

Converting Colors

YIQ(243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(243.3320, 4.9970,
3.0530)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FAF0F3
RGB	250, 240, 243
RGB Percent	98%, 94%, 95%
CMY	0.0196, 0.0588, 0.0470
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.03, 0.02
HSL	342°, 50%, 96%
HSV	342°, 4%, 98%
XYZ	86.7639, 89.1142, 97.4254
YIQ	243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

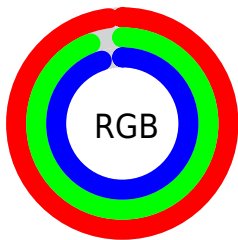
Format	Color
R _Y B	250, 240, 243
Decimal	16445683
CIE Lab	95.63, 3.88, -0.26
CIE LCh	96, 3.885, 356.149
Yxy	89.1142, 0.3175, 0.3261
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294635763 (0xFFFAF0F3)
YUV	243.3320, -0.1637, 4.8478
Hunter-Lab	94.4003, -1.1403, 4.8903

Details

The YIQ color $243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $246.6680, -4.9970, -3.0530$, and the grayscale version is $243.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$, and $187.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $226.7190, 17.3290, 10.8410$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $253.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600$.

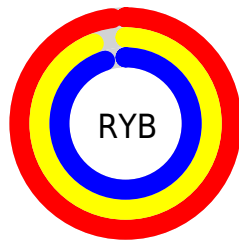
Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (94%)

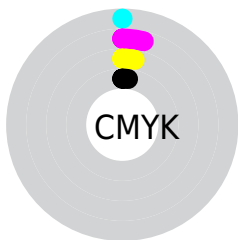
Blue (95%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (94%)

Blue (95%)

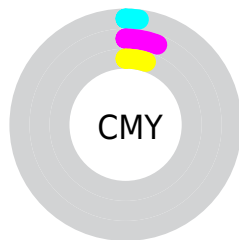


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

243.3320, 4.9970,
3.0530

243.3320, 4.9970,
3.0530

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

215.0330, 4.4010,
2.8410

187.3320, 4.9970,
3.0530

160.0330, 4.4010,
2.8410

134.0330, 4.4010,
2.8410

109.0330, 4.4010,
2.8410

84.6200, 4.1260,
2.3180

61.6200, 4.1260,

2.3180

■ 39.3210, 3.5300,
2.1060

■ 18.7340, 3.8050,
2.6290

■ 243.3320, 4.9970,
3.0530

■ 243.3320, 4.9970,
3.0530

■ 226.7190, 17.3290,
10.8410

■ 253.5050, -2.9800,
-1.0600

■ 209.9920, 29.9820,
18.3180

■ 193.3790, 42.3140,
26.1060

■ 176.6520, 54.9670,
33.5830

■ 160.0390, 67.2990,
41.3710

■ 143.3120, 79.9520,
48.8480

■ 126.6990, 92.2840,
56.6360

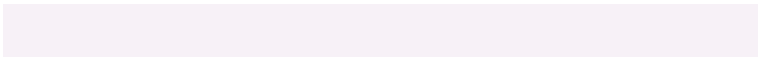
■ 109.9720,
104.9370, 64.1130

■ 93.3590, 117.2690,
71.9010

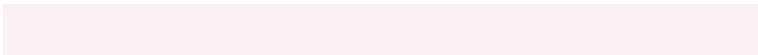
Harmonies

Analogous

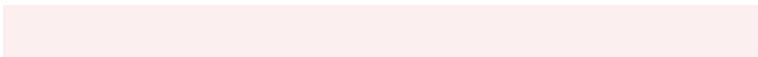
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



243.4780, 1.6500, 3.1380



243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530



243.1750, 6.8770, 2.0210

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530



241.9030, 1.6510, -2.3890



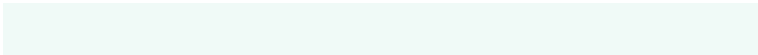
241.7650, -6.6480, -0.6640

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



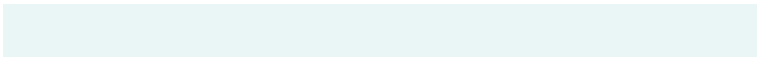
243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530



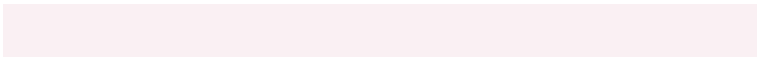
246.6680, -4.9970, -3.0530

Split Complementary

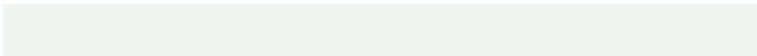
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



241.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210



243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530



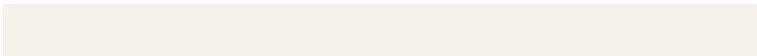
241.5220, -1.6500, -3.1380

Square

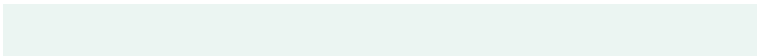
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



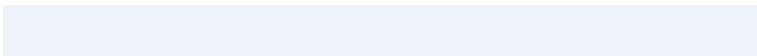
243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530



242.3980, 4.6310, -1.3290



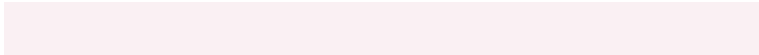
241.6680, -4.9970, -3.0530



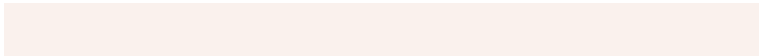
242.3030, -5.2270, 1.1170

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



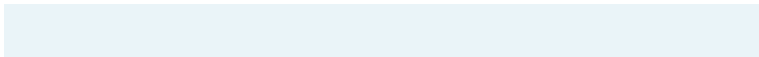
243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530



243.2350, 6.6480, 0.6640



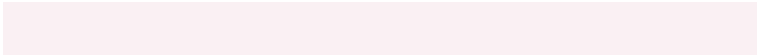
241.6680, -4.9970, -3.0530



241.4660, -7.2440, -0.8760

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530



253.0110, 1.4670, 0.9470



243.2330, 0.9620, 4.5940



126.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



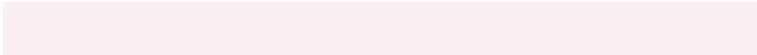
0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

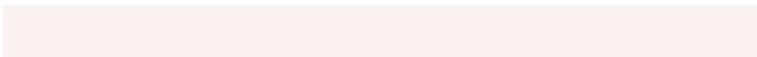
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530



246.3430, 6.4640, 4.0000



244.1640, 5.4100, 1.0740



119.7340, 3.8050, 2.6290



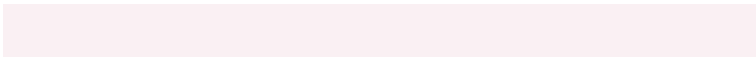
63.0090, 94.3470, 57.7950



20.2910, 30.5780, 18.5300

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530



246.3430, 6.4640, 4.0000



245.8360, -5.4100, -1.0740



119.7340, 3.8050, 2.6290



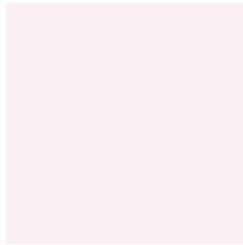
63.0090, 94.3470, 57.7950



20.2910, 30.5780, 18.5300

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

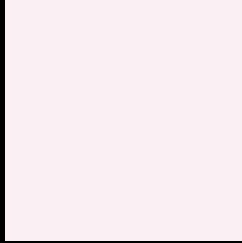
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

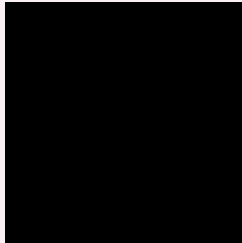
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530.



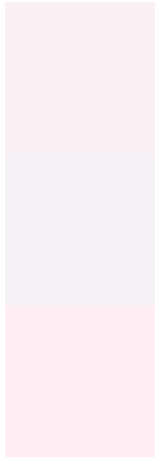
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 243.3320, 4.9970,

3.0530.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530

Protanopia

242.8370, 2.0170, 1.9930

Deuteranopia

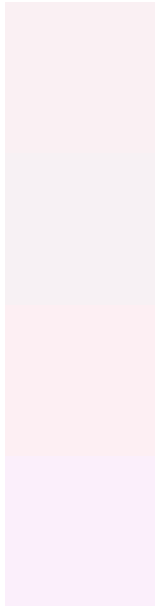
243.6530, 8.5270, 5.1590



Tritanopia

243.8250, 2.2910, 8.0430

Trichromacy



Original Color

243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530

Protanomaly

243.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050

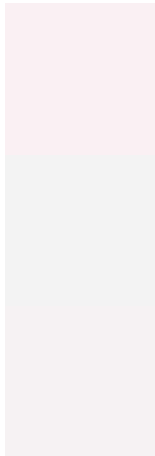
Deuteranomaly

243.6420, 7.0600, 4.2120

Tritanomaly

243.9560, 3.3000, 6.2760

Monochromacy



Original Color

243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530

Achromatopsia

243.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

243.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 240, 243)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 240, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 240, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 240, 243) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 240, 243) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 240, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(250, 240, 243)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 240, 243); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 240, 243);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 240,  
243) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 243.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 240, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250,  
240, 243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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