

Converting Colors

YIQ(35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(35.4700, -30.2620,
8.7940)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0C2654
RGB	12, 38, 84
RGB Percent	5%, 15%, 33%
CMY	0.9530, 0.8509, 0.6707
CMYK	0.86, 0.55, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	218°, 75%, 19%
HSV	218°, 86%, 33%
XYZ	2.4436, 2.1045, 8.6568
YIQ	35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

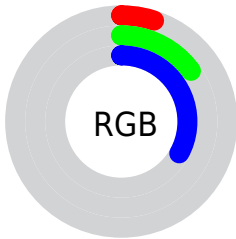
Format	Color
R_{YB}	12, 31, 84
Decimal	796244
CIE Lab	16.03, 9.53, -30.78
CIE LCh	16, 32.222, 287.197
Yxy	2.1045, 0.1851, 0.1594
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278986324 (0xFF0C2654)
YUV	35.4700, 23.9253, -20.5832
Hunter-Lab	14.5069, 4.6807, -25.2255

Details

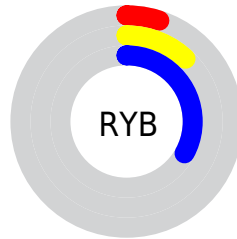
The YIQ color **35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **60.5300, 30.2620, -8.7940**, and the grayscale version is **35.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.7420, -25.0360, 13.2040**, and **6.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.1430, -33.6550, 9.7130**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.7970, -26.8690, 7.8750**.

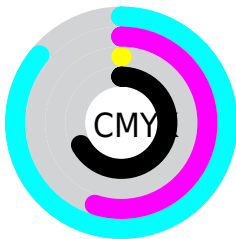
Distribution



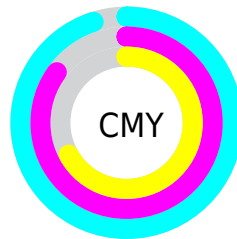
- Red (5%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (67%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 35.4700, -30.2620,
8.7940

■ 35.4700, -30.2620,
8.7940

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 17.4060, -24.2100,
9.2460

■ 83.7420, -25.0360,
13.2040

■ 6.0930, -13.0230,
10.2490

■ 108.5680,
-24.4860, 14.2500

■ 2.2970, -5.0900,
4.1420

■ 134.2090,
-24.8530, 15.3950

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 160.3230,
-25.1740, 15.7060

■ 187.8500,
-25.2200, 16.5400

■ 213.9120,

-19.7630, 11.2530

■ 238.7200,
-10.7750, 2.5450

■ 35.4700, -30.2620,
8.7940

■ 35.4700, -30.2620,
8.7940

■ 30.1430, -33.6550,
9.7130

■ 40.7970, -26.8690,
7.8750

■ 27.1860, -35.2140,
10.4340

■ 47.0100, -23.1550,
6.6450

■ 52.3370, -19.7620,
5.7260

■ 57.9630, -15.7730,
5.0190

■ 63.8770, -12.6550,
3.5770

■ 69.2040, -9.2620,
2.6580

■ 75.4170, -5.5480,
1.4280

■ 80.7440, -2.1550,
0.5090

■ 86.3700, 1.8340,
-0.1980

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.1050, -39.6600, 2.9000



35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940



40.9860, 3.7560, 20.0440

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940



36.6160, 36.3120, 2.7120



32.0690, -22.7840, -16.6080

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940



60.5300, 30.2620, -8.7940

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.2090, -8.7990, -22.2630



35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940



38.1860, 25.5390, -5.7970

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940



35.3300, 34.8420, 18.3460



36.9020, 11.4190, -14.2210



35.3920, -30.7630, -9.6670

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940



38.9940, 18.4730, 23.1530



36.9020, 11.4190, -14.2210



31.1570, -20.2160, -19.0960

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940



90.1760, -12.0590, 3.7890



59.5080, -34.5660, -23.3500



44.4600, -7.1070, 2.1490



184.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



56.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940



36.0200, -46.3100, 13.2900



23.1980, -17.1520, 24.5120



38.0430, -1.5590, 0.7210



34.2760, -44.1550, 12.7810



75.7560, -97.5720, 28.2200

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.4920, 34.5660, 23.3500



37.4500, 52.7200, 35.7600



72.8020, 17.1520, -24.5120



38.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



35.7270, 50.3820, 34.0780



78.9440, 111.3080, 75.3080

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

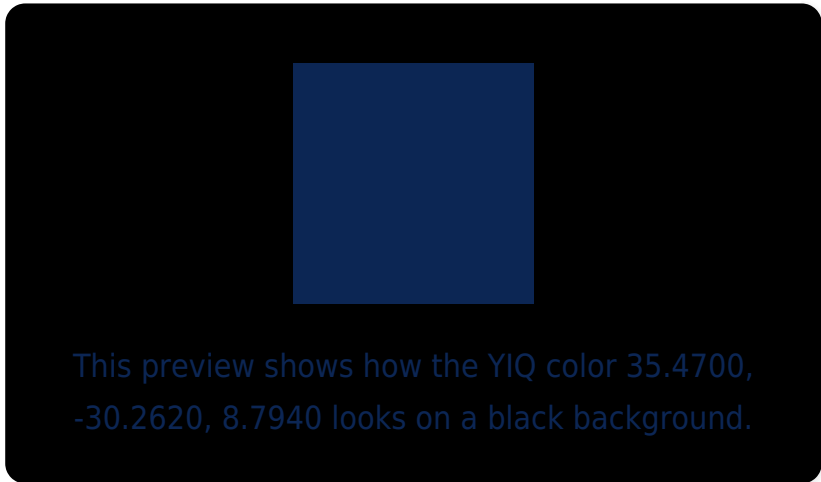
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

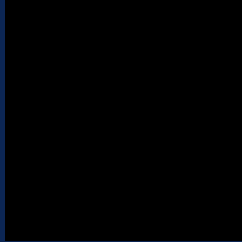
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 35.4700, -30.2620,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940

Protanopia

32.3550, -37.3680, 5.4160

Deuteranopia

32.1610, -34.0660, 0.6380



Tritanopia

31.8870, -27.7830, -8.6070

Trichromacy



Original Color

35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940

Protanomaly

33.5510, -34.9840, 6.2640

Deuteranomaly

33.3400, -33.0120, 3.5640

Tritanomaly

32.8040, -28.7470, -2.1470

Monochromacy



Original Color

35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940

Achromatopsia

35.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

35.2470, -10.8210, 3.3790

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(12, 38, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(12, 38, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(12, 38, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(12, 38, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(12, 38, 84) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(12, 38, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(12, 38, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(12, 38, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(12, 38, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(12, 38, 84)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 35.4700, -30.2620, 8.7940 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(12, 38, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(12, 38,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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