

Converting Colors

YIQ(28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(28.9060, 6.7370,
15.5770)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2D1130
RGB	45, 17, 48
RGB Percent	18%, 7%, 19%
CMY	0.8234, 0.9334, 0.8118
CMYK	0.06, 0.65, 0.00, 0.81
HSL	294°, 48%, 13%
HSV	294°, 65%, 19%
XYZ	1.8169, 1.1723, 2.9269
YIQ	28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

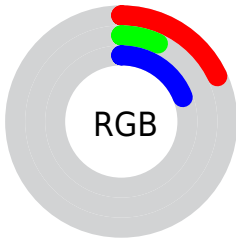
Format	Color
RYB	45, 17, 48
Decimal	2953520
CIELab	10.35, 20.11, -14.48
CIElCh	10, 24.777, 324.244
Yxy	1.1723, 0.3071, 0.1982
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281143600 (0xFF2D1130)
YUV	28.9060, 9.4133, 14.1144
Hunter-Lab	10.8274, 11.0059, -8.4483

Details

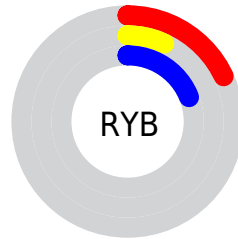
The YIQ color **28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **36.0940, -6.7370, -15.5770**, and the grayscale version is **29.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.0310, 7.8830, 16.8350**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **25.9710, 8.1120, 18.1920**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31.8410, 5.3620, 12.9620**.

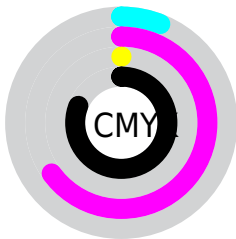
Distribution



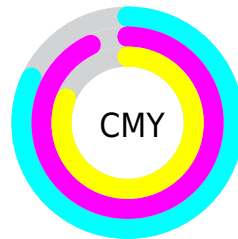
- Red (18%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (81%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 28.9060, 6.7370,
15.5770

■ 28.9060, 6.7370,
15.5770

■ 248.5430, 3.0250,
5.7530

■ 11.2650, 7.1040,
14.4320

■ 74.0310, 7.8830,
16.8350

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 97.8570, 8.4330,
17.8810

■ 123.2700, 8.7080,
18.4040

■ 148.6830, 8.9830,
18.9270

■ 175.5090, 9.5330,
19.9730

■ 203.5090, 9.5330,

19.9730

■ 231.2210, 10.4040,
20.7080

■ 28.9060, 6.7370,
15.5770

■ 28.9060, 6.7370,
15.5770

■ 25.9710, 8.1120,
18.1920

■ 31.8410, 5.3620,
12.9620

■ 22.7370, 8.8910,
20.5950

■ 35.0750, 4.5830,
10.5590

■ 20.3890, 9.9910,
22.6870

■ 37.4230, 3.4830,
8.4670

■ 18.3290, 10.2200,
24.0440

■ 40.6570, 2.7040,
6.0640

■ 43.5920, 1.3290,
3.4490

■ 46.8260, 0.5500,
1.0460

■ 49.7610, -0.8250,
-1.5690

■ 52.4080, -1.3290,
-3.4490

■ 55.3430, -2.7040,
-6.0640

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



27.6800, -13.2980, 9.7260



28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770



26.2620, 20.3540, 16.5940

Triad

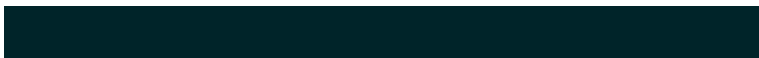
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770



26.9230, 16.0940, -5.3300



25.8060, -23.0610, -6.0770

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770



36.0940, -6.7370, -15.5770

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.8680, -17.6040, -11.3640



28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770



25.3730, 5.7790, -11.1250

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770



26.7010, 25.7670, 1.0870



20.3710, -9.0750, -17.2590



26.8150, -27.2800, -1.2000

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770



25.6060, 25.0770, 13.5970



20.3710, -9.0750, -17.2590



25.2360, -21.4560, -7.6320

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770



54.2440, 2.4290, 5.5410



22.2950, -10.7760, 8.0720



26.5920, 1.3290, 3.4490



158.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



31.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770



31.6280, 10.8160, 24.2560



28.4350, 12.3770, 12.4810



21.8260, 0.5500, 1.0460



33.2400, 18.5610, 43.5930



82.4020, 46.9300, 107.6820

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.6110, 17.5130, 7.5050



27.9220, 27.0030, 11.7310



36.5650, -12.3770, -12.4810



21.5980, 1.1920, 0.4240



26.9250, 49.2840, 20.9320



66.3800, 120.8030, 51.8990

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

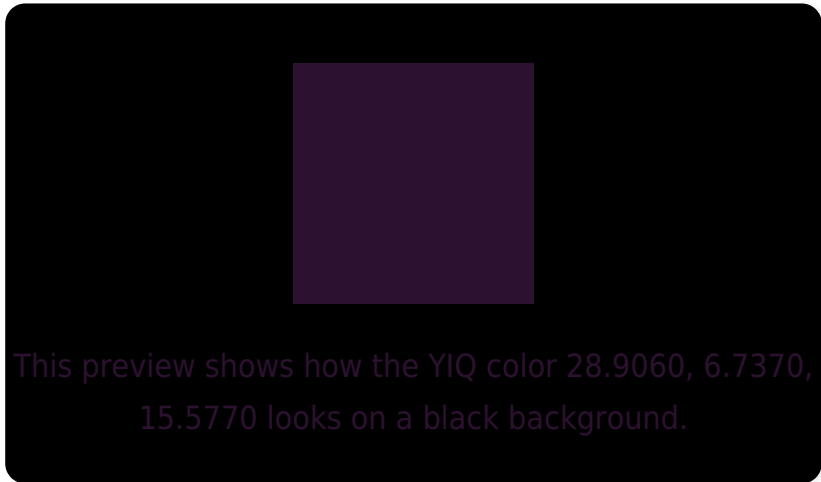
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

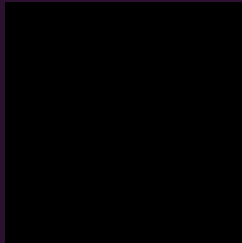
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 28.9060, 6.7370,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770

Protanopia

25.5540, -21.8710, 5.4010

Deuteranopia

28.2470, -10.8210, 3.3790



Tritanopia

29.6100, 10.0860, 4.4380

Trichromacy



Original Color

28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770

Protanomaly

26.6370, -11.7390, 9.0050

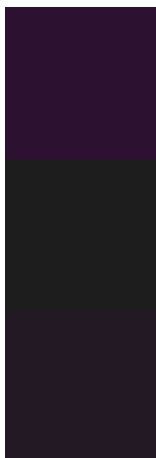
Deuteranomaly

28.7040, -4.6780, 7.6900

Tritanomaly

29.0600, 8.9390, 8.7070

Monochromacy



Original Color

28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770

Achromatopsia

29.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

29.2440, 2.4290, 5.5410

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(45, 17, 48)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(45, 17, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(45, 17, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(45, 17, 48) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(45, 17, 48) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(45, 17, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(45, 17, 48)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(45, 17, 48); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 17, 48);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(45, 17, 48)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 28.9060, 6.7370, 15.5770 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(45, 17, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(45, 17,  
48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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