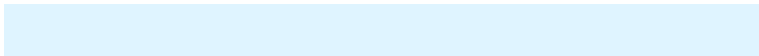
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780



201.4790, -106.6840, -37.9480



238.9750, -16.0470, -1.0310



226.8120, 21.5010, 12.3250

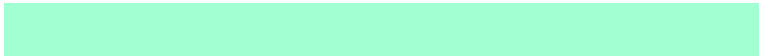


# Rectangle

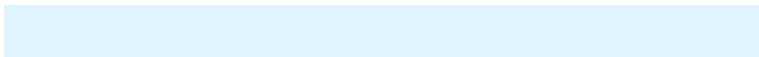
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780



221.6500, -41.2580, -34.2340



238.9750, -16.0470, -1.0310



233.2810, 10.1750, 19.3510

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780



251.4660, 9.9510, -9.6410



185.3020, 58.4080, 20.7760



125.6490, 5.1820, -5.8100



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

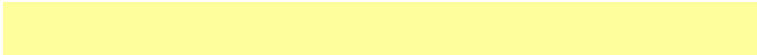


128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

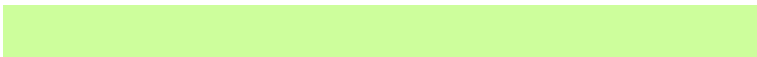
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780



241.6620, 37.5570, -36.3870



228.1770, 2.2540, -40.8660



126.2190, 3.5770, -4.2550



169.2260, 61.3110, -59.4010



56.7040, 20.5440, -19.9040



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



167.1720, -31.4580, 30.4780



151.3380, -37.5570, 36.3870



181.8230, -2.2540, 40.8660



116.4820, -4.1730, 4.0430



21.7740, -61.3110, 59.4010

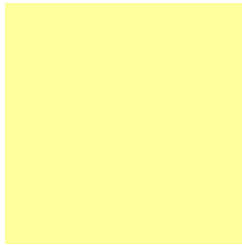


7.2960, -20.5440, 19.9040



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

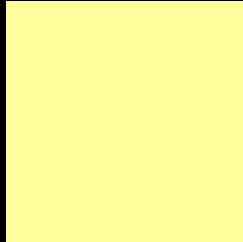
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

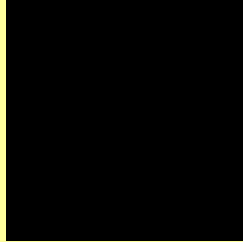
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780.



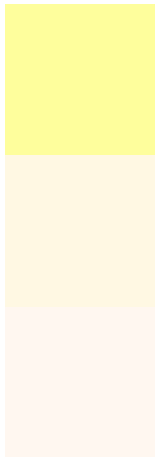
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780.

-30.4780.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780

### Protanopia

247.6990, 10.9130, -5.0470

### Deuteranopia

248.5940, 7.0150, -0.4810



## Tritanopia

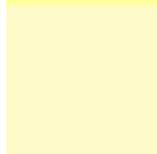
249.4890, 3.1170, 4.0850

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780



## Protanomaly

245.9090, 18.7090, -14.1790



## Deuteranomaly

246.8210, 16.1410, -11.6910



## Tritanomaly

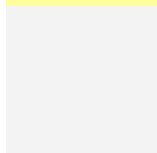
247.2600, 13.5270, -8.3690

# Monochromacy



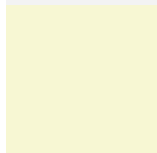
## Original Color

242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780



## Achromatopsia

243.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



## Achromatomaly

242.8960, 11.5560, -11.1960

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 254, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 254, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 254, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 254, 156) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 254, 156) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 254, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 254, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 254, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 254, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 254,  
156) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 242.8280, 31.4580, -30.4780 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 254, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
254, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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