

Converting Colors

YIQ(41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700)
contains.

YIQ(41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(41.0660, -41.6420,
60.8700)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	270DBF
RGB	39, 13, 191
RGB Percent	15%, 5%, 75%
CMY	0.8468, 0.9491, 0.2513
CMYK	0.80, 0.93, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	249°, 87%, 40%
HSV	249°, 93%, 75%
XYZ	10.3776, 4.4780, 49.5630
YIQ	41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

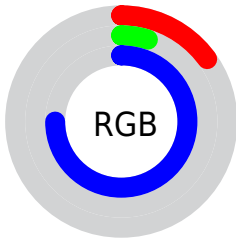
Format	Color
R_{YB}	39, 13, 191
Decimal	2559423
CIE _{Lab}	25.19, 61.42, -82.83
CIE _{LCh}	25, 103.118, 306.560
Yxy	4.4780, 0.1611, 0.0695
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280749503 (0xFF270DBF)
YUV	41.0660, 73.9175, -1.8119
Hunter-Lab	21.1612, 50.5058, -124.0541

Details

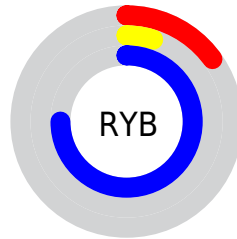
The YIQ color **41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3300CC**. A complement of this color would be **162.9340, 41.6420, -60.8700**, and the grayscale version is **40.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **102.9750, -30.9600, 65.5200**, and **15.5040, -43.6560, 42.2960** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.1460, -44.6230, 65.3370**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.0030, -37.3310, 54.3250**.

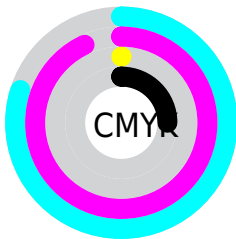
Distribution



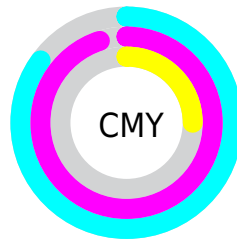
- Red (15%)
- Green (5%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (95%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 41.0660, -41.6420,
60.8700

■ 41.0660, -41.6420,
60.8700

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 18.5820, -52.3230,
50.6930

■ 102.9750,
-30.9600, 65.5200

■ 15.5040, -43.6560,
42.2960

■ 128.4890,
-20.9640, 60.5720

■ 12.4260, -34.9890,
33.8990

■ 153.0200, -9.6380,
53.5460

■ 16.0330, -29.9890,
20.3710

■ 178.1380, 1.4130,
45.9970

■ 10.3620, -20.9100,
15.5220

■ 203.8430, 12.1890,
37.9250


■ 5.3920, -12.4270,
10.4610

■ 225.0630, 14.0250,


■ 2.0690, -4.4480,


26.6730


3.5200


 242.0860, 6.0500,
11.5060


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 41.0660, -41.6420,
60.8700


 41.0660, -41.6420,
60.8700


 30.1460, -44.6230,
65.3370

 57.0030, -37.3310,
54.3250

 73.2390, -32.4240,
47.9920

 89.1760, -28.1130,
41.4470

 105.1130,
-23.8020, 34.9020

 121.3490,
-18.8950, 28.5690

■ 137.8730,
-14.8590, 21.5010

■ 153.8100,
-10.5480, 14.9560

■ 169.7470, -6.2370,
8.4110

■ 185.9830, -1.3300,
2.0780

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.2130, -91.4290, 32.5310



41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700



60.7800, 53.1720, 71.6360

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700



47.6200, 66.0200, 14.9800



57.3850, -47.2210, -19.7730

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700



162.9340, 41.6420, -60.8700

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.9600, -22.0000, -41.8400



41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700



54.6220, 17.8390, -20.4410

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700



48.7370, 97.1480, 34.5560



44.6120, -20.9000, -39.7480



67.4510, -72.8090, 3.4390

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700



61.5440, 82.6550, 60.4390



44.6120, -20.9000, -39.7480



53.7200, -38.2790, -27.6470

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700



188.8560, -16.1890, 23.5790



123.6900, -99.4880, -25.1840



88.9950, -9.6310, 14.8570



252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700



38.9220, -57.8310, 84.4490



67.0790, 10.2100, 79.3140



86.3250, -2.2930, 3.0110



24.8890, -37.0100, 54.0140



4.7300, -7.5670, 10.4890

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.5500, 57.2960, 85.0080



97.9070, 79.4810, 117.9850



136.9210, -10.2100, -79.3140



88.6030, 2.7960, 4.3960



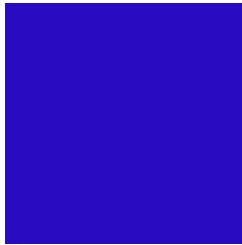
62.6320, 50.8330, 75.4810



12.2330, 10.1300, 14.6580

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

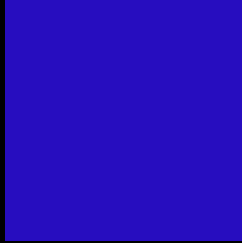
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 41.0660, -41.6420,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700

Protanopia

48.6550, -55.7080, 7.3960

Deuteranopia

48.8370, -50.7090, -0.6050



Tritanopia

48.0100, -41.4910, -13.4830

Trichromacy



Original Color

41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700

Protanomaly

45.7120, -50.7140, 27.0300

Deuteranomaly

46.1050, -47.6870, 21.7290

Tritanomaly

45.4720, -41.7710, 13.6290

Monochromacy



Original Color

41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700

Achromatopsia

41.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

41.1010, -15.5010, 22.1230

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(39, 13, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(39, 13, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(39, 13, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(39, 13, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(39, 13, 191) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(39, 13, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(39, 13, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(39, 13, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 13, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 13,  
191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 41.0660, -41.6420, 60.8700 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(39, 13, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(39, 13,  
191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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