

# Converting Colors

YIQ(248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(248.5920, -7.8390,  
-6.6150)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDFFF6
RGB	237, 255, 246
RGB Percent	93%, 100%, 96%
CMY	0.0706, 0.0000, 0.0353
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	150°, 100%, 96%
HSV	150°, 7%, 100%
XYZ	87.3145, 96.1758, 101.1457
YIQ	248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

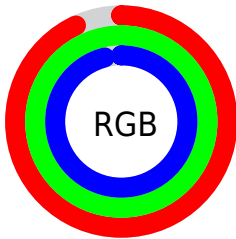
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	237, 249, 255
Decimal	15597558
CIE Lab	98.50, -7.49, 2.27
CIE LCh	99, 7.825, 163.123
Yxy	96.1758, 0.3068, 0.3379
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293787638 (0xFFEDFFF6)
YUV	248.5920, -1.2779, -10.1662
Hunter-Lab	98.0693, -12.6964, 7.4986

# Details

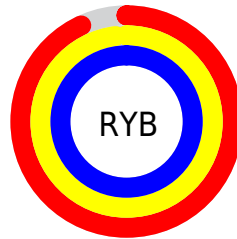
The YIQ color 248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 243.4080, 7.8390, 6.6150, and the grayscale version is 249.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000, and 192.0050, -7.5640, -6.0920 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 239.3360, -19.1620, -16.1700, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 255.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000.

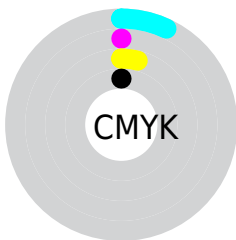
# Distribution



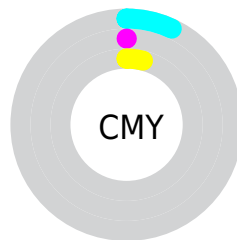
- Red (93%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 248.5920, -7.8390,  
-6.6150

 248.5920, -7.8390,  
-6.6150


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 220.0050, -7.5640,  
-6.0920


 192.0050, -7.5640,  
-6.0920

 165.0050, -7.5640,  
-6.0920

 138.3040, -6.9680,  
-5.8800

 113.3040, -6.9680,  
-5.8800

 88.7170, -6.6930,  
-5.3570

 65.1300, -6.4180,

-4.8340

■ 43.1300, -6.4180,  
-4.8340

■ 22.4290, -5.8220,  
-4.6220

■ 248.5920, -7.8390,  
-6.6150

■ 248.5920, -7.8390,  
-6.6150

■ 239.3360,  
-19.1620, -16.1700

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 230.3790,  
-29.8890, -25.5130

■ 221.2370,  
-41.5330, -34.7570

■ 212.2800,  
-52.2600, -44.1000

■ 203.0240,  
-63.5830, -53.6550

■ 194.1810,  
-74.6310, -62.6870

■ 184.9250,  
-85.9540, -72.2420

■ 175.9680,  
-96.6810, -81.5850

■ 166.7120,  
-108.0040, -91.1400

# Harmonies

## Analogous

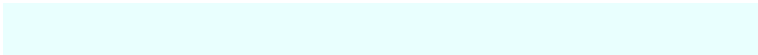
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



249.0120, -0.2740, -6.0500



248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150



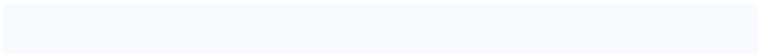
248.3080, -12.7910, -4.9750

# Triad

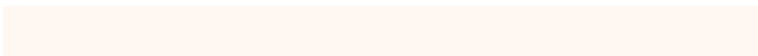
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150



249.6730, -3.3930, 0.9190



248.7080, 6.6940, -0.1700

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150



243.4080, 7.8390, 6.6150

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



248.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190



248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150



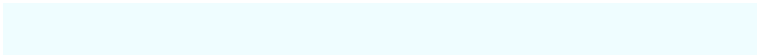
250.8910, 1.9250, 3.6610

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150



249.0420, -8.9860, -2.3460



249.7170, 2.4750, 4.7070



249.3120, 7.7490, -2.7710



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150



248.1230, -13.7080, -4.8760



249.7170, 2.4750, 4.7070



248.3490, 6.3270, 0.9750

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150



253.1630, -2.0170, -1.9930



250.2570, 0.4140, -7.5060



126.8750, -1.1460, -1.2580



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150



247.8800, -8.7100, -7.3500



249.6180, -10.7280, -3.8160



123.3150, -5.5010, -4.9330



123.0610, -83.3410, -70.0370



41.2160, -27.8720, -23.5200



# Inverse Universe

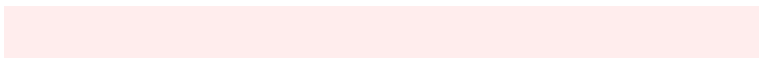
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



243.4080, 7.8390, 6.6150



242.1200, 8.7100, 7.3500



242.3820, 10.7280, 3.8160



119.5710, 5.8220, 4.6220



68.0530, 83.0200, 70.3480

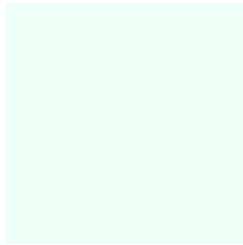


22.7840, 27.8720, 23.5200



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

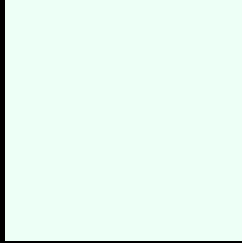
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

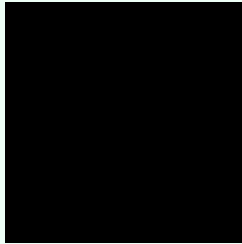
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

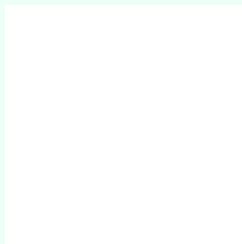
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150.



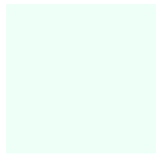
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150.

-6.650.

# Color Blindness Simulation

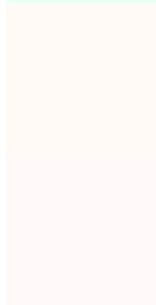
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150



### Protanopia

250.9250, 4.5850, -0.4950

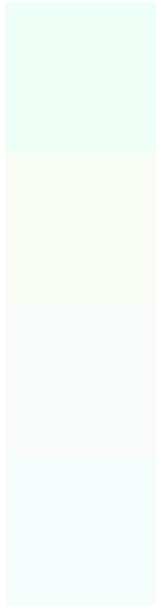
### Deuteranopia

250.9080, 3.2550, 1.5830

## **Tritanopia**

250.8580, -2.4760, 0.8200

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150

## Protanomaly

250.0060, -0.1370, -3.0250

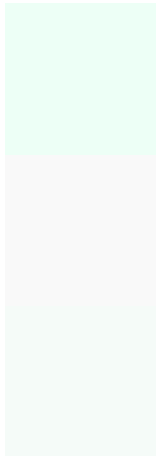
## Deuteranomaly

249.8750, -1.1460, -1.2580

## Tritanomaly

249.9070, -4.1720, -1.4840

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150

## Achromatopsia

249.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

248.8640, -2.6130, -2.2050

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 255, 246)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 255, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 255, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 255, 246) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 255, 246) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 255, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 255, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 255, 246); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 255, 246);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 255,  
246) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 255, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
255, 246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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