

Converting Colors

YIQ(29.2500, -16.0440,
-17.6120)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120)
contains.

YIQ(29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(29.2500, -16.0440,
-17.6120)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	032D11
RGB	3, 45, 17
RGB Percent	1%, 18%, 7%
CMY	0.9884, 0.8235, 0.9334
CMYK	0.93, 0.00, 0.62, 0.82
HSL	140°, 88%, 9%
HSV	140°, 93%, 18%
XYZ	1.0773, 1.9377, 0.8471
YIQ	29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

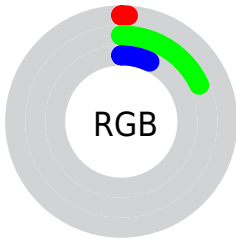
Format	Color
RYB	3, 35, 45
Decimal	208145
CIELab	15.16, -21.98, 14.02
CIElCh	15, 26.070, 147.477
Yxy	1.9377, 0.2789, 0.5017
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278398225 (0xFF032D11)
YUV	29.2500, -6.0392, -23.0212
Hunter-Lab	13.9202, -10.5456, 6.1361

Details

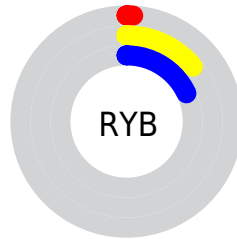
The YIQ color **29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **18.7500, 16.0440, 17.6120**, and the grayscale version is **29.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.5060, -13.8890, -18.1210**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.1250, -17.1900, -18.8700**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30.7880, -14.6230, -15.8310**.

Distribution



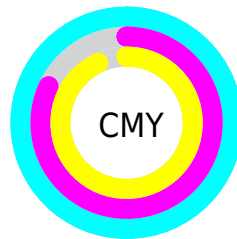
- Red (1%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (7%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Black (82%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (93%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29.2500, -16.0440,
-17.6120

■ 29.2500, -16.0440,
-17.6120

■ 247.5380, -7.7470,
-8.2830

■ 15.8490, -7.4250,
-14.1210

■ 75.5060, -13.8890,
-18.1210

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 99.9790, -13.8430,
-18.9550


■ 125.4520,
-13.7970, -19.7890


■ 151.0390,
-14.0720, -20.3120


■ 178.6260,
-14.3470, -20.8350


■ 206.2130,


-14.6220, -21.3580


 234.6860,
-14.5760, -22.1920


 29.2500, -16.0440,
-17.6120


 29.2500, -16.0440,
-17.6120


 28.1250, -17.1900,
-18.8700

 30.7880, -14.6230,
-15.8310

 32.6250, -12.6060,
-13.8380

 34.1630, -11.1850,
-12.0570

 36.0000, -9.1680,
-10.0640

 37.5380, -7.7470,
-8.2830

■ 39.3750, -5.7300,
-6.2900

■ 40.9130, -4.3090,
-4.5090

■ 42.7500, -2.2920,
-2.5160

■ 44.2880, -0.8710,
-0.7350

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.2220, 7.5220, -15.1820



29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120



31.1060, -24.2060, -12.8620

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120



32.6170, -35.3500, 1.8820



36.3520, 28.6080, 10.1760

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120



18.7500, 16.0440, 17.6120

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.2300, 23.3800, 16.8200



29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120



38.5170, -11.2810, 11.7190

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120



34.2810, -34.5240, -2.0760



38.9280, 9.6710, 17.4710



36.0880, 28.9310, -1.1890

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120



33.1750, -28.6540, -9.3420



38.9280, 9.6710, 17.4710



36.1610, 27.8280, 13.3000

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120



52.6630, -6.6010, -7.0250



36.0260, 5.1380, -16.0300



26.9130, -4.3090, -4.5090



158.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



31.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120



36.9130, -22.6450, -24.6370



31.6440, -22.7850, -11.0810



22.1740, -0.5500, -1.0460



54.3750, -33.2340, -36.4820



133.7120, -81.6410, -89.8410

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.7500, 16.0440, 17.6120



22.0870, 22.6450, 24.6370



16.3560, 22.7850, 11.0810



21.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



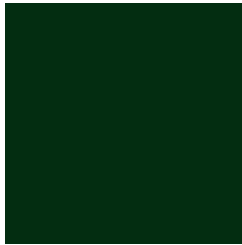
32.6250, 33.2340, 36.4820



80.2880, 81.6410, 89.8410

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

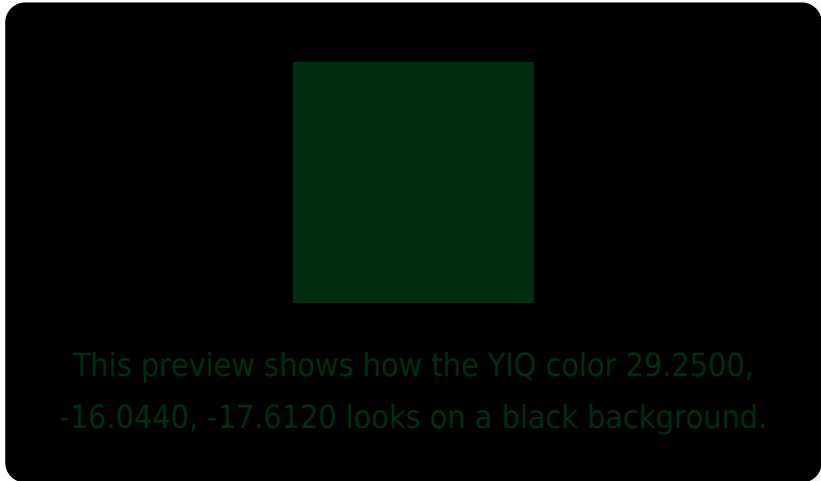
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

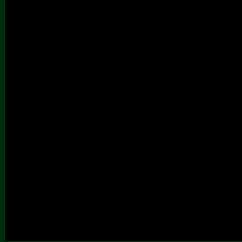
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 29.2500, -16.0440,

-17.6120.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120

Protanopia

37.4600, 10.0880, -6.6160

Deuteranopia

38.2370, 12.3340, -3.2660



Tritanopia

35.2800, -15.5880, -3.8440

Trichromacy



Original Color

29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120

Protanomaly

34.2630, 0.2770, -10.5310

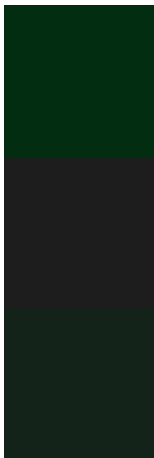
Deuteranomaly

35.1000, 2.2940, -8.5380

Tritanomaly

33.1180, -15.3120, -8.8480

Monochromacy



Original Color

29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120

Achromatopsia

29.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

29.3750, -5.7300, -6.2900

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(3, 45, 17)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(3, 45, 17)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(3, 45, 17) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(3, 45, 17) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(3, 45, 17) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(3, 45, 17) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(3, 45, 17)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(3, 45, 17); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 45, 17); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 45, 17) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 29.2500, -16.0440, -17.6120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(3, 45, 17) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(3, 45,  
17) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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