

Converting Colors

YIQ(31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200)
contains.

YIQ(31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

YIQ(31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	261A2A
RGB	38, 26, 42
RGB Percent	15%, 10%, 16%
CMY	0.8509, 0.8981, 0.8353
CMYK	0.09, 0.38, 0.00, 0.84
HSL	285°, 24%, 13%
HSV	285°, 38%, 16%
XYZ	1.5869, 1.3180, 2.3611
YIQ	31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

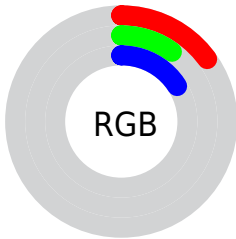
Format	Color
R_{YB}	38, 26, 42
Decimal	2497066
CIE _{Lab}	11.40, 9.69, -8.53
CIE _{LCh}	11, 12.906, 318.632
Yxy	1.3180, 0.3013, 0.2503
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280687146 (0xFF261A2A)
YUV	31.4120, 5.2199, 5.7777
Hunter-Lab	11.4803, 4.5826, -4.1578

Details

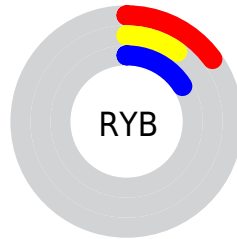
The YIQ color **31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **36.5880, -2.0160, -7.5200**, and the grayscale version is **31.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.2380, 2.5660, 8.5660**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28.7650, 2.5200, 9.4000**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.0590, 1.5120, 5.6400**.

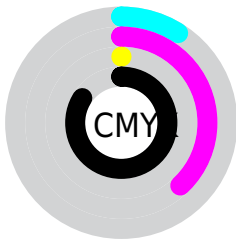
Distribution



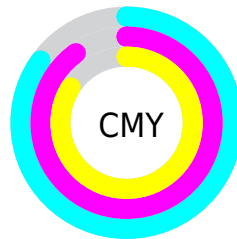
- Red (15%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (84%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 31.4120, 2.0160,
7.5200

■ 31.4120, 2.0160,
7.5200

■ 254.4130, 0.2750,
0.5230

■ 7.8900, 3.6660,
10.6580

■ 75.2380, 2.5660,
8.5660

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 99.3520, 2.2450,
8.8770

■ 124.6510, 2.8410,
9.0890

■ 150.0640, 3.1160,
9.6120

■ 177.0640, 3.1160,
9.6120

■ 204.4770, 3.3910,

10.1350

■ 232.5910, 3.0700,
10.4460

■ 31.4120, 2.0160,
7.5200

■ 31.4120, 2.0160,
7.5200

■ 28.7650, 2.5200,
9.4000

■ 34.0590, 1.5120,
5.6400

■ 26.1180, 3.0240,
11.2800

■ 36.7060, 1.0080,
3.7600

■ 22.8840, 3.8030,
13.6830

■ 39.9400, 0.2290,
1.3570

■ 20.2370, 4.3070,
15.5630

■ 42.5870, -0.2750,
-0.5230

■ 17.5900, 4.8110,
17.4430

■ 45.2340, -0.7790,
-2.4030

■ 14.9430, 5.3150,
19.3230

■ 47.8810, -1.2830,
-4.2830

■ 14.3560, 5.5900,
19.8460

■ 50.5280, -1.7870,
-6.1630

■ 53.7620, -2.5660,
-8.5660

■ 56.4090, -3.0700,
-10.4460

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



30.1550, -7.5660, 4.9620



31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200



31.4190, 9.3060, 7.5620

Triad

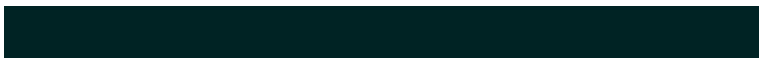
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200



29.9380, 11.7380, -3.4780



24.6490, -21.1810, -7.1090

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200



36.5880, -2.0160, -7.5200

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



26.0150, -13.5240, -8.2120



31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200



28.7200, 6.4200, -6.2200

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



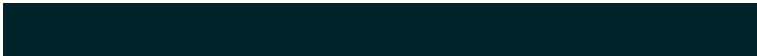
31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200



30.6550, 14.2130, 1.2290



28.2890, -2.6120, -7.7320



24.8600, -23.1530, -4.4090

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200



30.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430



28.2890, -2.6120, -7.7320



24.9050, -19.0260, -7.6180

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200



49.8800, 0.4580, 2.7140



30.1720, -6.2360, 2.8840



25.3530, 0.5040, 1.8800



156.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



28.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200



37.2320, 2.7030, 11.5910



32.1520, 5.6840, 7.1240



18.8260, 0.5500, 1.0460



28.4130, 10.5840, 39.4800



71.7090, 26.7120, 99.6400

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.2400, 8.2520, 4.6360



37.1590, 12.9740, 7.1660



35.8480, -5.6840, -7.1240



18.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



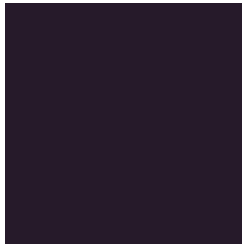
27.5100, 43.3230, 24.3390



69.4300, 109.3390, 61.4270

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

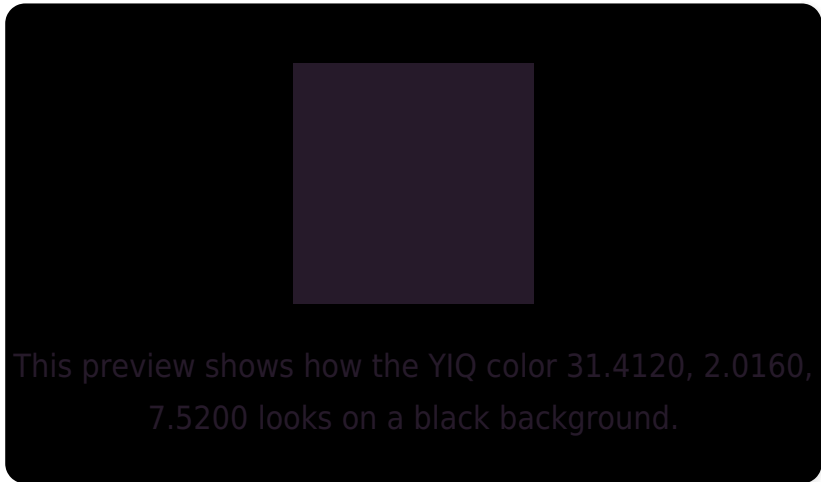
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

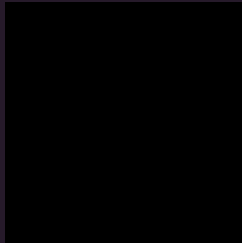
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200

Protanopia

30.2150, -7.7950, 3.6050

Deuteranopia

30.6560, -4.7230, 2.9970



Tritanopia

30.7340, 3.8050, 2.6290

Trichromacy



Original Color

31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200

Protanomaly

31.0090, -4.2190, 4.8770

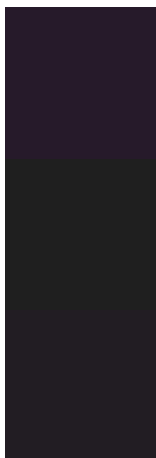
Deuteranomaly

31.2650, -2.0640, 4.3680

Tritanomaly

30.9020, 3.3920, 4.6080

Monochromacy



Original Color

31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200

Achromatopsia

31.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

31.1790, 1.0540, 2.9260

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(38, 26, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(38, 26, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 26, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(38, 26, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(38, 26, 42) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(38, 26, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(38, 26, 42)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(38, 26, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 26, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 26, 42)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 31.4120, 2.0160, 7.5200 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(38, 26, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(38, 26,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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