

Converting Colors

YIQ(26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970)
contains.

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Color

YIQ(26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	211817
RGB	33, 24, 23
RGB Percent	13%, 9%, 9%
CMY	0.8706, 0.9059, 0.9098
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.30, 0.87
HSL	6°, 18%, 11%
HSV	6°, 30%, 13%
XYZ	1.1086, 1.0384, 0.9529
YIQ	26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_YB	33, 24, 23
Decimal	2168855
CIE Lab	9.31, 4.31, 2.42
CIE LCh	9, 4.941, 29.289
Yxy	1.0384, 0.3576, 0.3350
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280358935 (0xFF211817)
YUV	26.5770, -1.7635, 5.6330
Hunter-Lab	10.1903, 1.5867, 1.5888

Details

The YIQ color **26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **29.4230, -5.6850, -1.5970**, and the grayscale version is **27.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.7620, 6.6020, 1.4980**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.4740, 7.4730, 2.2330**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.6800, 3.8970, 0.9610**.

Distribution



Red (13%)

Green (9%)

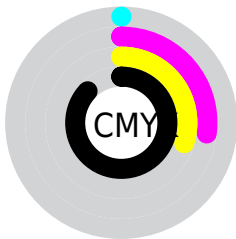
Blue (9%)



Red (13%)

Yellow (9%)

Blue (9%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (87%)



Cyan (87%)

Magenta (91%)

Yellow (91%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.5770, 5.6850,
1.5970

■ 26.5770, 5.6850,
1.5970

■ 251.2670, 3.6220,
0.4380

■ 0.8970, 1.7880,
0.6360

■ 69.7620, 6.6020,
1.4980

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 93.1750, 6.8770,
2.0210

■ 118.0610, 7.1980,
1.7100

■ 143.4740, 7.4730,
2.2330

■ 169.7730, 8.0690,
2.4450

■ 197.6590, 8.3900,

2.1340

■ 225.6590, 8.3900,
2.1340

■ 26.5770, 5.6850,
1.5970

■ 26.5770, 5.6850,
1.5970

■ 24.4740, 7.4730,
2.2330

■ 28.6800, 3.8970,
0.9610

■ 22.2570, 9.5820,
2.5580

■ 30.8970, 1.7880,
0.6360

■ 20.1540, 11.3700,
3.1940

■ 33.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 18.0510, 13.1580,
3.8300

■ 35.1030, -1.7880,
-0.6360

■ 15.9480, 14.9460,
4.4660

■ 37.3200, -3.8970,
-0.9610

■ 13.7310, 17.0550,
4.7910

■ 39.4230, -5.6850,
-1.5970

■ 11.6280, 18.8430,
5.4270

■ 41.5260, -7.4730,
-2.2330

■ 43.6290, -9.2610,
-2.8690

■ 45.8460, -11.3700,
-3.1940

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26.9190, 4.7220, 2.5300



26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970



26.5230, 5.7770, -0.0710

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970



25.3370, -2.5670, -3.0390



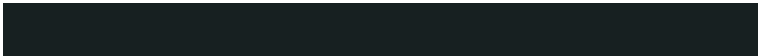
25.6020, -4.6310, 1.3290

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970



29.4230, -5.6850, -1.5970

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



25.1780, -6.3730, -0.1410



26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970



24.7820, -5.3180, -2.7420

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970



25.6040, 1.0550, -2.6010



24.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210



26.3960, -1.0550, 2.6010

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970



25.8110, 4.9060, -0.8060



24.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210



25.7760, -5.1810, 0.2830

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970



40.7830, 2.1090, 0.3250



27.0160, 3.0710, 4.9190



21.4840, 1.5130, 0.1130



150.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



23.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970



33.0720, 8.6650, 2.6570



29.5120, 4.3100, -1.0180



14.2990, 0.5960, 0.2120



28.3170, 44.8840, 12.5640



73.6330, 117.8720, 33.4240

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.4230, -5.6850, -1.5970



37.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570



26.4880, -4.3100, 1.0180



14.7010, -0.5960, -0.2120



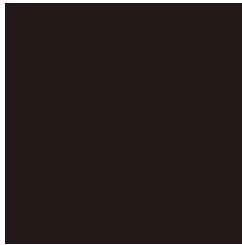
50.6830, -44.8840, -12.5640



132.7800, -117.5970, -32.9010

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

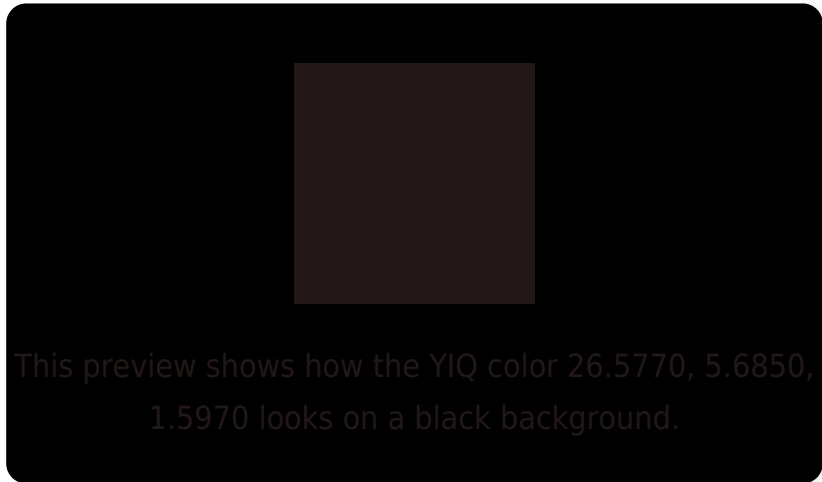
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

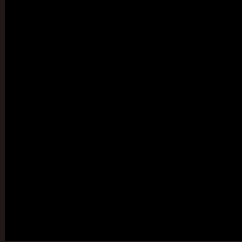
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

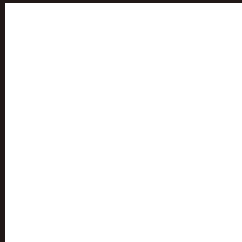
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970.

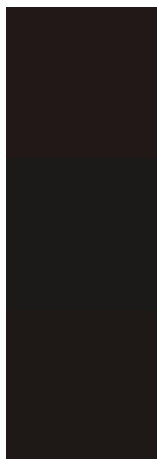


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970

Protanopia

26.0710, 1.2380, -0.4100

Deuteranopia

26.2670, 3.6220, 0.4380



Tritanopia

26.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970

Protanomaly

26.0820, 2.7050, 0.5370

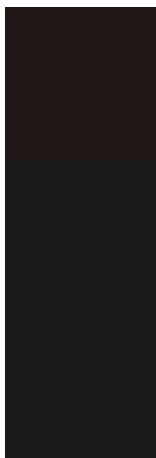
Deuteranomaly

26.5660, 4.2180, 0.6500

Tritanomaly

26.6910, 5.3640, 1.9080

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970

Achromatopsia

27.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

26.8970, 1.7880, 0.6360

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(33, 24, 23)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(33, 24, 23)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(33, 24, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(33, 24, 23) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(33, 24, 23) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(33, 24, 23) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(33, 24, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(33, 24, 23); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 24, 23);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 24, 23)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 26.5770, 5.6850, 1.5970 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(33, 24, 23) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(33, 24,  
23) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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