

Converting Colors

YIQ(26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(26.7650, 38.0510,
20.7630)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C0314
RGB	76, 3, 20
RGB Percent	30%, 1%, 8%
CMY	0.7018, 0.9883, 0.9214
CMYK	0.00, 0.96, 0.74, 0.70
HSL	346°, 92%, 15%
HSV	346°, 96%, 30%
XYZ	3.1430, 1.6535, 0.8170
YIQ	26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

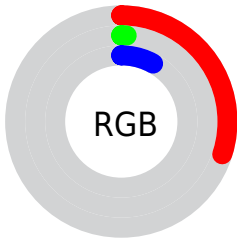
Format	Color
RYB	76, 3, 20
Decimal	4981524
CIELab	13.55, 33.11, 11.68
CIElCh	14, 35.106, 19.435
Yxy	1.6535, 0.5599, 0.2946
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283171604 (0xFF4C0314)
YUV	26.7650, -3.3351, 43.1791
Hunter-Lab	12.8589, 21.1267, 5.2344

Details

The YIQ color **26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **52.2350, -38.0510, -20.7630**, and the grayscale version is **27.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.2230, 42.4530, 18.0770**, and **3.8870, 7.7480, 2.7560** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **24.7760, 39.5180, 21.7100**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.1450, 33.9250, 18.4450**.

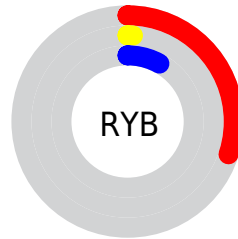
Distribution



Red (30%)

Green (1%)

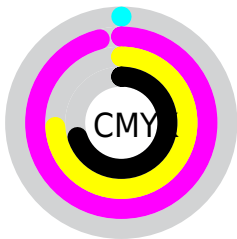
Blue (8%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (1%)

Blue (8%)

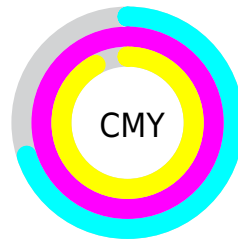


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (96%)

Yellow (74%)

Black (70%)



Cyan (70%)

Magenta (99%)

Yellow (92%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.7650, 38.0510,
20.7630

■ 26.7650, 38.0510,
20.7630

■ 245.5280, 7.3810,
3.9010

■ 15.5480, 30.9920,
11.0240

■ 78.2230, 42.4530,
18.0770

■ 3.8870, 7.7480,
2.7560

■ 103.3050, 45.1580,
18.6140

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 129.0880, 47.2670,
18.9390


■ 155.9850, 49.0550,
19.5750


■ 183.7680, 51.1640,
19.9000


■ 205.6850, 41.0320,


16.2960


 225.3130, 24.3440,
10.3600


 26.7650, 38.0510,
20.7630


 26.7650, 38.0510,
20.7630


 24.7760, 39.5180,
21.7100

 32.1450, 33.9250,
18.4450

 36.9380, 30.0740,
16.6500

 42.3180, 25.9480,
14.3320

 46.9970, 22.4180,
12.2260

 52.3770, 18.2920,
9.9080

■ 57.7570, 14.1660,
7.5900

■ 62.5500, 10.3150,
5.7950

■ 67.9300, 6.1890,
3.4770

■ 72.6090, 2.6590,
1.3710

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.6040, 28.5590, 27.5910



26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630



30.8980, 35.5780, 5.0020

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630



24.6540, -11.5500, -21.9660



32.9420, -37.6430, 4.8930

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630



52.2350, -38.0510, -20.7630

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.0360, -35.2120, -0.6200



26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630



29.2650, -20.4000, -15.7600

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630



31.2760, 7.4300, -13.5140



32.1150, -28.4250, -7.9850



28.6160, -33.6090, 8.8790

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630



33.1910, 27.1430, -1.8250



32.1150, -28.4250, -7.9850



33.8880, -37.5510, 3.2250

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630



80.0560, 14.7620, 7.8020



27.7670, 9.3470, 34.3630



38.8380, 9.4440, 5.0600



179.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



51.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630



32.2230, 51.6210, 28.1410



35.3930, 38.5580, 6.0620



35.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



33.2340, 53.0880, 29.0880



74.9260, 119.7460, 65.5540

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630



32.2230, 51.6210, 28.1410



43.6070, -38.5580, -6.0620



35.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



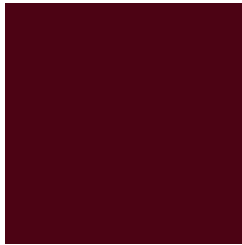
33.2340, 53.0880, 29.0880



74.9260, 119.7460, 65.5540

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

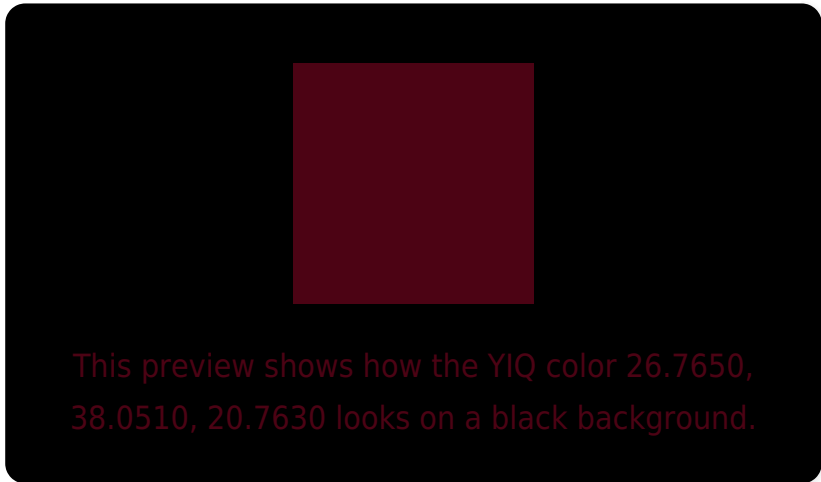
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

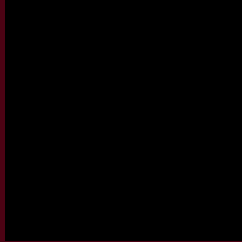
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 26.7650, 38.0510,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630

Protanopia

38.5720, 4.0810, -2.3750

Deuteranopia

37.8950, 13.2970, -4.1990



Tritanopia

28.6910, 40.8950, 13.2710

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630

Protanomaly

34.3720, 16.6880, 5.9360

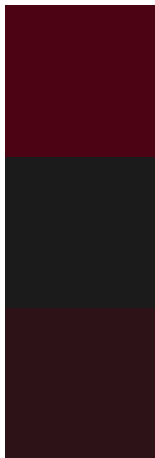
Deuteranomaly

33.9550, 22.2360, 4.5080

Tritanomaly

28.0870, 39.8400, 15.8720

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630

Achromatopsia

27.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

26.7570, 14.1660, 7.5900

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 3, 20)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 3, 20)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 3, 20) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 3, 20) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 3, 20) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 3, 20) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 3, 20) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 3, 20); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 3, 20); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 3, 20) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 26.7650, 38.0510, 20.7630 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 3, 20) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 3,  
20) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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