

Converting Colors

YIQ(25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(25.1680, -9.5810,
-8.0850)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0B2116
RGB	11, 33, 22
RGB Percent	4%, 13%, 9%
CMY	0.9569, 0.8705, 0.9138
CMYK	0.67, 0.00, 0.33, 0.87
HSL	150°, 50%, 9%
HSV	150°, 67%, 13%
XYZ	0.8267, 1.2172, 0.9500
YIQ	25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

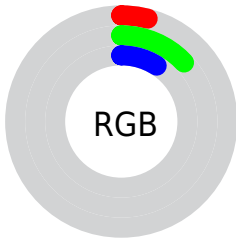
Format	Color
RYB	11, 26, 33
Decimal	729366
CIELab	10.68, -12.19, 4.83
CIELCh	11, 13.108, 158.375
Yxy	1.2172, 0.2761, 0.4066
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278919446 (0xFF0B2116)
YUV	25.1680, -1.5618, -12.4253
Hunter-Lab	11.0325, -5.9319, 2.6171

Details

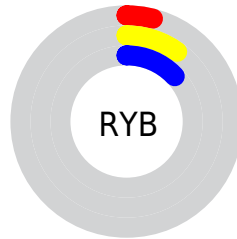
The YIQ color **25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **18.8320, 9.5810, 8.0850**, and the grayscale version is **25.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.6410, -9.5350, -8.9190**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.0430, -10.7270, -9.3430**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **26.2930, -8.4350, -6.8270**.

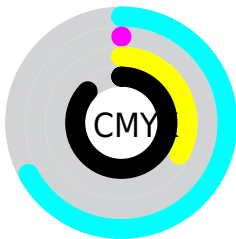
Distribution



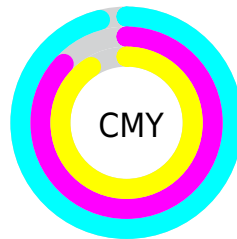
- Red (4%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (9%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (87%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (91%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 25.1680, -9.5810,
-8.0850

■ 25.1680, -9.5810,
-8.0850

■ 248.1080, -9.3520,
-6.7280

■ 2.9350, -1.3750,
-2.6150

■ 68.6410, -9.5350,
-8.9190

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 92.3420, -10.1310,
-9.1310

■ 116.9290,
-10.4060, -9.6540

■ 142.8150,
-10.0850, -9.9650

■ 169.5160,
-10.6810, -10.1770

■ 197.1030,

-10.9560, -10.7000

■ 224.8040,
-11.5520, -10.9120

■ 25.1680, -9.5810,
-8.0850

■ 25.1680, -9.5810,
-8.0850

■ 24.0430, -10.7270,
-9.3430

■ 26.2930, -8.4350,
-6.8270

■ 22.7330, -12.7900,
-10.5020

■ 27.6030, -6.3720,
-5.6680

■ 21.6080, -13.9360,
-11.7600

■ 28.7280, -5.2260,
-4.4100

■ 21.1950, -14.2110,
-12.2830

■ 29.8530, -4.0800,
-3.1520

■ 30.8640, -2.6130,
-2.2050

■ 32.2880, -0.8710,
-0.7350

■ 33.4130, 0.2750,
0.5230

■ 34.4240, 1.7420,
1.4700

■ 35.8480, 3.4840,
2.9400

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.1430, 0.7350, -7.8170



25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850



23.4920, -19.3010, -8.1410

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850



28.2470, -10.8210, 3.3790



29.0080, 14.7170, 3.1090

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850



18.8320, 9.5810, 8.0850

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430



25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850



30.0310, -1.2850, 6.7710

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850



24.8110, -21.4570, -2.1050



30.1630, 7.1510, 8.0710



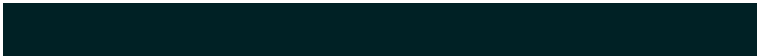
28.2480, 13.8010, -2.3190

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850



23.5890, -20.9520, -5.7520



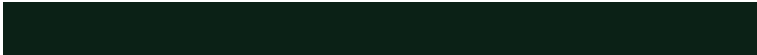
30.1630, 7.1510, 8.0710



29.0620, 14.6250, 4.7770

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850



40.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400



27.2030, 0.5060, -9.1740



20.8640, -2.6130, -2.2050



150.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



23.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850



30.8960, -14.8070, -12.4950



26.4220, -13.1120, -4.6640



14.7010, -0.5960, -0.2120



50.9330, -34.5650, -28.8770



133.2510, -89.9880, -76.2280

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.8320, 9.5810, 8.0850



21.1040, 14.8070, 12.4950



17.5780, 13.1120, 4.6640



14.4130, 0.2750, 0.5230



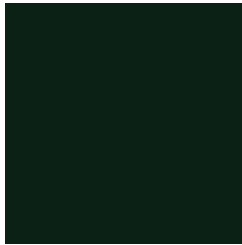
28.1810, 34.2440, 29.1880



73.6350, 90.3090, 75.9170

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

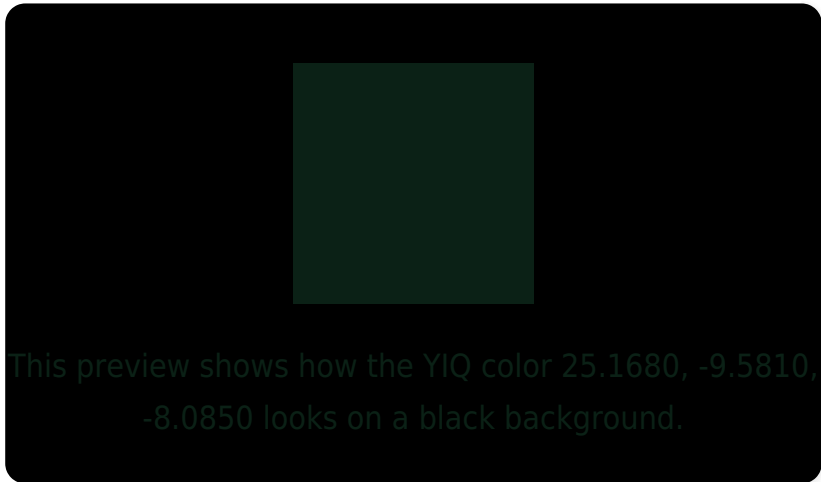
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

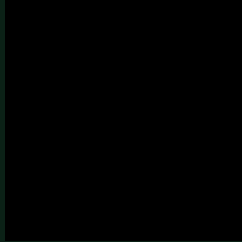
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850.

-8.0850.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850

Protanopia

28.5720, 4.0810, -2.3750

Deuteranopia

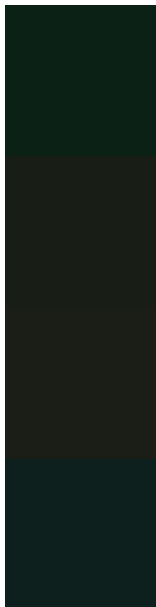
29.2240, 5.1810, -0.2830



Tritanopia

27.1450, -10.7740, -2.9820

Trichromacy



Original Color

25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850

Protanomaly

27.1800, -0.6870, -4.0710

Deuteranomaly

28.0060, -0.1370, -3.0250

Tritanomaly

26.3900, -10.0860, -4.4380

Monochromacy



Original Color

25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850

Achromatopsia

25.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

25.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(11, 33, 22)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(11, 33, 22)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(11, 33, 22) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(11, 33, 22) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(11, 33, 22) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(11, 33, 22) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(11, 33, 22)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(11, 33, 22); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(11, 33, 22);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(11, 33, 22)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 25.1680, -9.5810, -8.0850 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(11, 33, 22) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(11, 33,  
22) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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