

Converting Colors

YIQ(26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810)
contains.

YIQ(26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**YIQ(26.9860, -31.7750,
8.6810)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	021E4D
RGB	2, 30, 77
RGB Percent	1%, 12%, 30%
CMY	0.9922, 0.8823, 0.6982
CMYK	0.97, 0.61, 0.00, 0.70
HSL	218°, 95%, 15%
HSV	218°, 97%, 30%
XYZ	1.8276, 1.4772, 7.2023
YIQ	26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

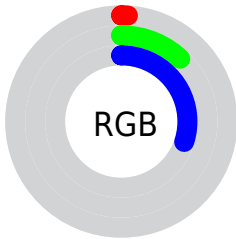
Format	Color
R_{YB}	2, 22, 77
Decimal	138829
CIE _{Lab}	12.46, 11.27, -31.81
CIE _{LCh}	12, 33.748, 289.506
Yxy	1.4772, 0.1739, 0.1406
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278328909 (0xFF021E4D)
YUV	26.9860, 24.6569, -21.9127
Hunter-Lab	12.1541, 5.5708, -26.6263

Details

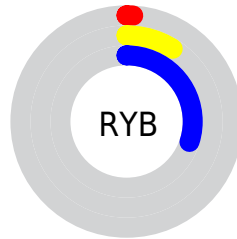
The YIQ color **26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **52.0140, 31.7750, -8.6810**, and the grayscale version is **27.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.5680, -24.4860, 14.2500**, and **4.8220, -10.8220, 8.9060** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.8010, -32.6920, 8.7800**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.3130, -28.3820, 7.7620**.

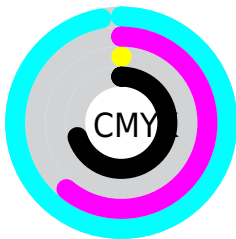
Distribution



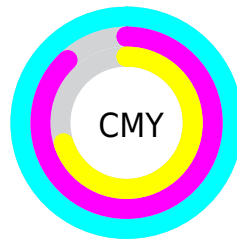
- Red (1%)
- Green (12%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (70%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 26.9860, -31.7750,
8.6810

■ 26.9860, -31.7750,
8.6810

■ 254.1030, -1.7880,
-0.6360

■ 9.0910, -18.7090,
14.1790

■ 75.5680, -24.4860,
14.2500

■ 4.8220, -10.8220,
8.9060

■ 100.3940,
-23.9360, 15.2960

■ 0.4560, -1.2840,
1.2440

■ 125.3340,
-23.7070, 16.6530

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 151.4480,
-24.0280, 16.9640

■ 178.9750,
-24.0740, 17.7980

■ 205.0630,

-21.5060, 15.3100

■ 230.1700,
-11.9220, 6.8140

■ 26.9860, -31.7750,
8.6810

■ 26.9860, -31.7750,
8.6810

■ 25.8010, -32.6920,
8.7800

■ 32.3130, -28.3820,
7.7620

■ 37.3410, -25.5850,
6.6310

■ 42.0810, -21.9170,
6.2350

■ 47.4080, -18.5240,
5.3160

■ 52.4360, -15.7270,
4.1850

■ 57.7630, -12.3340,
3.2660

■ 63.0900, -8.9410,
2.3470

■ 68.4170, -5.5480,
1.4280

■ 72.8580, -2.4760,
0.8200

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



31.3120, -35.8090, 4.6950



26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810



32.4100, 5.4980, 21.5140

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810



29.1150, 33.4690, 4.6770



27.2760, -18.9330, -14.8130

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810



52.0140, 31.7750, -8.6810

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.4800, -11.0000, -20.9200



26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810



31.3750, 20.6330, -4.9910

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810



25.3410, 36.3090, 19.2930



29.5040, 6.7880, -12.8920



30.5990, -26.9120, -7.8720

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810



28.5430, 21.3610, 25.8810



29.5040, 6.7880, -12.8920



26.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810



80.0620, -11.7380, 3.4780



51.2690, -35.3910, -24.9190



39.1610, -7.7030, 1.9370



179.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



51.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810



33.0050, -41.9540, 11.4380



13.2410, -18.7110, 25.2330



35.6300, -1.8340, 0.1980



33.9340, -43.1920, 11.8480



76.7020, -97.4800, 26.5520

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.6170, 35.7120, 24.6080



33.8190, 47.1270, 32.4950



65.7590, 18.7110, -25.2330



35.4240, 1.7420, 1.4700



34.8300, 48.5940, 33.4420



78.5740, 109.4740, 75.5060

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

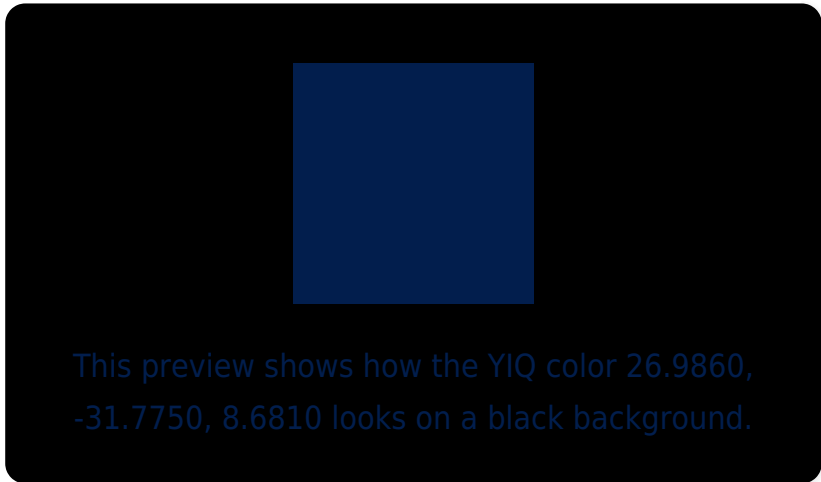
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

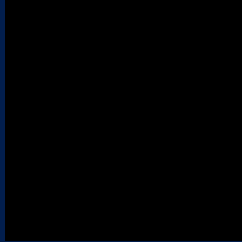
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 26.9860, -31.7750,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810

Protanopia

26.6500, -30.9490, 4.7230

Tritanopia

26.2790, -23.0150, -6.9110

Trichromacy



Original Color

26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810

Protanomaly

26.7040, -31.0410, 6.3910

Tritanomaly

26.2990, -25.7670, -1.0870

Monochromacy



Original Color

26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810

Achromatopsia

27.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

26.9480, -11.4170, 3.1670

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 30, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 30, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 30, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 30, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 30, 77) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 30, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 30, 77)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 30, 77); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 30, 77); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 30, 77) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 26.9860, -31.7750, 8.6810 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 30, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 30,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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