

Converting Colors

YIQ(30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050)
contains.

YIQ(30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

YIQ(30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	221C1F
RGB	34, 28, 31
RGB Percent	13%, 11%, 12%
CMY	0.8666, 0.8902, 0.8784
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.09, 0.87
HSL	330°, 10%, 12%
HSV	330°, 18%, 13%
XYZ	1.3224, 1.2695, 1.4718
YIQ	30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

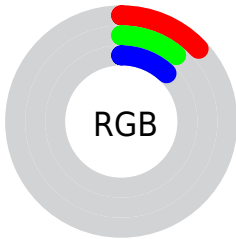
Format	Color
RYB	34, 28, 31
Decimal	2235423
CIELab	11.06, 3.62, -0.99
CIElCh	11, 3.749, 344.742
Yxy	1.2695, 0.3254, 0.3124
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280425503 (0xFF221C1F)
YUV	30.1360, 0.4260, 3.3887
Hunter-Lab	11.2671, 1.2322, 0.1420




Details

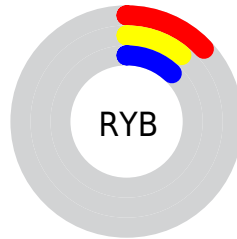
The YIQ color **30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **31.8640, -2.6130, -2.2050**, and the grayscale version is **30.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.5490, 2.8880, 2.7280**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.1470, 4.0800, 3.1520**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.1250, 1.1460, 1.2580**.

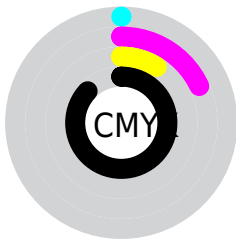
Distribution







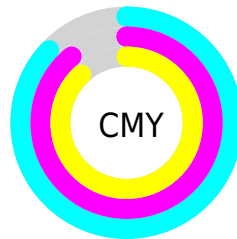
-  Red (13%)
-  Green (11%)
-  Blue (12%)






-  Red (13%)
-  Yellow (11%)
-  Blue (12%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (18%)
-  Yellow (9%)
-  Black (87%)



-  Cyan (87%)
-  Magenta (89%)
-  Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.1360, 2.6130,
2.2050

■ 30.1360, 2.6130,
2.2050

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 4.8590, 4.9510,
3.8870

■ 73.5490, 2.8880,
2.7280

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 97.4350, 3.2090,
2.4170

■ 122.4350, 3.2090,
2.4170

■ 147.8480, 3.4840,
2.9400

■ 174.8480, 3.4840,
2.9400

■ 201.8480, 3.4840,

2.9400

■ 230.1470, 4.0800,
3.1520

■ 30.1360, 2.6130,
2.2050

■ 30.1360, 2.6130,
2.2050

■ 28.1470, 4.0800,
3.1520

■ 32.1250, 1.1460,
1.2580

■ 25.6850, 5.5010,
4.9330

■ 34.5870, -0.2750,
-0.5230

■ 23.6960, 6.9680,
5.8800

■ 36.5760, -1.7420,
-1.4700

■ 21.1200, 8.7100,
7.3500

■ 39.1520, -3.4840,
-2.9400

■ 19.2450, 9.8560,
8.6080

■ 41.1410, -4.9510,
-3.8870

■ 17.2560, 11.3230,
9.5550

■ 43.0160, -6.0970,
-5.1450

■ 14.6800, 13.0650,
11.0250

■ 45.5920, -7.8390,
-6.6150

■ 12.6910, 14.5320,
11.9720

■ 47.5810, -9.3060,
-7.5620

■ 12.1040, 14.8070,
12.4950

■ 50.0430, -10.7270,
-9.3430

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.3530, 0.5040, 1.8800



30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050



30.0930, 4.1720, 1.4840

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050



29.4300, 1.6050, -1.5550



28.8360, -5.4100, -1.0740

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050



31.8640, -2.6130, -2.2050

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



28.6080, -4.7680, -1.6960



30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050



29.2340, -0.7790, -2.4030

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050



29.7400, 3.6680, -0.3960



28.8640, -2.6130, -2.2050



28.9610, -4.2640, 0.1840

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050



29.9790, 4.4930, 1.1730



28.8640, -2.6130, -2.2050



28.7220, -5.0890, -1.3850

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050



41.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



29.5810, -0.1380, 2.5020



22.2990, 0.5960, 0.2120



150.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



23.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050



37.2610, 3.7590, 3.4630



29.7940, 3.5760, 1.2720



16.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



29.1920, 35.7110, 30.1350



74.4610, 90.8590, 76.9630

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050



37.2610, 3.7590, 3.4630



32.2060, -3.5760, -1.2720



16.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



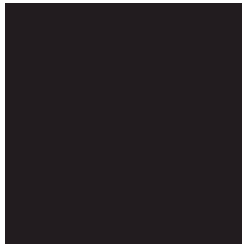
29.1920, 35.7110, 30.1350



74.4610, 90.8590, 76.9630

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

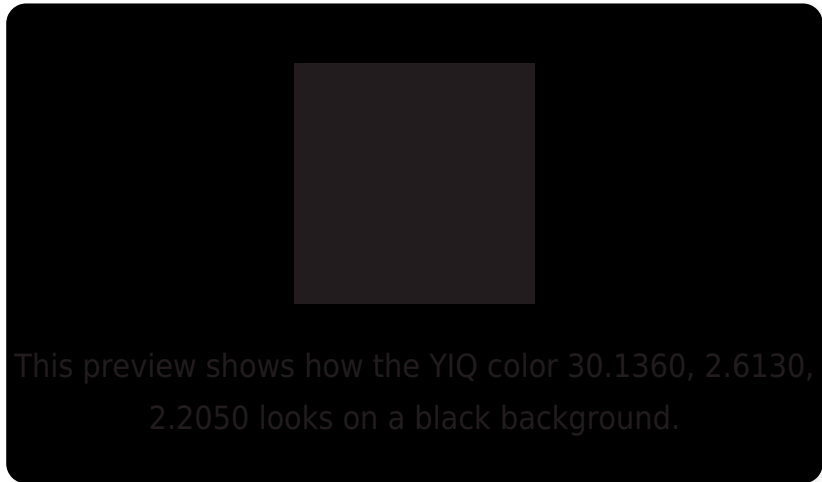
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

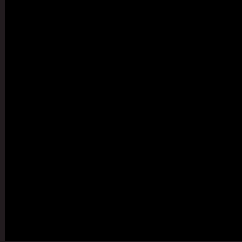
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050.

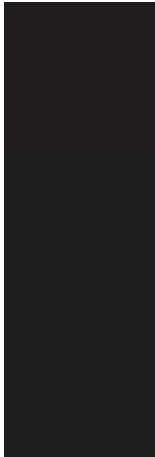


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050

Protanopia

29.6410, -0.3670, 1.1450

Deuteranopia

30.1250, 1.1460, 1.2580



Tritanopia

30.0220, 2.9340, 1.8940

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050

Protanomaly

29.9400, 0.2290, 1.3570

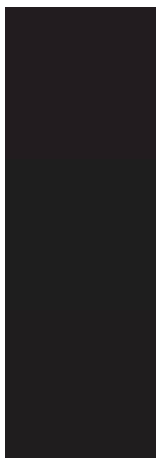
Deuteranomaly

30.4240, 1.7420, 1.4700

Tritanomaly

30.0220, 2.9340, 1.8940

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050

Achromatopsia

30.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

29.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(34, 28, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(34, 28, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(34, 28, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(34, 28, 31) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(34, 28, 31) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(34, 28, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(34, 28, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(34, 28, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 28, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 28, 31)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 30.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(34, 28, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(34, 28,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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