

Converting Colors

YIQ(28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(28.7970, -26.8690,
7.8750)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	081F48
RGB	8, 31, 72
RGB Percent	3%, 12%, 28%
CMY	0.9686, 0.8784, 0.7178
CMYK	0.89, 0.57, 0.00, 0.72
HSL	218°, 80%, 16%
HSV	218°, 89%, 28%
XYZ	1.7588, 1.4995, 6.3216
YIQ	28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

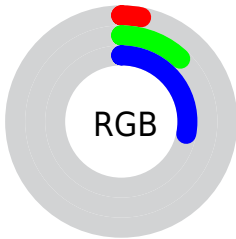
Format	Color
R_{YB}	8, 25, 72
Decimal	532296
CIE Lab	12.60, 8.95, -28.13
CIE LCh	13, 29.516, 287.661
Yxy	1.4995, 0.1836, 0.1565
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278722376 (0xFF081F48)
YUV	28.7970, 21.2991, -18.2390
Hunter-Lab	12.2453, 4.2092, -22.0364

Details

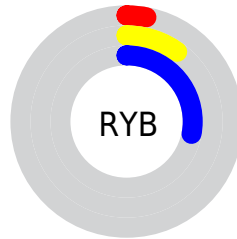
The YIQ color **28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **51.2030, 26.8690, -7.8750**, and the grayscale version is **29.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.7700, -22.2390, 12.0730**, and **3.7790, -9.2630, 8.1850** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.7690, -29.6660, 9.0060**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.8250, -24.0720, 6.7440**.

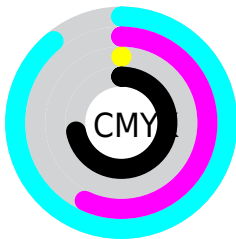
Distribution



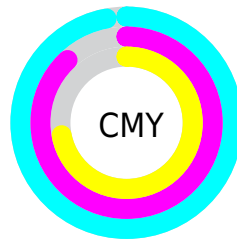
- Red (3%)
- Green (12%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (3%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (72%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28.7970, -26.8690,
7.8750

■ 28.7970, -26.8690,
7.8750

■ 254.1030, -1.7880,
-0.6360

■ 9.1080, -17.3790,
12.1010

■ 75.7700, -22.2390,
12.0730

■ 3.7790, -9.2630,
8.1850

■ 100.5960,
-21.6890, 13.1190

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 125.8240,
-22.3310, 13.7410

■ 152.2370,
-22.0560, 14.2640

■ 178.7640,
-22.1020, 15.0980

■ 206.2370,

-22.0560, 14.2640

■ 231.3440,
-12.4720, 5.7680

■ 28.7970, -26.8690,
7.8750

■ 28.7970, -26.8690,
7.8750

■ 23.7690, -29.6660,
9.0060

■ 33.8250, -24.0720,
6.7440

■ 23.4700, -30.2620,
8.7940

■ 38.2660, -21.0000,
6.1360

■ 43.5930, -17.6070,
5.2170

■ 48.0340, -14.5350,
4.6090

■ 53.0620, -11.7380,
3.4780

■ 58.0900, -8.9410,
2.3470

■ 62.5310, -5.8690,
1.7390

■ 67.8580, -2.4760,
0.8200

■ 72.2990, 0.5960,
0.2120

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.6280, -33.8830, 2.8290



28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750



33.5190, 3.5730, 17.8530

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750



29.9900, 32.3230, 3.4190



26.6890, -18.6580, -14.2900

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750



51.2030, 26.8690, -7.8750

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.9860, -6.5530, -18.9130



28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750



31.6740, 21.2290, -4.7790

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750



28.7100, 30.7160, 16.0280



29.8140, 8.8510, -11.7330



29.7840, -25.9950, -7.9710

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750



32.0430, 16.7770, 20.8490



29.8140, 8.8510, -11.7330



25.8910, -16.4110, -16.4670

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750



77.1330, -10.5000, 3.0680



50.2420, -30.7610, -20.7210



38.2320, -6.4650, 1.5270



176.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



48.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750



30.6740, -39.5240, 11.4520



17.9870, -15.1800, 21.8120



33.0430, -1.5590, 0.7210



32.4180, -41.6790, 11.9610



74.0120, -95.4170, 27.7110

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.7580, 30.7610, 20.7210



31.9820, 45.1100, 30.5020



62.0130, 15.1800, -21.8120



33.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



33.7050, 47.4480, 32.1840



77.2210, 108.9700, 73.6260

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

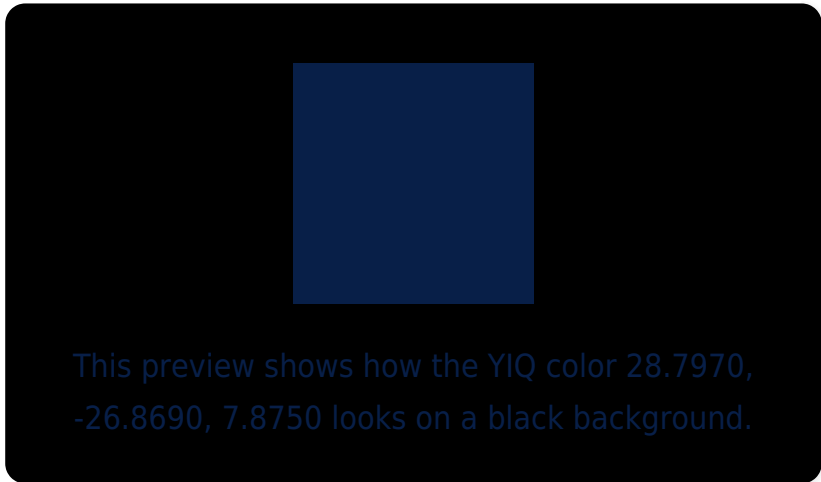
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

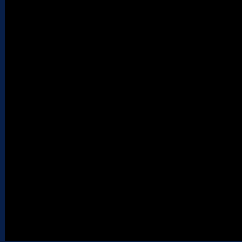
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 28.7970, -26.8690,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750

Protanopia

26.5360, -30.6280, 4.4120

Deuteranopia

26.6840, -28.2890, 0.5670



Tritanopia

26.1650, -22.6940, -7.2220

Trichromacy



Original Color

28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750

Protanomaly

27.5470, -29.1610, 5.3590

Deuteranomaly

27.5640, -27.8310, 3.2810

Tritanomaly

27.2560, -24.2080, -1.8080

Monochromacy



Original Color

28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750

Achromatopsia

29.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

29.0190, -10.1790, 2.7570

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(8, 31, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(8, 31, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(8, 31, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(8, 31, 72) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(8, 31, 72) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(8, 31, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(8, 31, 72)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(8, 31, 72); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 31, 72); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 31, 72) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 28.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(8, 31, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(8, 31,  
72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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