

# Converting Colors

YIQ(39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(39.2980, 37.8680,  
18.5720)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	57111D
RGB	87, 17, 29
RGB Percent	34%, 7%, 11%
CMY	0.6587, 0.9334, 0.8861
CMYK	0.00, 0.80, 0.67, 0.66
HSL	350°, 67%, 20%
HSV	350°, 80%, 34%
XYZ	4.3568, 2.5172, 1.4210
YIQ	39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

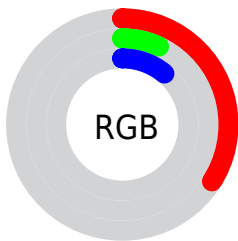
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	87, 17, 29
Decimal	5706013
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	18.00, 32.41, 11.53
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	18, 34.396, 19.581
Yxy	2.5172, 0.5252, 0.3035
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283896093 (0xFF57111D)
YUV	39.2980, -5.0769, 41.8347
Hunter-Lab	15.8658, 21.2518, 5.7960

# Details

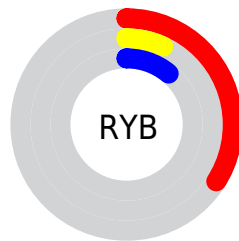
The YIQ color **39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **64.7020, -37.8680, -18.5720**, and the grayscale version is **39.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.1090, 42.7740, 17.7660**, and **11.1770, 21.7310, 8.1550** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.2170, 42.5900, 21.1020**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.3790, 33.1460, 16.0420**.

# Distribution



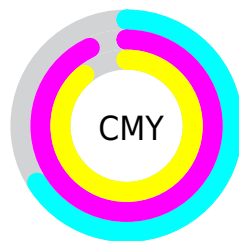
- Red (34%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Black (66%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (89%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 39.2980, 37.8680,  
18.5720

■ 39.2980, 37.8680,  
18.5720

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 18.5810, 35.3930,  
13.8650

■ 89.1090, 42.7740,  
17.7660

■ 11.1770, 21.7310,  
8.1550

■ 114.8920, 44.8830,  
18.0910

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 141.0880, 47.2670,  
18.9390


■ 168.4580, 49.1010,  
18.7410


■ 195.7570, 49.6970,  
18.9530


■ 214.6840, 33.6050,


13.2290


 234.8990, 16.6420,  
6.7700


 39.2980, 37.8680,  
18.5720


 39.2980, 37.8680,  
18.5720


 33.2170, 42.5900,  
21.1020


 45.3790, 33.1460,  
16.0420

 27.7230, 47.0370,  
23.1090

 50.8730, 28.6990,  
14.0350

 57.0680, 23.6560,  
11.8160

 63.1490, 18.9340,  
9.2860

 68.6430, 14.4870,  
7.2790

■ 74.7240, 9.7650,  
4.7490

■ 80.8050, 5.0430,  
2.2190

■ 87.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 92.4940, -4.4470,  
-2.0070

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.9520, 27.4590, 25.4990



39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720



40.2850, 38.7420, 2.7260

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720



32.5180, -14.1630, -24.1710



39.9520, -43.6030, 2.7730

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720



64.7020, -37.8680, -18.5720

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.0460, -41.1720, -2.7400



39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720



35.5740, -25.7640, -17.6680

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720



40.4350, 11.2360, -16.4120



39.1250, -34.3850, -10.1050



40.7200, -27.9700, 11.3100



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720



41.7630, 31.2240, -4.2000



39.1250, -34.3850, -10.1050



40.3110, -43.2360, 1.6280

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720



93.6430, 14.4870, 7.2790



42.0230, 11.5020, 33.8540



45.1260, 8.5730, 4.3250



184.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



56.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720



37.7570, 58.8650, 29.0170



50.8440, 35.6700, 3.3340



40.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



34.0450, 57.9940, 28.2820



74.8250, 127.2200, 62.2600



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720



37.7570, 58.8650, 29.0170



53.1560, -35.6700, -3.3340



40.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



34.0450, 57.9940, 28.2820

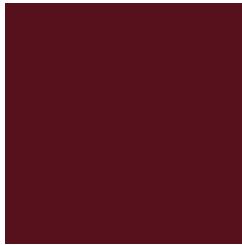


74.8250, 127.2200, 62.2600



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

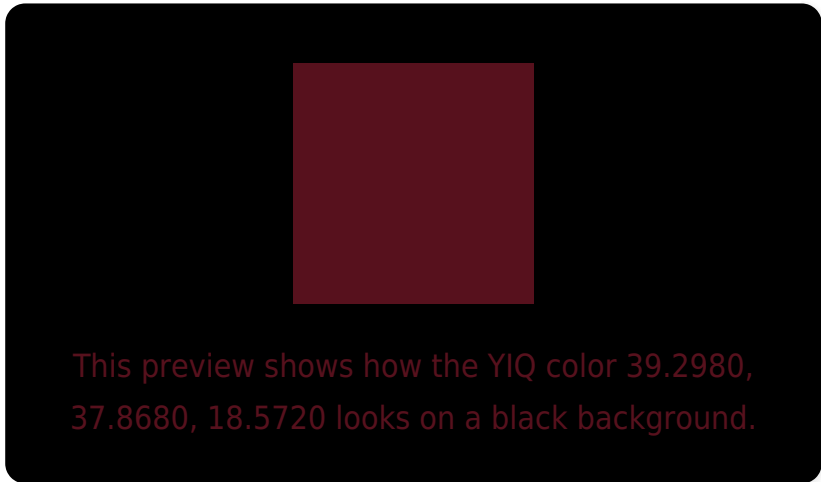
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

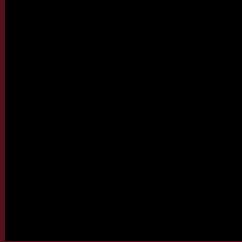
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 39.2980, 37.8680,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720

### Protanopia

45.9140, 3.1180, -1.4420

### Deuteranopia

45.4220, 13.2510, -3.3650



## Tritanopia

39.3320, 40.5280, 14.4160

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720

## Protanomaly

43.1870, 15.7710, 6.0350

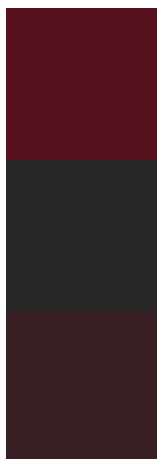
## Deuteranomaly

42.9550, 22.2360, 4.5080

## Tritanomaly

39.2010, 39.5190, 16.1830

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720

## Achromatopsia

39.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

38.9310, 13.6160, 6.5440

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 17, 29)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 17, 29)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 17, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 17, 29) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 17, 29) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 17, 29) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 17, 29)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 17, 29); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 17, 29);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 17, 29)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 39.2980, 37.8680, 18.5720 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 17, 29) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 17,  
29) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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