

Converting Colors

YIQ(48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(48.1790, 29.6990,
62.0110)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	730079
RGB	115, 0, 121
RGB Percent	45%, 0%, 47%
CMY	0.5487, 1.0000, 0.5255
CMYK	0.05, 1.00, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	297°, 100%, 24%
HSV	297°, 100%, 47%
XYZ	10.5335, 5.0315, 18.5071
YIQ	48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

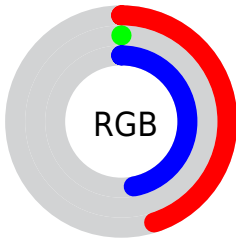
Format	Color
RYB	115, 0, 121
Decimal	7536761
CIELab	26.82, 55.58, -36.95
CIELCh	27, 66.743, 326.382
Yxy	5.0315, 0.3092, 0.1477
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285726841 (0xFF730079)
YUV	48.1790, 35.9008, 58.6020
Hunter-Lab	22.4310, 44.5686, -33.2167

Details

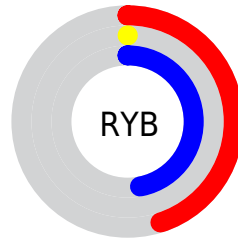
The YIQ color **48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **72.8210, -29.6990, -62.0110**, and the grayscale version is **48.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **111.1690, 26.4910, 54.0670**, and **26.7460, 13.8400, 35.5360** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.5220, 26.9950, 55.9470**.

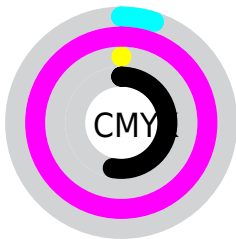
Distribution



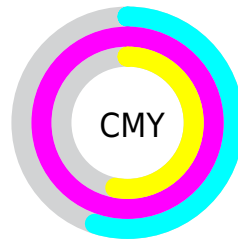
- Red (45%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.1790, 29.6990,
62.0110

■ 48.1790, 29.6990,
62.0110

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 37.2560, 21.6320,
48.5120

■ 111.1690, 26.4910,
54.0670

■ 26.7460, 13.8400,
35.5360

■ 138.8810, 27.3620,
54.8020

■ 16.9480, 6.9190,
23.2950

■ 166.5930, 28.2330,
55.5370

■ 3.5510, -8.6210,
7.5630

■ 193.9520, 28.6000,
54.3920

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 209.8010, 21.1750,
40.2710

■ 226.8240, 13.2000,

25.1040

■ 243.8470, 5.2250,
9.9370

■ 48.1790, 29.6990,
62.0110

■ 55.5220, 26.9950,
55.9470

■ 62.5660, 23.6950,
49.6710

■ 69.9090, 20.9910,
43.6070

■ 76.9530, 17.6910,
37.3310

■ 84.8830, 14.7120,
30.7440

■ 92.2260, 12.0080,
24.6800

■ 99.2700, 8.7080,
18.4040

■ 106.6130, 6.0040,
12.3400

■ 113.6570, 2.7040,
6.0640

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.9990, -59.0120, 23.2280



48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110



51.2640, 62.7120, 52.9200

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110



60.3360, 33.5640, -13.5720



61.0330, -57.4930, -9.8210

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110



72.8210, -29.6990, -62.0110

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.5180, -40.5260, -25.4700



48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110



52.4190, -1.0030, -31.3950

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110



54.9630, 63.3160, 8.9160



46.3730, -21.7250, -41.3170



64.6470, -70.4250, 4.2870

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110



48.3990, 75.0930, 43.2930



46.3730, -21.7250, -41.3170



59.0950, -52.0360, -15.1080

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110



129.8130, 11.7330, 24.1570



17.3160, -40.4910, 34.4930



62.2650, 7.1040, 14.4320



207.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



79.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110



62.8620, 38.6820, 80.9380



43.8170, 50.6090, 46.4890



57.4780, 1.6500, 3.1380



49.8310, 30.7990, 64.1030



100.4880, 62.1480, 129.2520

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.8630, 70.1900, 27.5180



48.1540, 91.6000, 35.9840



77.1830, -50.6090, -46.4890



56.7940, 3.5760, 1.2720



38.0590, 72.5740, 28.3660



76.7160, 146.3400, 57.1560

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

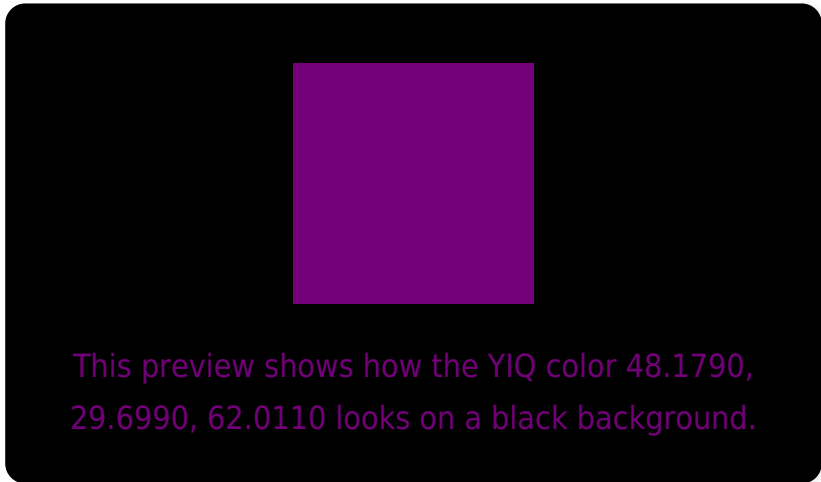
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

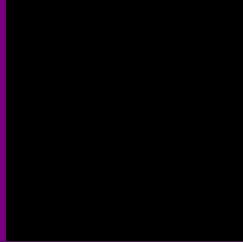
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 48.1790, 29.6990,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110

Protanopia

53.6590, -61.5310, 8.3010

Deuteranopia

62.1920, -35.3510, 7.4090



Tritanopia

65.3960, 34.4760, 13.9640

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110

Protanomaly

51.5590, -28.2940, 28.2020

Deuteranomaly

57.4160, -11.8340, 27.2540

Tritanomaly

59.1640, 32.9140, 31.2660

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110

Achromatopsia

48.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

48.2750, 10.3120, 22.3760

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 0, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 0, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 0, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 0, 121) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 0, 121) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 0, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 0, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 0, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 0, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 0,  
121) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 48.1790, 29.6990, 62.0110 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 0, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115, 0,  
121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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