

Converting Colors

YIQ(35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(35.5470, -46.3560,
14.1240)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00276F
RGB	0, 39, 111
RGB Percent	0%, 15%, 44%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8470, 0.5649
CMYK	1.00, 0.65, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	219°, 100%, 22%
HSV	219°, 100%, 44%
XYZ	3.5919, 2.5985, 15.3335
YIQ	35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

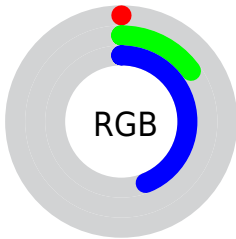
Format	Color
RYB	0, 29, 111
Decimal	10095
CIELab	18.36, 19.69, -44.82
CIELCh	18, 48.952, 293.723
Yxy	2.5985, 0.1669, 0.1207
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278200175 (0xFF00276F)
YUV	35.5470, 37.1983, -31.1747
Hunter-Lab	16.1198, 11.5651, -45.1142

Details

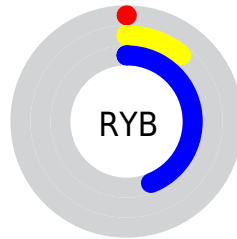
The YIQ color **35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **75.4530, 46.3560, -14.1240**, and the grayscale version is **35.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.9450, -32.5570, 22.8590**, and **7.0680, -19.9020, 19.2820** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **42.9450, -41.7250, 12.7950**.

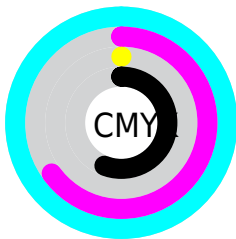
Distribution



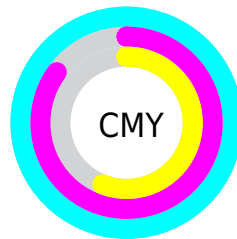
- Red (0%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 35.5470, -46.3560,
14.1240

■ 35.5470, -46.3560,
14.1240

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 21.5440, -33.1060,
16.2860

■ 88.8310, -32.2360,
22.5480

■ 7.0680, -19.9020,
19.2820

■ 115.0700,
-31.4110, 24.1170

■ 6.2070, -13.3440,
10.5600

■ 141.0100,
-31.1820, 25.4740

■ 2.5250, -5.7320,
4.7640

■ 167.9500,
-30.9530, 26.8310

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 193.2680,
-23.3410, 21.0350

■ 217.4890,

-14.0780, 12.8500

■ 243.4820, -4.1730,
4.0430

■ 35.5470, -46.3560,
14.1240

■ 42.9450, -41.7250,
12.7950

■ 50.3430, -37.0940,
11.4660

■ 58.3280, -32.7380,
9.6140

■ 65.7260, -28.1070,
8.2850

■ 73.1240, -23.4760,
6.9560

■ 80.8210, -18.2490,
5.8390

■ 88.2190, -13.6180,
4.5100

■ 96.2040, -9.2620,
2.6580

■ 103.6020, -4.6310,
1.3290

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.8620, -51.8570, 9.1910



35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240



40.8710, 14.9860, 36.7940

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240



39.2260, 46.3980, 7.1500



38.1500, -27.5060, -19.1380

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240



75.4530, 46.3560, -14.1240

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.8720, -15.4000, -29.2880



35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240



42.9040, 26.2730, -8.0870

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240



32.6640, 54.6930, 27.5330



38.6080, 3.2590, -20.5250



42.9550, -39.6580, -8.1540

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240



36.2280, 36.0300, 40.8780



38.6080, 3.2590, -20.5250



36.6680, -23.3330, -23.1810

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240



115.7070, -17.9280, 5.5280



73.1370, -52.9950, -36.2830



55.9480, -11.4170, 3.1670



201.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



74.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240



46.4670, -60.5700, 18.4220



17.1390, -26.6910, 37.7010



51.8580, -2.4760, 0.8200



38.3340, -50.0700, 15.3540



79.2270, -103.2120, 31.3160

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.6350, 53.6370, 35.6610



49.1690, 70.0490, 46.6010



93.8610, 26.6910, -37.7010



52.0220, 2.9340, 1.8940



40.6680, 58.0380, 38.5020



83.7710, 119.2850, 79.4210

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

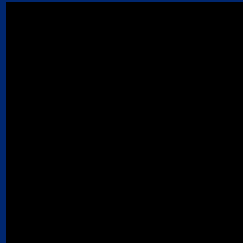
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 35.5470, -46.3560,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240

Protanopia

36.4300, -41.9530, 5.9110

Deuteranopia

36.7090, -38.6050, 0.2990



Tritanopia

36.0930, -31.3590, -9.8790

Trichromacy



Original Color

35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240

Protanomaly

36.0540, -43.6500, 9.1340

Deuteranomaly

36.2020, -41.3110, 5.2890

Tritanomaly

36.1390, -37.0000, -1.2560

Monochromacy



Original Color

35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240

Achromatopsia

36.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

35.7780, -16.6900, 5.1180

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 39, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 39, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 39, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 39, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 39, 111) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 39, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 39, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 39, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 39, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 39, 111)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 35.5470, -46.3560, 14.1240 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 39, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 39,  
111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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