

# Converting Colors

YIQ(243.5240, 21.2310,  
-15.8330)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(243.5240, 21.2310,  
-15.8330)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEF8C1
RGB	254, 248, 193
RGB Percent	100%, 97%, 76%
CMY	0.0039, 0.0274, 0.2430
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.24, 0.00
HSL	54°, 97%, 88%
HSV	54°, 24%, 100%
XYZ	84.0670, 92.0547, 63.8085
YIQ	243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

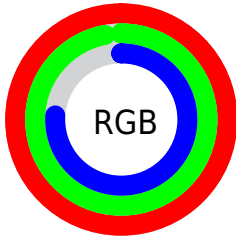
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">200, 254, 193</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16709825</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">96.84, -6.44, 27.19</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">97, 27.941, 103.320</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">92.0547, 0.3504, 0.3837</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294899905 (0xFFFEF8C1)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">243.5240, -24.9083, 9.1875</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">95.9452, -11.5026, 27.7307</a>

# Details

The YIQ color  $243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $FFFFCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $203.4760, -21.2310, 15.8330$ , and the grayscale version is  $244.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $254.4300, 1.6050, -1.5550$ , and  $187.4530, 19.9930, -15.4230$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $239.5000, 29.8060, -22.5620$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $248.1350, 12.3810, -9.6270$ .

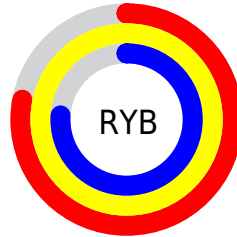
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (97%)

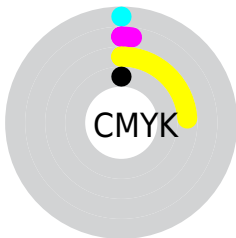
Blue (76%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (76%)

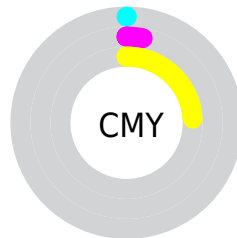


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (24%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



243.5240, 21.2310,  
-15.8330

243.5240, 21.2310,  
-15.8330

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

215.3390, 20.3140,  
-15.7340

254.4300, 1.6050,  
-1.5550

187.4530, 19.9930,  
-15.4230

160.2680, 19.0760,  
-15.3240

133.6100, 18.1130,  
-14.3910

108.4250, 17.1960,  
-14.2920

84.2400, 16.2790,  
-14.1930

60.0550, 15.3620,

-14.0940

■ 38.3970, 14.3990,  
-13.1610

■ 19.1820, 4.9990,  
-8.0010

■ 243.5240, 21.2310,  
-15.8330

■ 243.5240, 21.2310,  
-15.8330

■ 239.5000, 29.8060,  
-22.5620

■ 248.1350, 12.3810,  
-9.6270

■ 234.7750, 38.9770,  
-29.0790

■ 252.2730, 3.4850,  
-2.5870

■ 230.7510, 47.5520,  
-35.8080

■ 254.7010, -0.5960,  
-0.2120

■ 226.0260, 56.7230,  
-42.3250

■ 222.0020, 65.2980,  
-49.0540

■ 217.3910, 74.1480,  
-55.2600

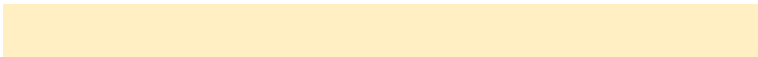
■ 213.2530, 83.0440,  
-62.3000

■ 210.3690, 88.4090,  
-65.9190

# Harmonies

## Analogous

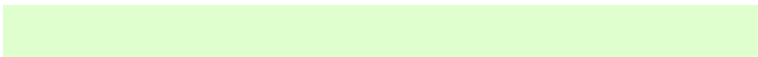
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



238.7680, 23.6600, -10.2920



243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330



239.8460, -3.3430, -22.0230

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330



230.4820, -48.8720, -17.3840



239.1510, 7.4250, 14.1210

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330



203.4760, -21.2310, 15.8330

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



243.2600, 5.5000, 10.4600



243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330



235.8860, -35.2100, -11.6740

# Square

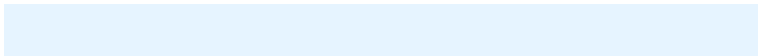
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330



230.4820, -48.8720, -17.3840



241.0680, -11.8750, 0.4530



236.2840, 14.1200, 8.4240

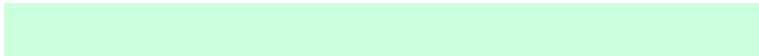


# Rectangle

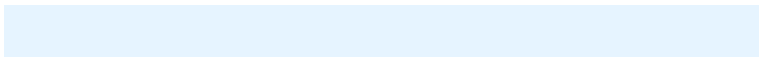
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330



235.5760, -20.0780, -21.5980



241.0680, -11.8750, 0.4530



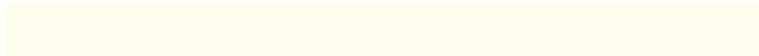
240.3250, 6.8750, 13.0750

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330



251.7740, 6.3280, -4.5520



211.9230, 34.4300, 14.7980



125.5720, 4.0810, -2.3750



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

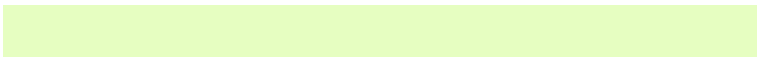
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330



242.4550, 25.6790, -19.3530



239.8700, 5.2770, -24.0590



125.3440, 4.7230, -2.9970



158.0730, 66.5360, -49.4640



52.5950, 22.4690, -16.2430



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



203.4760, -21.2310, 15.8330



193.5450, -25.6790, 19.3530



207.1300, -5.2770, 24.0590



117.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200



32.9270, -66.5360, 49.4640

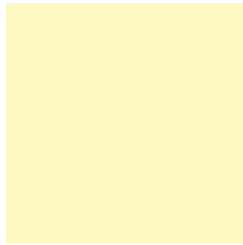


10.8180, -22.1940, 16.7660



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

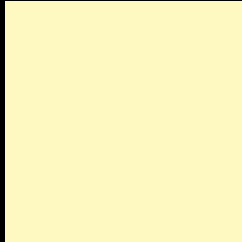
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330.



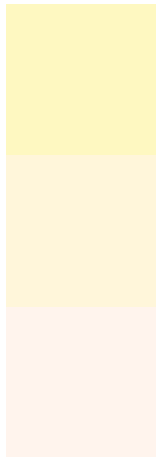
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 243.5240, 21.2310,

-15.8330.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330

### Protanopia

245.4990, 14.3520, -6.8000

### Deuteranopia

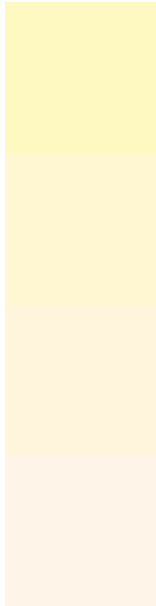
246.4910, 8.8030, 0.1550



## Tritanopia

247.1410, 4.2170, 6.1770

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330

## Protanomaly

245.0600, 16.9660, -10.1220

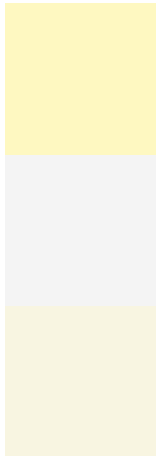
## Deuteranomaly

245.2540, 13.6640, -5.3440

## Tritanomaly

245.8070, 10.7290, -1.7110

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330

## Achromatopsia

244.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

243.6170, 8.2080, -5.5840

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 248, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 248, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 248, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 248, 193) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 248, 193) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 248, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 248, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 248, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 248, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 248,  
193) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 243.5240, 21.2310, -15.8330 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 248, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
248, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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