

# Converting Colors

YIQ(25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(25.8480, 12.6520,  
13.0040)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E0E22
RGB	46, 14, 34
RGB Percent	18%, 5%, 13%
CMY	0.8195, 0.9451, 0.8666
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.26, 0.82
HSL	323°, 53%, 12%
HSV	323°, 70%, 18%
XYZ	1.5735, 1.0106, 1.6262
YIQ	25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

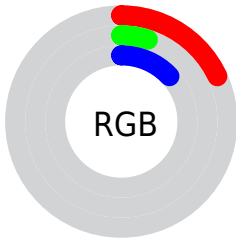
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	46, 14, 34
Decimal	3018274
CIE Lab	9.08, 19.33, -6.01
CIE LCh	9, 20.242, 342.722
Yxy	1.0106, 0.3737, 0.2400
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281208354 (0xFF2E0E22)
YUV	25.8480, 4.0189, 17.6733
Hunter-Lab	10.0530, 10.3453, -2.5537

# Details

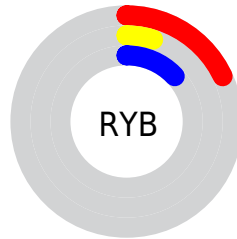
The YIQ color **25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **34.1520, -12.6520, -13.0040**, and the grayscale version is **26.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.1580, 14.7150, 14.1630**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **22.6850, 14.6690, 14.9970**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.0110, 10.6350, 11.0110**.

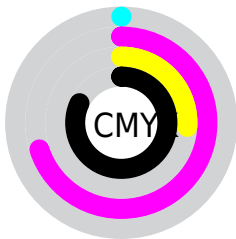
# Distribution



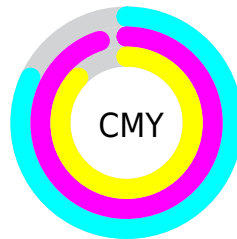
- Red (18%)
- Green (5%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (82%)




- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (95%)
- Yellow (87%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the YIQ color 25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 25.8480, 12.6520,  
13.0040


 25.8480, 12.6520,  
13.0040


 246.1950, 4.1250,  
7.8450


 9.0280, 11.9650,  
8.9330


 70.1580, 14.7150,  
14.1630

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 94.4570, 15.3110,  
14.3750


 119.1690, 16.1820,  
15.1100


 145.4680, 16.7780,  
15.3220


 172.1800, 17.6490,  
16.0570


 199.4790, 18.2450,


16.2690


 227.5930, 17.9240,  
16.5800


 25.8480, 12.6520,  
13.0040


 25.8480, 12.6520,  
13.0040

 22.6850, 14.6690,  
14.9970


 29.0110, 10.6350,  
11.0110


 20.2230, 16.0900,  
16.7780

 31.4730, 9.2140,  
9.2300

 17.0600, 18.1070,  
18.7710

 34.6360, 7.1970,  
7.2370

 37.2120, 5.4550,  
5.7670

 40.3750, 3.4380,  
3.7740

■ 43.4240, 1.7420,  
1.4700

■ 46.0000, 0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 49.1630, -2.0170,  
-1.9930

■ 51.7390, -3.7590,  
-3.4630

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.5630, 0.2730, 11.5770



25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040



24.8610, 19.8050, 10.0210

# Triad

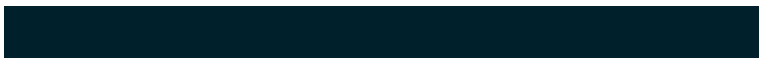
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040



24.2210, 9.2630, -8.1850



23.8000, -22.9240, -3.0520

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040



34.1520, -12.6520, -13.0040

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.9050, -19.0260, -7.6180



25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040



21.7960, 0.0940, -12.7220

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040



24.8740, 17.7900, -3.0260



20.6080, -13.9360, -11.7600



22.8370, -24.3460, 0.6940



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



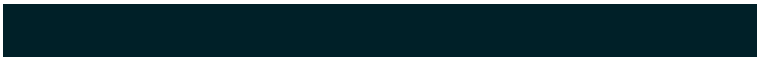
25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040



24.2540, 22.8320, 4.7200



20.6080, -13.9360, -11.7600



23.3440, -21.6400, -4.2960

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040



50.7990, 5.1800, 5.2440



21.2360, -3.1200, 12.4960



25.9620, 3.1630, 3.2510



158.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



31.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040



27.4840, 19.8490, 20.2410



24.0240, 17.7880, 8.0280



21.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



32.1690, 34.5180, 35.2380



79.2620, 84.5300, 87.0420



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040



27.4840, 19.8490, 20.2410



35.9760, -17.7880, -8.0280



21.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



32.1690, 34.5180, 35.2380

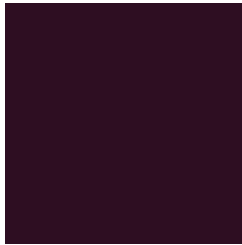


79.2620, 84.5300, 87.0420



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

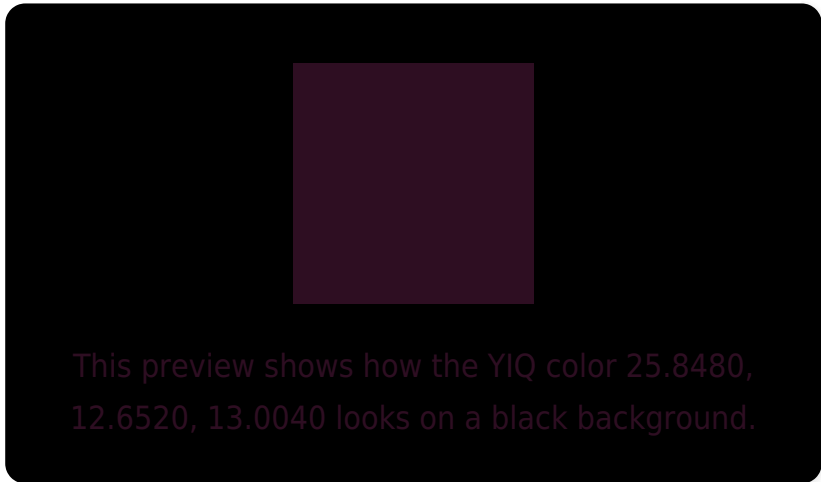
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

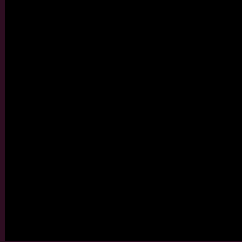
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 25.8480, 12.6520,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040

### Protanopia

27.0300, -8.7120, 3.7040

### Deuteranopia

26.9830, -1.3300, 2.0780



## Tritanopia

26.1870, 15.7710, 6.0350

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040

## Protanomaly

26.4440, -1.0100, 7.2940

## Deuteranomaly

26.8420, 3.6210, 5.9650

## Tritanomaly

26.1700, 14.4410, 8.1130

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040

## Achromatopsia

26.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

26.0870, 4.3090, 4.5090

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 14, 34)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 14, 34)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 14, 34) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 14, 34) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 14, 34) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 14, 34) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 14, 34)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 14, 34); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 14, 34);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 14, 34)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 25.8480, 12.6520, 13.0040 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 14, 34) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 14,  
34) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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