

Converting Colors

YIQ(45.4600, -25.4430,
-17.9790)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(45.4600, -25.4430, -17.9790)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(45.4600, -25.4430,
-17.9790)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0A402B
RGB	10, 64, 43
RGB Percent	4%, 25%, 17%
CMY	0.9609, 0.7489, 0.8315
CMYK	0.84, 0.00, 0.33, 0.75
HSL	157°, 73%, 15%
HSV	157°, 84%, 25%
XYZ	2.3950, 3.9079, 2.9115
YIQ	45.4600, -25.4430, -17.9790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

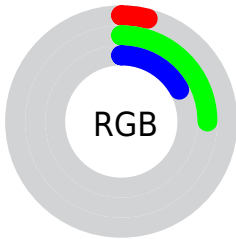
Format	Color
R_{YB}	10, 44, 64
Decimal	671787
CIE _{Lab}	23.36, -23.09, 8.06
CIE _{LCh}	23, 24.456, 160.748
Yxy	3.9079, 0.2599, 0.4241
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278861867 (0xFF0A402B)
YUV	45.4600, -1.2128, -31.0984
Hunter-Lab	19.7684, -12.9685, 5.1057

Details

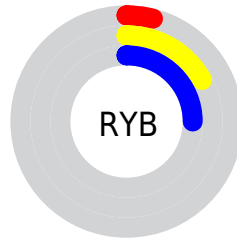
The YIQ color **45.4600, -25.4430, -17.9790** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **28.5400, 25.4430, 17.9790**, and the grayscale version is **45.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.3140, -22.0960, -18.0640**, and **11.7400, -5.5000, -10.4600** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.3240, -28.0560, -20.1840**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.4820, -22.5090, -16.0850**.

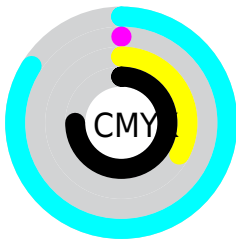
Distribution



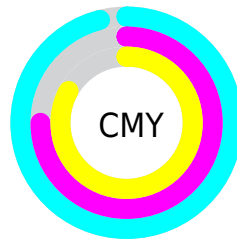
- Red (4%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (75%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 45.4600, -25.4430, -17.9790 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 45.4600, -25.4430, -17.9790 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 45.4600, -25.4430,
-17.9790

■ 45.4600, -25.4430,
-17.9790

■ 253.5050, -2.9800,
-1.0600

■ 27.1620, -18.6120,
-15.1240

■ 94.3140, -22.0960,
-18.0640

■ 11.7400, -5.5000,
-10.4600

■ 119.9010,
-22.3710, -18.5870

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 145.4880,
-22.6460, -19.1100

■ 172.7760,
-23.5170, -19.8450


■ 200.3630,
-23.7920, -20.3680


■ 228.3630,


-23.7920, -20.3680


 244.0360,
-18.0170, -9.3850


 45.4600, -25.4430,
-17.9790


 45.4600, -25.4430,
-17.9790


 43.3240, -28.0560,
-20.1840


 47.4820, -22.5090,
-16.0850

 42.0140, -30.1190,
-21.3430

 49.9170, -19.3000,
-13.6680

 51.9390, -16.3660,
-11.7740

 54.3740, -13.1570,
-9.3570

 56.3960, -10.2230,
-7.4630

■ 58.5320, -7.6100,
-5.2580

■ 60.8530, -4.0800,
-3.1520

■ 62.9890, -1.4670,
-0.9470

■ 65.3100, 2.0630,
1.1590

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.8450, -1.6020, -15.0260



45.4600, -25.4430, -17.9790



45.2230, -37.7770, -14.7130

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.4600, -25.4430, -17.9790



53.5370, -23.2010, 7.4790



55.6030, 29.1590, 5.6950

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.4600, -25.4430, -17.9790



28.5400, 25.4430, 17.9790

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.0900, 26.5900, 13.7100



45.4600, -25.4430, -17.9790



57.3720, -0.5070, 14.7010

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.4600, -25.4430, -17.9790



46.0670, -45.6650, -3.9130



57.2230, 16.0900, 16.7780



54.4680, 24.8050, -3.5070

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.4600, -25.4430, -17.9790



46.0040, -41.3540, -10.4580



57.2230, 16.0900, 16.7780



55.5970, 29.2960, 8.7200

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.4600, -25.4430, -17.9790



76.8090, -9.9480, -6.9400



48.2760, -1.7380, -23.5780



38.5430, -6.1430, -4.3110



171.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



43.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.4600, -25.4430, -17.9790



55.1220, -39.4710, -28.0710



44.9190, -30.8090, -8.8330



31.9890, -1.4670, -0.9470



63.6650, -45.6140, -32.3820



147.1060, -105.5770, -74.5450

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.5400, 25.4430, 17.9790



28.8780, 39.4710, 28.0710



29.0810, 30.8090, 8.8330



31.0110, 1.4670, 0.9470



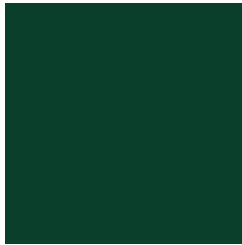
33.3350, 45.6140, 32.3820



76.8940, 105.5770, 74.5450

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 45.4600, -25.4430, -17.9790 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

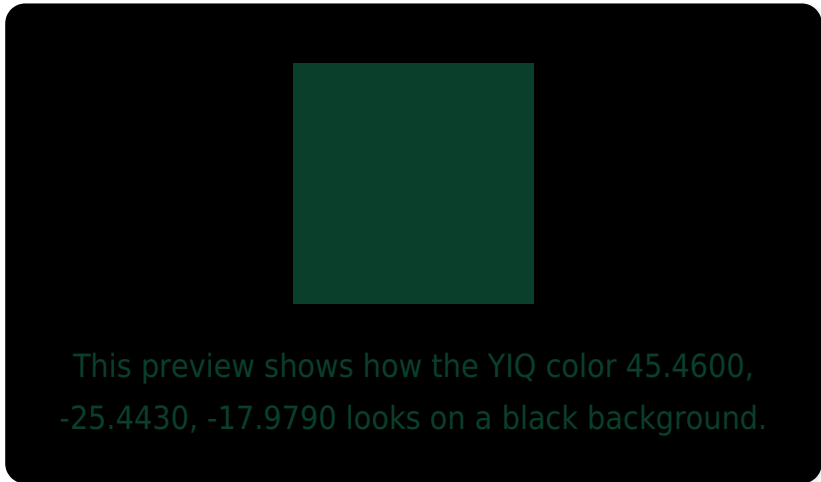
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

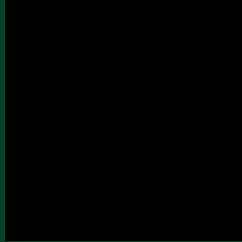
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 45.4600, -25.4430, -17.9790

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 45.4600, -25.4430, -17.9790.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 45.4600, -25.4430,

-17.9790.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

45.4600, -25.4430, -17.9790

Protanopia

55.2580, 7.8410, -4.4390

Deuteranopia

56.2630, 9.4450, -0.4670



Tritanopia

50.5070, -23.6570, -6.2890

Trichromacy



Original Color

45.4600, -25.4430, -17.9790

Protanomaly

51.7510, -4.0330, -9.5130

Deuteranomaly

52.5170, -3.2540, -7.1100

Tritanomaly

48.6870, -24.3440, -10.3600

Monochromacy



Original Color

45.4600, -25.4430, -17.9790

Achromatopsia

45.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

45.1080, -9.3520, -6.7280

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 45.4600, -25.4430, -17.9790 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(10, 64, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(10, 64, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(10, 64, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(10, 64, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 45.4600, -25.4430, -17.9790 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(10, 64, 43) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(10, 64, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(10, 64, 43)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(10, 64, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 64, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 64, 43)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 45.4600, -25.4430, -17.9790 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(10, 64, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(10, 64,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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