

Converting Colors

YIQ(44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(44.6990, -41.8130,
-7.6450)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003D4E
RGB	0, 61, 78
RGB Percent	0%, 24%, 31%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7607, 0.6943
CMYK	1.00, 0.22, 0.00, 0.69
HSL	193°, 100%, 15%
HSV	193°, 100%, 31%
XYZ	3.0436, 3.8896, 7.7895
YIQ	44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 34, 78
Decimal	15694
CIELab	23.30, -10.63, -15.26
CIELCh	23, 18.601, 235.134
Yxy	3.8896, 0.2067, 0.2642
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278205774 (0xFF003D4E)
YUV	44.6990, 16.4174, -39.2010
Hunter-Lab	19.7222, -6.9667, -9.6118

Details

The YIQ color **44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **33.3010, 41.8130, 7.6450**, and the grayscale version is **45.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.1130, -34.1110, -4.0550**, and **15.0290, -16.1390, 0.6370** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.2650, -37.5950, -6.9950**.

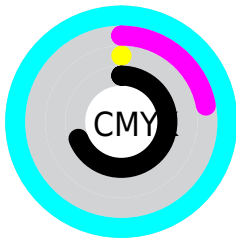
Distribution



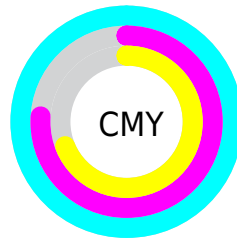
- Red (0%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (69%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 44.6990, -41.8130,
-7.6450

■ 44.6990, -41.8130,
-7.6450

■ 254.4020, -1.1920,
-0.4240

■ 29.1630, -28.3800,
-3.2920

■ 96.7000, -34.3860,
-4.5780

■ 15.0290, -16.1390,
0.6370

■ 122.1130,
-34.1110, -4.0550

■ 1.0260, -2.8890,
2.7990

■ 148.2270,
-34.4320, -3.7440


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 175.2270,
-34.4320, -3.7440


■ 203.0420,
-35.3490, -3.6450


■ 230.0160,


-32.4600, -6.4440


 245.7310,
-18.4760, -6.5720


 44.6990, -41.8130,
-7.6450

 48.2650, -37.5950,
-6.9950

 51.2440, -33.1020,
-5.8220

 54.5110, -29.4800,
-5.3840

 58.0770, -25.2620,
-4.7340

 61.0560, -20.7690,
-3.5610

■ 64.6220, -16.5510,
-2.9110

■ 68.1880, -12.3330,
-2.2610

■ 71.4550, -8.7110,
-1.8230

■ 74.4340, -4.2180,
-0.6500

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.6190, -38.8320, -12.1120



44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450



52.4780, -24.7130, 1.8390

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450



56.9470, 16.6870, 11.4630



53.3130, 6.0080, -9.7680

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450



33.3010, 41.8130, 7.6450

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.6240, 15.4980, -5.5420



44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450



55.9490, 22.3730, 7.5330

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450



57.6130, 6.0040, 12.3400



55.5480, 21.8240, 0.9600



51.0170, -7.8380, -12.1420

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450



55.0990, -13.1600, 7.2240



55.5480, 21.8240, 0.9600



53.9930, 9.9050, -8.8070

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450



88.6220, -16.5510, -2.9110



47.7240, -26.9070, -35.5070



43.2700, -9.6280, -1.7240



179.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



51.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450



58.5880, -54.7420, -10.1180



21.8060, -31.0880, 12.7520



36.2170, -2.1090, -0.3250



131.8800, -123.3300, -22.6100

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.2760, 26.9070, 35.5070



39.6180, 35.1120, 46.5040



56.1940, 31.0880, -12.7520



35.5380, 1.4210, 1.7810



89.2900, 79.3000, 104.7400

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

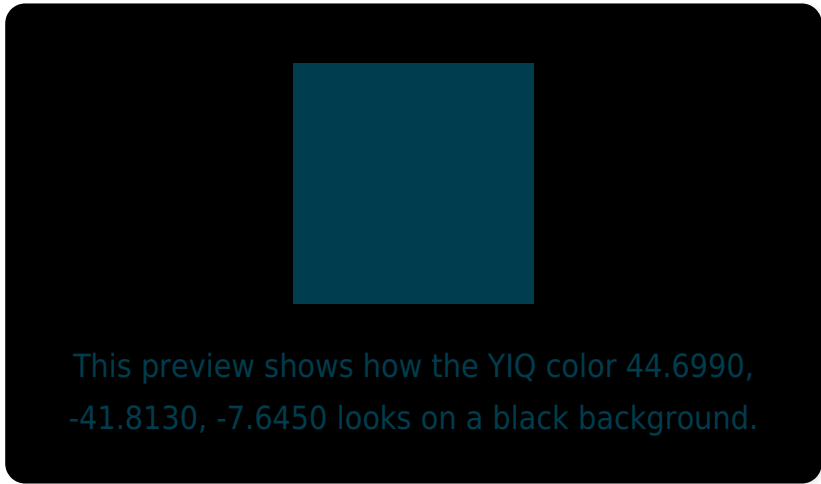
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

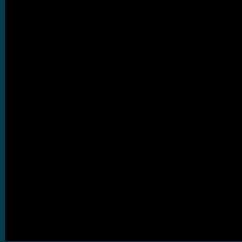
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 44.6990, -41.8130,

-7.6450.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450

Protanopia

55.9700, -8.4830, 5.0610

Deuteranopia

55.6430, -11.8760, 5.9800

Trichromacy



Original Color

44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450

Protanomaly

51.5770, -20.6780, 0.2980

Deuteranomaly

51.7340, -22.5580, 1.3300

Monochromacy



Original Color

44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450

Achromatopsia

45.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

45.1060, -15.0380, -2.7980

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 61, 78)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 61, 78)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 61, 78) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 61, 78) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 61, 78) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 61, 78) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 61, 78)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 61, 78); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 61, 78); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 61, 78) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 44.6990, -41.8130, -7.6450 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 61, 78) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 61,  
78) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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