

Converting Colors

YIQ(29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(29.9550, 5.0410,
13.2730)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B142F
RGB	43, 20, 47
RGB Percent	17%, 8%, 18%
CMY	0.8313, 0.9216, 0.8157
CMYK	0.08, 0.57, 0.00, 0.82
HSL	291°, 40%, 13%
HSV	291°, 57%, 18%
XYZ	1.7601, 1.2192, 2.8319
YIQ	29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

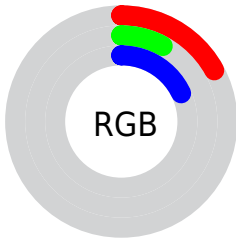
Format	Color
R_YB	43, 20, 47
Decimal	2823215
CIE Lab	10.70, 17.20, -13.22
CIE LCh	11, 21.700, 322.451
Yxy	1.2192, 0.3029, 0.2098
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281013295 (0xFF2B142F)
YUV	29.9550, 8.4032, 11.4405
Hunter-Lab	11.0417, 9.1307, -7.4769

Details

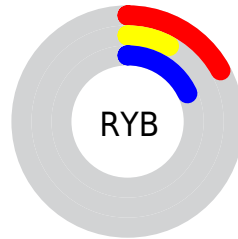
The YIQ color **29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **37.0450, -5.0410, -13.2730**, and the grayscale version is **30.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.1940, 5.8660, 14.8420**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26.7210, 5.8200, 15.6760**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33.1890, 4.2620, 10.8700**.

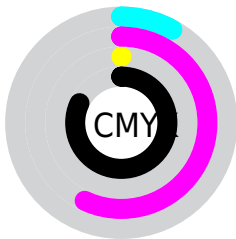
Distribution



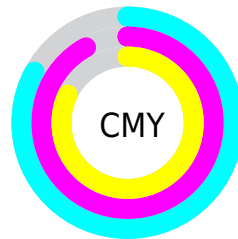
- Red (17%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (82%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29.9550, 5.0410,
13.2730

■ 29.9550, 5.0410,
13.2730

■ 250.3040, 2.2000,
4.1840

■ 10.5530, 6.2330,
13.6970

■ 74.1940, 5.8660,
14.8420

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 98.6070, 6.1410,
15.3650

■ 123.3190, 7.0120,
16.1000

■ 149.4330, 6.6910,
16.4110

■ 176.1450, 7.5620,
17.1460

■ 203.5580, 7.8370,

17.6690

■ 231.6720, 7.5160,
17.9800

■ 29.9550, 5.0410,
13.2730

■ 29.9550, 5.0410,
13.2730

■ 26.7210, 5.8200,
15.6760

■ 33.1890, 4.2620,
10.8700

■ 24.3730, 6.9200,
17.7680

■ 35.5370, 3.1620,
8.7780

■ 21.1390, 7.6990,
20.1710

■ 38.7710, 2.3830,
6.3750

■ 17.9050, 8.4780,
22.5740

■ 42.0050, 1.6040,
3.9720

■ 17.3180, 8.7530,
23.0970

■ 44.3530, 0.5040,
1.8800

■ 47.5870, -0.2750,
-0.5230

■ 50.8210, -1.0540,
-2.9260

■ 54.0550, -1.8330,
-5.3290

■ 56.4030, -2.9330,
-7.4210

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.8110, -12.2890, 7.9590



29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730



28.4140, 16.8700, 13.6540

Triad

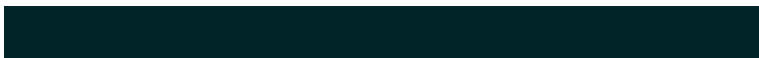
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730



27.8090, 16.4150, -5.6410



25.6920, -22.7400, -6.3880

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730



37.0450, -5.0410, -13.2730

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.9820, -17.9250, -11.0530



29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730



26.2700, 7.5670, -10.4890

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730



27.5760, 24.6210, -0.1710



23.0340, -6.5080, -14.2200



26.4730, -26.3170, -2.1330

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730



27.8720, 21.2720, 10.9680



23.0340, -6.5080, -14.2200



25.1220, -21.1350, -7.9430

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730



54.8310, 2.1540, 5.0180



25.4260, -9.7670, 6.3050



26.5920, 1.3290, 3.4490



158.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



31.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730



34.5520, 7.9740, 20.6940



30.1250, 10.3140, 11.3220



21.8260, 0.5500, 1.0460



32.0440, 16.1770, 42.7450



79.1130, 40.3740, 105.3500

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.5290, 14.8080, 6.9680



32.2420, 23.1060, 10.7700



36.8750, -10.3140, -11.3220



21.5980, 1.1920, 0.4240



27.4950, 47.6790, 22.4870



67.6340, 117.2720, 55.3200

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

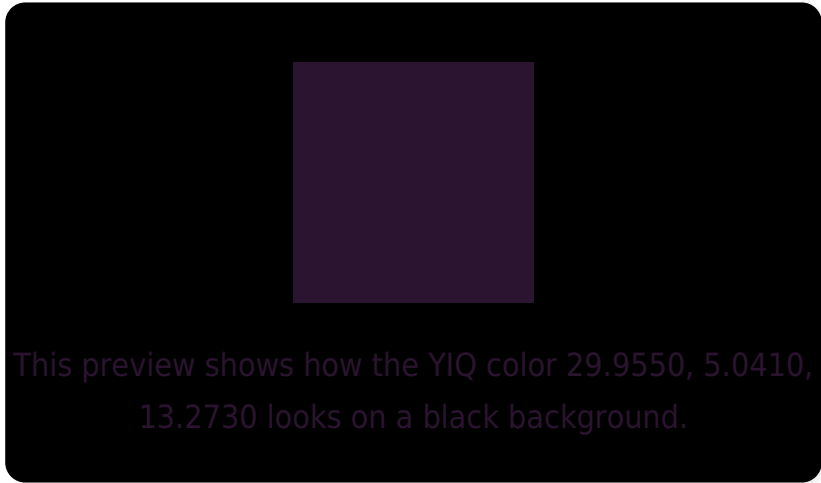
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 29.9550, 5.0410,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730

Protanopia

28.0770, -16.0940, 5.3300

Deuteranopia

29.3180, -9.5830, 2.9690



Tritanopia

29.7130, 8.2980, 3.8020

Trichromacy



Original Color

29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730

Protanomaly

28.9640, -8.3460, 8.0860

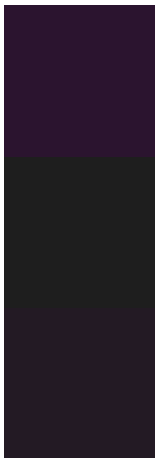
Deuteranomaly

29.4760, -4.0360, 7.0680

Tritanomaly

29.6360, 7.1970, 7.2370

Monochromacy



Original Color

29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730

Achromatopsia

30.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

29.8310, 2.1540, 5.0180

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 20, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 20, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 20, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 20, 47) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 20, 47) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 20, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(43, 20, 47)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 20, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 20, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 20, 47)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 29.9550, 5.0410, 13.2730 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 20, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 20,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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