

Converting Colors

YIQ(39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(39.4350, 74.2710,
25.1430)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E0300
RGB	126, 3, 0
RGB Percent	49%, 1%, 0%
CMY	0.5056, 0.9884, 0.9997
CMYK	0.00, 0.98, 1.00, 0.51
HSL	1°, 100%, 25%
HSV	1°, 100%, 49%
XYZ	8.6475, 4.5054, 0.4160
YIQ	39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

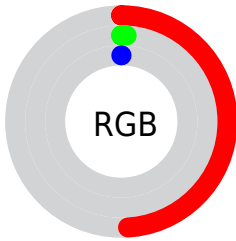
Format	Color
RYB	126, 3, 0
Decimal	8258304
CIELab	25.28, 46.97, 37.63
CIELCh	25, 60.181, 38.702
Yxy	4.5054, 0.6373, 0.3320
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286448384 (0xFF7E0300)
YUV	39.4350, -19.4415, 75.9175
Hunter-Lab	21.2260, 35.5760, 13.6961

Details

The YIQ color **39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **86.5650, -74.2710, -25.1430**, and the grayscale version is **40.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.3010, 77.3440, 19.0080**, and **20.0330, 39.9320, 14.2040** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.9610, 66.7980, 22.9100**.

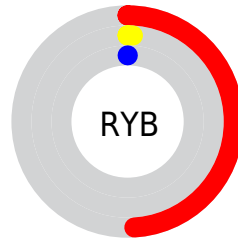
Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (1%)

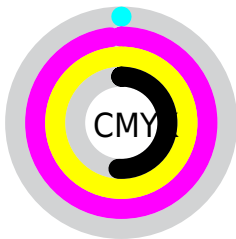
Blue (0%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (1%)

Blue (0%)

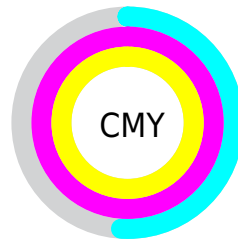


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (98%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (99%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39.4350, 74.2710,
25.1430

■ 39.4350, 74.2710,
25.1430

■ 251.8080, 8.9880,
-8.7080

■ 28.7040, 57.2160,
20.3520

■ 100.3010, 77.3440,
19.0080

■ 20.0330, 39.9320,
14.2040

■ 128.0410, 81.0120,
18.6120

■ 12.0740, 23.5190,
8.7910

■ 155.6070, 85.2300,
19.2620

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 176.6870, 73.0810,
13.6650

■ 195.5000, 57.3100,
7.6300

■ 215.4870, 40.9890,

0.5490

■ 235.1150, 24.3010,
-5.3870

■ 39.4350, 74.2710,
25.1430

■ 47.9610, 66.7980,
22.9100

■ 56.9600, 59.3710,
19.8430

■ 65.4860, 51.8980,
17.6100

■ 74.0120, 44.4250,
15.3770

■ 83.0110, 36.9980,
12.3100

■ 91.5370, 29.5250,
10.0770

■ 99.9490, 22.3730,
7.5330

■ 109.0620, 14.6250,
4.7770

■ 117.5880, 7.1520,
2.5440

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.9510, 64.7310, 43.8590



39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430



56.3150, 47.2250, -2.3350

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430



47.2340, -28.2830, -32.5950



53.7220, -65.8420, 14.8460

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430



86.5650, -74.2710, -25.1430

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.0820, -67.2160, 6.7040



39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430



54.1080, -44.8830, -18.0910

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430



42.2640, -19.8000, -37.6560



59.1240, -59.0070, -4.4070



59.4690, -10.1850, 35.9190

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430



56.7700, 29.3460, -14.2220



59.1240, -59.0070, -4.4070



56.7710, -67.5380, 12.5420

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430



129.2380, 28.9290, 9.8650



51.8100, 35.2920, 65.2760



61.5570, 17.6050, 5.8370



209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



82.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430



51.0850, 96.0480, 32.4640



75.8290, 57.2210, -7.2830



59.6800, 3.8970, 0.9610



40.0330, 75.4630, 25.5670



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.5650, -74.2710, -25.1430



111.9150, -96.0480, -32.4640



50.1710, -57.2210, 7.2830



61.9070, -4.1720, -1.4840



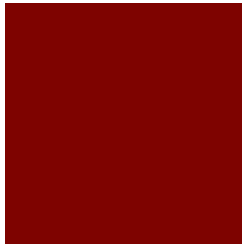
87.9670, -75.4630, -25.5670



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

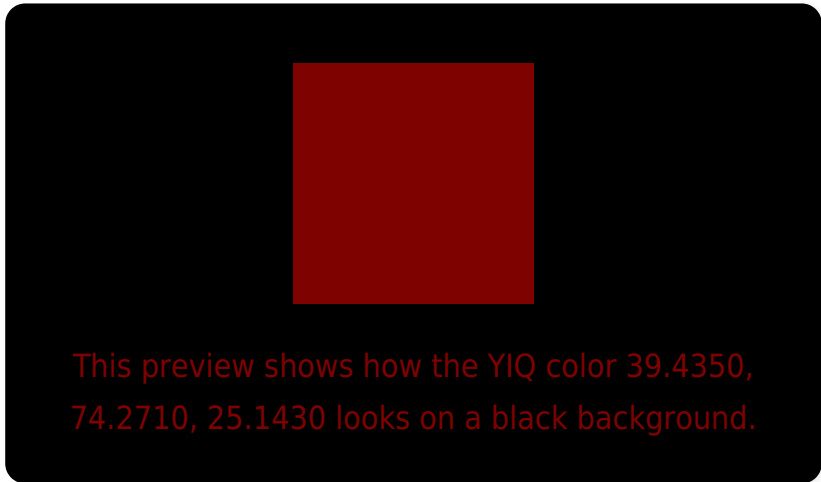
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

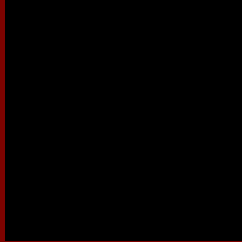
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 39.4350, 74.2710,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430

Protanopia

60.6210, 19.5800, -13.4440

Tritanopia

44.4190, 71.2000, 20.2240

Trichromacy



Original Color

39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430

Protanomaly

53.0030, 39.4760, 0.4360

Tritanomaly

42.6580, 72.0250, 21.7930

Monochromacy



Original Color

39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430

Achromatopsia

39.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

39.3410, 27.1410, 9.2290

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 3, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 3, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 3, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 3, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 3, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 3, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 3, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 3, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 3, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 3, 0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 39.4350, 74.2710, 25.1430 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 3, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126, 3,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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