

# Converting Colors

YIQ(36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(36.6210, 56.2520,  
26.8120)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                     |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex         | 6B0414                    |
| RGB         | 107, 4, 20                |
| RGB Percent | 42%, 2%, 8%               |
| CMY         | 0.5801, 0.9844, 0.9214    |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.96, 0.81, 0.58    |
| HSL         | 351°, 93%, 22%            |
| HSV         | 351°, 96%, 42%            |
| XYZ         | 6.2409, 3.2664, 0.9659    |
| YIQ         | 36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

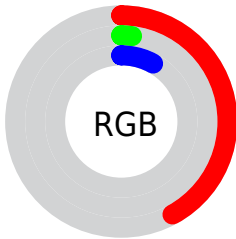
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>               | 107, 4, 20                   |
| Decimal                             | 7013396                      |
| CIE <sub>Lab</sub>                  | 21.08, 41.88, 22.53          |
| CIE <sub>LCh</sub>                  | 21, 47.560, 28.277           |
| Yxy                                 | 3.2664, 0.5959,<br>0.3119    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4285203476<br>(0xFF6B0414)   |
| YUV                                 | 36.6210, -8.1942,<br>61.7224 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 18.0733, 30.0101,<br>9.4827  |

# Details

The YIQ color **36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **74.3790, -56.2520, -26.8120**, and the grayscale version is **37.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.3840, 61.1130, 21.3130**, and **15.9610, 31.2670, 11.5470** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.9310, 58.3150, 27.9710**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.1040, 50.3380, 23.8580**.

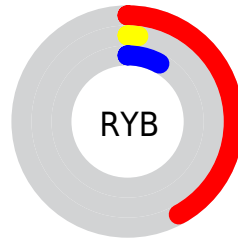
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (2%)

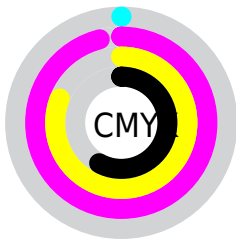
Blue (8%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (2%)

Blue (8%)

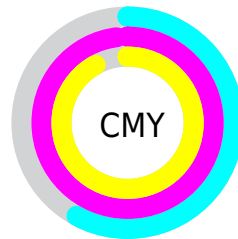


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (96%)

Yellow (81%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (98%)


Yellow (92%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the YIQ color 36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 36.6210, 56.2520,  
26.8120


 36.6210, 56.2520,  
26.8120


 253.8600, 3.2100,  
-3.1100


 23.6210, 47.0840,  
16.7480


 93.3840, 61.1130,  
21.3130


 15.9610, 31.2670,  
11.5470


 120.0530, 63.5430,  
21.3270

 2.6910, 5.3640,  
1.9080

 147.0210, 66.5690,  
21.5530


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 174.9890, 69.5950,  
21.7790


 193.9160, 53.5030,  
16.0550


 213.4300, 37.1360,


9.8080


 233.5310, 20.4940,  
3.0380


 36.6210, 56.2520,  
26.8120


 36.6210, 56.2520,  
26.8120


 33.9310, 58.3150,  
27.9710

 44.1040, 50.3380,  
23.8580

 51.0000, 44.6990,  
21.4270

 58.4830, 38.7850,  
18.4730

 65.9660, 32.8710,  
15.5190

 72.8620, 27.2320,  
13.0880

■ 80.3450, 21.3180,  
10.1340

■ 87.8280, 15.4040,  
7.1800

■ 95.3110, 9.4900,  
4.2260

■ 102.2070, 3.8510,  
1.7950

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.4480, 47.0340, 39.6900



36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120



45.9930, 45.4360, 2.5560

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120



37.8930, -19.8930, -30.4610



46.7800, -54.5620, 8.6540

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120



74.3790, -56.2520, -26.8120

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.6350, -52.9560, 1.5720



36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120



43.6270, -33.2830, -19.0670

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120



43.3150, 2.5260, -23.7620



47.6170, -44.5180, -8.1820



48.5990, -25.7710, 21.0210



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120



48.2530, 32.6000, -7.1120



47.6170, -44.5180, -8.1820



48.3130, -54.7450, 6.4630

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120



112.6440, 21.9140, 10.3460



41.4560, 18.1930, 50.2650



53.9310, 13.6160, 6.5440



199.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



71.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120



44.3680, 76.3780, 36.5220



54.7550, 52.0380, 4.0540



49.9080, 3.2550, 1.5830



37.0350, 63.9540, 30.4020



77.5870, 133.8220, 63.7580



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120



44.3680, 76.3780, 36.5220



56.2450, -52.0380, -4.0540



49.9080, 3.2550, 1.5830



37.0350, 63.9540, 30.4020

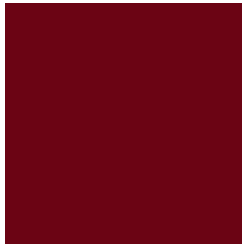


77.5870, 133.8220, 63.7580



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

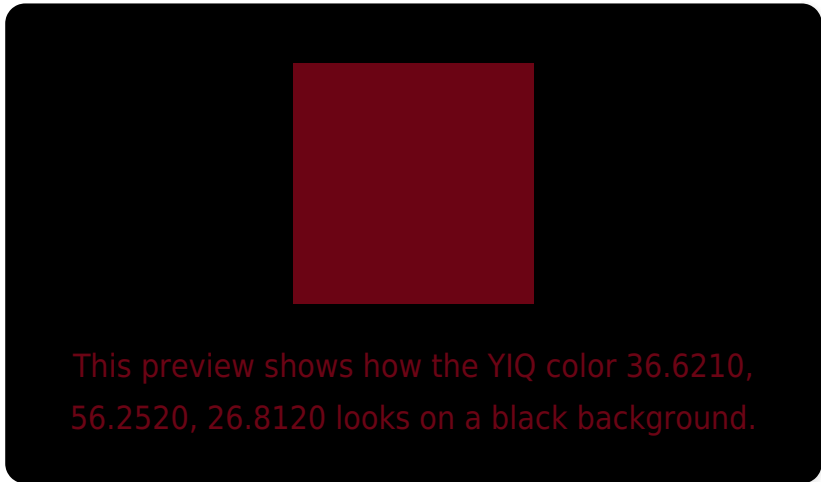
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

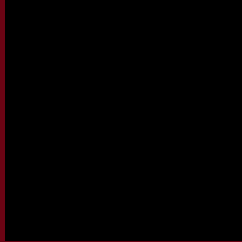
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 36.6210, 56.2520,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120

### Protanopia

52.8730, 10.3630, -6.0930

### Deuteranopia

51.5230, 22.9720, -8.8360



## Tritanopia

37.2760, 61.2970, 17.9770

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120

## Protanomaly

46.9340, 26.7290, 5.6810

## Deuteranomaly

46.0720, 35.0280, 3.9560

## Tritanomaly

36.9000, 59.6000, 21.2000

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120

## Achromatopsia

37.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

36.7470, 20.1260, 9.7100

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 4, 20)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 4, 20)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 4, 20) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 4, 20) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 4, 20) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 4, 20) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 4, 20)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 4, 20); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 4, 20);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 4, 20)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 36.6210, 56.2520, 26.8120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 4, 20) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107, 4,  
20) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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