

Converting Colors

YIQ(26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(26.3640, -15.2240,
11.5920)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	13173F
RGB	19, 23, 63
RGB Percent	7%, 9%, 25%
CMY	0.9255, 0.9098, 0.7530
CMYK	0.70, 0.63, 0.00, 0.75
HSL	235°, 54%, 16%
HSV	235°, 70%, 25%
XYZ	1.4716, 1.1100, 4.8359
YIQ	26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

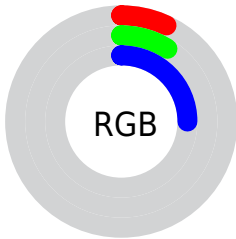
Format	Color
RYB	19, 23, 63
Decimal	1251135
CIELab	9.88, 13.09, -26.21
CIELCh	10, 29.299, 296.529
Yxy	1.1100, 0.1984, 0.1496
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279441215 (0xFF13173F)
YUV	26.3640, 18.0615, -6.4582
Hunter-Lab	10.5355, 6.4960, -19.8398

Details

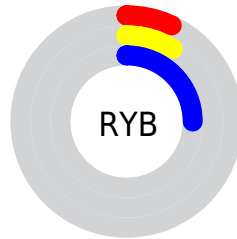
The YIQ color **26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**. A complement of this color would be **55.6360, 15.2240, -11.5920**, and the grayscale version is **26.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.8420, -13.5740, 14.7300**, and **2.7530, -6.3740, 5.3860** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.0480, -17.1500, 13.4580**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.6800, -13.2980, 9.7260**.

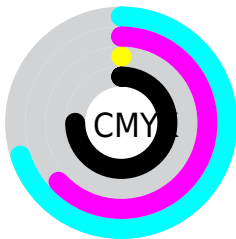
Distribution



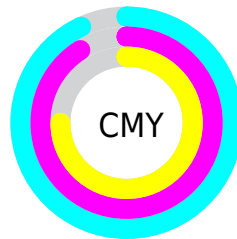
- Red (7%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (75%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.3640, -15.2240,
11.5920

■ 26.3640, -15.2240,
11.5920

■ 250.8910, 1.9250,
3.6610

■ 4.6740, -13.1610,
12.7510

■ 70.8420, -13.5740,
14.7300

■ 2.7530, -6.3740,
5.3860

■ 95.3690, -13.6200,
15.5640

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 119.8960,
-13.6660, 16.3980

■ 146.0100,
-13.9870, 16.7090

■ 172.5370,
-14.0330, 17.5430

■ 200.0640,

-14.0790, 18.3770

■ 225.7840, -7.6590,
12.1570

■ 26.3640, -15.2240,
11.5920

■ 26.3640, -15.2240,
11.5920

■ 21.0480, -17.1500,
13.4580

■ 31.6800, -13.2980,
9.7260

■ 16.0200, -19.9470,
14.5890

■ 36.7080, -10.5010,
8.5950

■ 10.7040, -21.8730,
16.4550

■ 42.0240, -8.5750,
6.7290

■ 47.3400, -6.6490,
4.8630

■ 52.6560, -4.7230,
2.9970

■ 57.6840, -1.9260,
1.8660

■ 63.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 68.3160, 1.9260,
-1.8660

■ 73.9310, 4.4480,
-3.5200

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25.8350, -30.0320, 4.6240



26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920



26.9820, 9.5790, 19.1390

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920



25.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330



24.4550, -17.8790, -11.8870

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920



55.6360, 15.2240, -11.5920

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.5450, -9.6250, -18.3050



26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920



26.3250, 14.9020, -5.7540

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



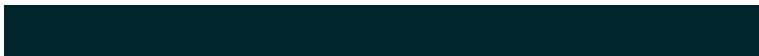
26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920



22.4450, 32.7800, 11.6600



23.5790, 2.2030, -12.3970



26.1480, -24.0240, -5.1440

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920



23.6090, 20.9950, 21.4990



23.5790, 2.2030, -12.3970



23.0700, -15.3570, -13.5410

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920



67.2260, -6.3280, 4.5520



49.3880, -24.9400, -10.5720



32.7270, -3.4850, 2.5870



168.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



41.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920



24.3880, -23.7990, 18.3210



29.3980, -3.3960, 17.5000



28.3420, -0.9630, 0.9330



15.9990, -32.6490, 24.5270



37.0480, -76.7620, 58.5820

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.6120, 24.9400, 10.5720



34.3150, 39.1980, 16.4940



52.6020, 3.3960, -17.5000



28.8970, 1.7880, 0.6360



29.1320, 53.1350, 22.7270



68.6580, 125.8920, 53.2840

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

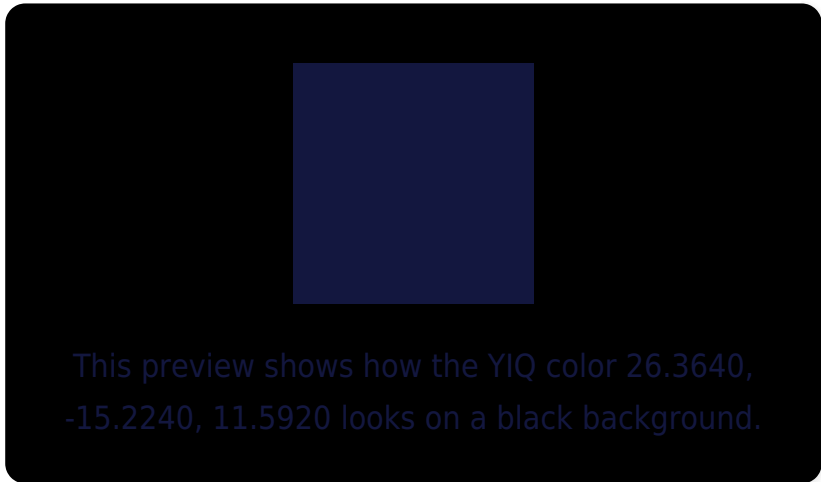
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

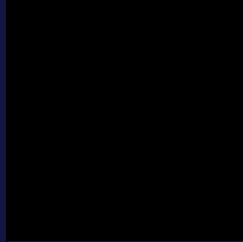
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 26.3640, -15.2240,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920

Protanopia

22.3470, -25.7220, 3.6060

Deuteranopia

22.6090, -23.7040, 0.0720



Tritanopia

21.9590, -19.1180, -5.9500

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920

Protanomaly

24.0810, -21.9170, 6.2350

Deuteranomaly

24.0980, -20.5870, 4.1570

Tritanomaly

23.5450, -17.6520, 0.5240

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920

Achromatopsia

26.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

25.9980, -5.6860, 3.9300

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(19, 23, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(19, 23, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(19, 23, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(19, 23, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(19, 23, 63) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(19, 23, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(19, 23, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(19, 23, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 23, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 23, 63)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 26.3640, -15.2240, 11.5920 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(19, 23, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(19, 23,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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