

# Converting Colors

YIQ(28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(28.2800, 38.2790,  
27.6470)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	520021
RGB	82, 0, 33
RGB Percent	32%, 0%, 13%
CMY	0.6782, 1.0000, 0.8705
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.60, 0.68
HSL	336°, 100%, 16%
HSV	336°, 100%, 32%
XYZ	3.7594, 1.9063, 1.6110
YIQ	28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

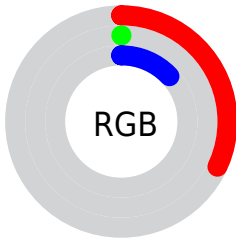
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">82, 0, 33</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">5373985</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">14.99, 36.79, 4.33</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">15, 37.045, 6.708</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">1.9063, 0.5166, 0.2620</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4283564065 (0xFF520021)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">28.2800, 2.3270, 47.1124</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">13.8068, 24.4412, 2.7467</a>

# Details

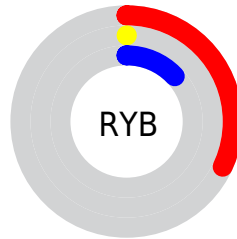
The YIQ color **28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **53.7200, -38.2790, -27.6470**, and the grayscale version is **28.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.7270, 41.2140, 24.0140**, and **8.7850, 16.9630, 6.4590** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.5460, 34.4740, 25.0180**.

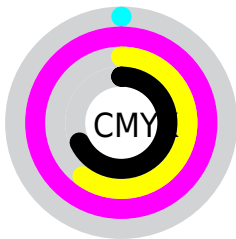
# Distribution



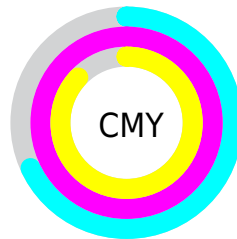
- Red (32%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (68%)




- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (87%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 28.2800, 38.2790,  
27.6470


 28.2800, 38.2790,  
27.6470

 247.9560, 3.3000,  
6.2760


 18.1830, 30.7620,  
15.1940

 81.7270, 41.2140,  
24.0140


 8.7850, 16.9630,  
6.4590

 107.5100, 43.3230,  
24.3390

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 133.4070, 45.1110,  
24.9750


 160.7770, 46.9450,  
24.7770


 188.0870, 49.0080,  
25.9360


 208.9110, 34.7040,


20.8480


 228.5390, 18.0160,  
14.9120


 28.2800, 38.2790,  
27.6470

 33.5460, 34.4740,  
25.0180

 38.8120, 30.6690,  
22.3890

 44.6650, 26.5890,  
19.2370

 49.9310, 22.7840,  
16.6080

 55.1970, 18.9790,  
13.9790

■ 60.3490, 15.4950,  
11.0390

■ 65.6150, 11.6900,  
8.4100

■ 71.4680, 7.6100,  
5.2580

■ 76.7340, 3.8050,  
2.6290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.5370, 21.4980, 28.9060



28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470



30.5940, 42.5460, 10.8820

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470



30.3130, -3.1600, -19.8320



36.8060, -40.2560, 2.6880

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470



53.7200, -38.2790, -27.6470

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.0420, -35.3490, -3.6450



28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470



29.2990, -17.7400, -19.9160

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470



35.7500, 14.9030, -11.2810



33.6650, -27.2780, -12.2540



33.1530, -39.6150, 7.5930



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470



35.0180, 35.1200, 2.2880



33.6650, -27.2780, -12.2540



36.8230, -38.9260, 0.6100

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470



86.0500, 14.8990, 10.8270



23.7000, 2.2860, 35.6780



40.8920, 9.3520, 6.7280



181.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



54.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470



36.8950, 49.9690, 36.0570



28.6270, 46.9470, 13.7230



38.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



36.1830, 49.0980, 35.3220



79.9700, 108.4190, 78.1070



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470



36.8950, 49.9690, 36.0570



53.3730, -46.9470, -13.7230



38.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



36.1830, 49.0980, 35.3220

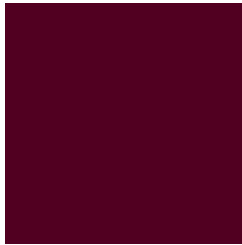


79.9700, 108.4190, 78.1070



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

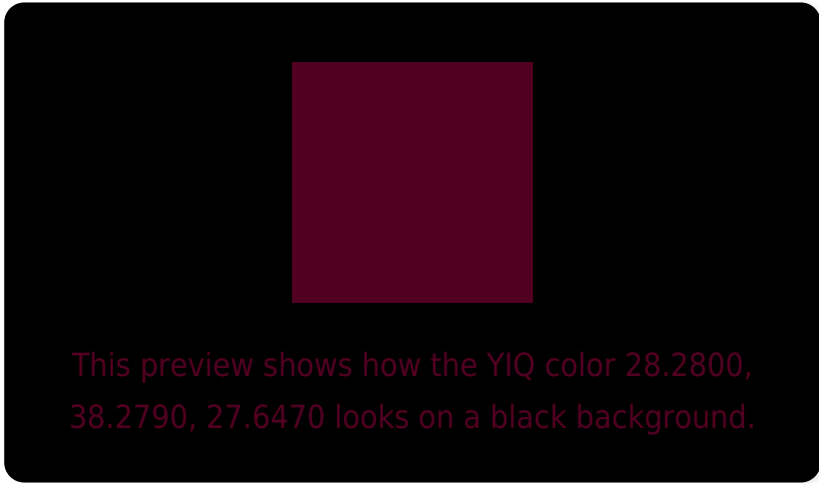
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 28.2800, 38.2790,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470

### Protanopia

42.3850, -2.5220, 1.6540

### Deuteranopia

41.8500, 9.1700, -0.9900



## Tritanopia

33.3320, 40.5280, 14.4160

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470

## Protanomaly

37.4950, 12.1480, 11.1240

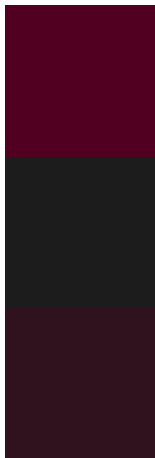
## Deuteranomaly

36.7470, 20.1260, 9.7100

## Tritanomaly

31.1950, 39.6560, 19.2080

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470

## Achromatopsia

28.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

28.3380, 14.0280, 10.0920

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 0, 33)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 0, 33)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 0, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 0, 33) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 0, 33) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 0, 33) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 0, 33)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 0, 33); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 0, 33); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 0, 33) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 28.2800, 38.2790, 27.6470 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 0, 33) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 0,  
33) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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