

# Converting Colors

YIQ(45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(45.5950, -9.6390,  
59.0730)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	490A9D
RGB	73, 10, 157
RGB Percent	29%, 4%, 62%
CMY	0.7135, 0.9609, 0.3845
CMYK	0.53, 0.94, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	266°, 88%, 33%
HSV	266°, 94%, 62%
XYZ	8.9431, 4.0684, 32.1949
YIQ	45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

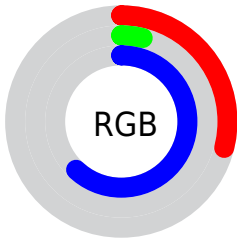
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	73, 10, 157
Decimal	4786845
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	23.90, 55.45, -64.45
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	24, 85.023, 310.705
Yxy	4.0684, 0.1978, 0.0900
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282976925 (0xFF490A9D)
YUV	45.5950, 54.9227, 24.0342
Hunter-Lab	20.1702, 43.8453, -80.5169

# Details

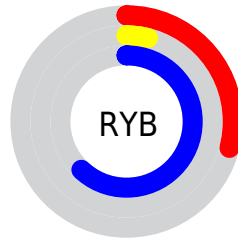
The YIQ color **45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330099**. A complement of this color would be **121.4050, 9.6390, -59.0730**, and the grayscale version is **45.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **103.3670, -8.9970, 58.4510**, and **11.8560, -33.3840, 32.3440** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.9310, -10.4650, 63.0310**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.6780, -8.6750, 52.6130**.

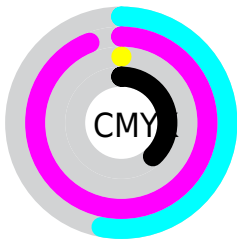
# Distribution



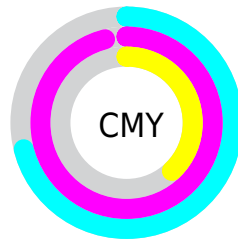
- Red (29%)
- Green (4%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (96%)
- Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 45.5950, -9.6390,  
59.0730

■ 45.5950, -9.6390,  
59.0730

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 27.0790, -17.2940,  
49.1220

■ 103.3670, -8.9970,  
58.4510

■ 11.8560, -33.3840,  
32.3440

■ 130.6060, -8.1720,  
60.0200

■ 9.0060, -25.3590,  
24.5690

■ 156.0210, -2.2110,  
56.6130

■ 9.2050, -19.0300,  
14.4900

■ 180.8400, 8.2440,  
48.8520

■ 4.9360, -11.1430,  
9.2170

■ 206.2460, 18.4240,  
40.5680

■ 0.5700, -1.6050,  
1.5550


■ 224.4760, 14.3000,


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,


27.1960


0.0000


 241.4990, 6.3250,  
12.0290


 45.5950, -9.6390,  
59.0730


 45.5950, -9.6390,  
59.0730

 37.9310, -10.4650,  
63.0310

 57.6780, -8.6750,  
52.6130

 69.1740, -7.4360,  
46.6760

 81.2570, -6.4720,  
40.2160

 93.3400, -5.5080,  
33.7560

 104.8360, -4.2690,  
27.8190

■ 116.9190, -3.3050,  
21.3590

■ 129.0020, -2.3410,  
14.8990

■ 141.0850, -1.3770,  
8.4390

■ 152.5810, -0.1380,  
2.5020

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.8260, -77.3980, 26.0420



45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730



53.9720, 52.2110, 61.5150

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730



51.9290, 51.4880, 3.0080



54.2050, -46.5340, -15.7020

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730



121.4050, 9.6390, -59.0730

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.2960, -22.8260, -37.8820



45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730



51.3440, 12.7500, -21.8260

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730



41.8600, 83.4400, 29.6800



42.2640, -19.8000, -37.6560



62.4470, -66.9860, 2.5340



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730



53.3700, 74.0370, 51.4210



42.2640, -19.8000, -37.6560



51.6970, -39.4720, -22.5440

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730



160.6740, -3.9930, 22.8150



77.2400, -70.8370, 0.7390



75.4750, -2.2950, 14.0650



230.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



102.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730



49.5680, -13.0360, 82.1000



67.1230, 33.2730, 74.3370



73.1080, -0.1840, 3.3360



34.5410, -9.5470, 57.4050



3.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.5290, 60.6480, 57.2880



74.2200, 84.3480, 79.3240



99.8770, -33.2730, -74.3370



73.9620, 3.1630, 3.2510



52.1050, 58.9060, 55.8180

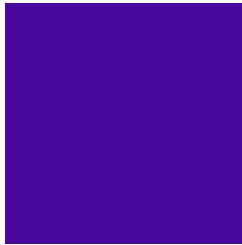


5.5110, 6.0510, 5.9790



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

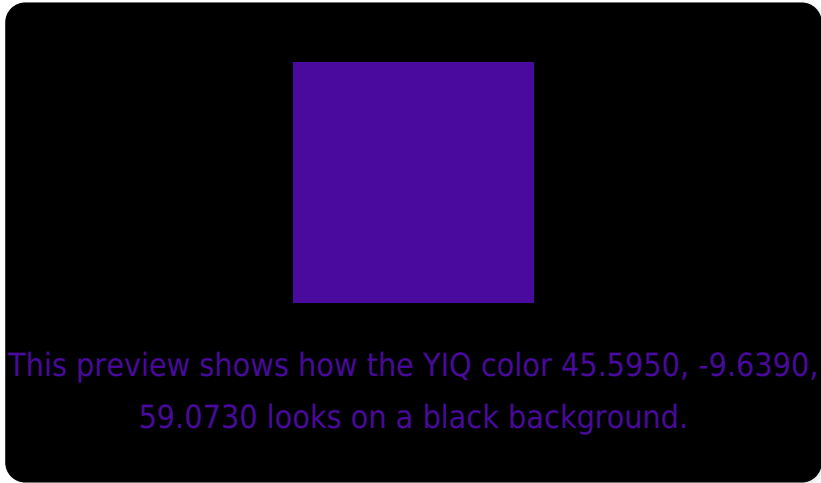
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

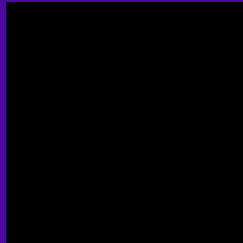
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 45.5950, -9.6390,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730

### Protanopia

47.0250, -53.8740, 7.1980

### Deuteranopia

47.4350, -49.5170, -0.1810



## Tritanopia

57.0740, -12.0120, -2.5720

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730

## Protanomaly

46.7150, -37.6010, 26.1670

## Deuteranomaly

46.6350, -34.6200, 21.7000

## Tritanomaly

52.9720, -10.8240, 19.9600

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730

## Achromatopsia

46.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

45.9190, -3.3050, 21.3590

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 10, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 10, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 10, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 10, 157) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 10, 157) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 10, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 10, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 10, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 10, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 10,  
157) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 45.5950, -9.6390, 59.0730 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 10, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 10,  
157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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