

Converting Colors

YIQ(48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(48.6240, 69.3650,
25.9490)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	830D10
RGB	131, 13, 16
RGB Percent	51%, 5%, 6%
CMY	0.4860, 0.9492, 0.9370
CMYK	0.00, 0.90, 0.88, 0.49
HSL	358°, 82%, 28%
HSV	358°, 90%, 51%
XYZ	9.6086, 5.1553, 0.9816
YIQ	48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

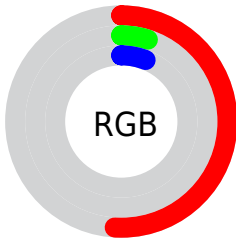
Format	Color
R_{YB}	131, 13, 16
Decimal	8588560
CIE _{Lab}	27.17, 46.83, 32.81
CIE _{LCh}	27, 57.183, 35.015
Yxy	5.1553, 0.6102, 0.3274
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286778640 (0xFF830D10)
YUV	48.6240, -16.0836, 72.2438
Hunter-Lab	22.7052, 35.8051, 13.3304

Details

The YIQ color **48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **95.3760, -69.3650, -25.9490**, and the grayscale version is **49.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **106.6860, 74.8220, 20.6620**, and **21.5280, 42.9120, 15.2640** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.5110, 77.1130, 28.7050**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.7370, 61.6170, 23.1930**.

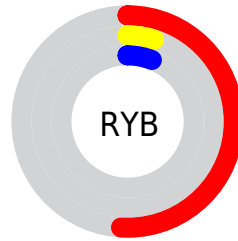
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (5%)

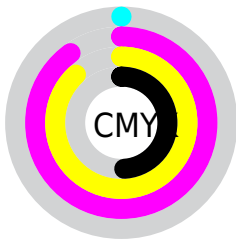
Blue (6%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (5%)

Blue (6%)

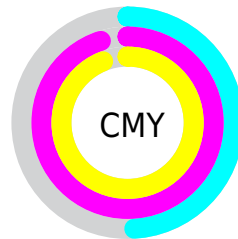


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (90%)

Yellow (88%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (95%)

Yellow (94%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 48.6240, 69.3650,
25.9490

■ 48.6240, 69.3650,
25.9490

■ 253.5180, 4.1730,
-4.0430

■ 30.4980, 60.7920,
21.6240

■ 106.6860, 74.8220,
20.6620

■ 21.5280, 42.9120,
15.2640

■ 133.9530, 78.4440,
21.1000

■ 13.9820, 26.7740,
10.3740

■ 161.8070, 81.7910,
21.0150

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 181.2180, 67.2120,
15.4040

■ 200.6180, 51.1660,
8.8460

■ 220.1320, 34.7990,

2.5990

■ 240.3470, 17.8360,
-3.8600

■ 48.6240, 69.3650,
25.9490

■ 48.6240, 69.3650,
25.9490

■ 39.5110, 77.1130,
28.7050

■ 57.7370, 61.6170,
23.1930

■ 66.8500, 53.8690,
20.4370

■ 75.8490, 46.4420,
17.3700

■ 84.9620, 38.6940,
14.6140

■ 94.6620, 30.6710,
11.3350

■ 103.7750, 22.9230,
8.5790

■ 112.7740, 15.4960,
5.5120

■ 121.8870, 7.7480,
2.7560

■ 131.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.6890, 62.7130, 47.3930



48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490



59.8810, 51.4430, -1.6850

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490



49.5820, -29.3830, -34.6870



57.3580, -67.8130, 12.0190

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490



95.3760, -69.3650, -25.9490

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.2020, -67.6740, 3.9900



48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490



56.2280, -45.3410, -20.8050

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490



51.5000, -5.7250, -33.9250



61.1300, -59.1440, -7.4320



64.1260, -16.6490, 31.9190

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490



60.9340, 34.7560, -13.1480



61.1300, -59.1440, -7.4320



60.2930, -69.1880, 9.4040

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490



138.8680, 27.0950, 10.0630



60.5380, 30.0660, 60.8660



67.4860, 16.3670, 6.2470



214.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490



51.5850, 100.6320, 37.4960



80.5670, 55.2030, -3.7490



61.7940, 3.5760, 1.2720



39.2120, 76.5170, 28.4930



0.8970, 1.7880, 0.6360

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490



51.5850, 100.6320, 37.4960



63.4330, -55.2030, 3.7490



61.7940, 3.5760, 1.2720



39.2120, 76.5170, 28.4930



0.8970, 1.7880, 0.6360

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

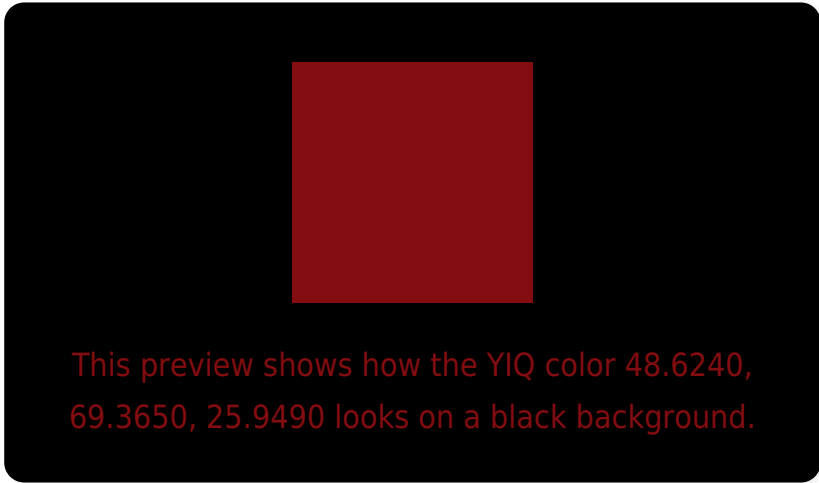
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

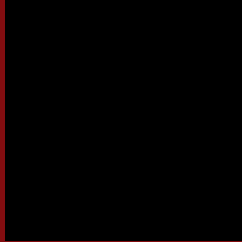
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 48.6240, 69.3650,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490

Protanopia

64.5330, 17.0120, -10.9560

Deuteranopia

62.0970, 32.7390, -15.1410



Tritanopia

48.4130, 71.3370, 23.2490

Trichromacy



Original Color

48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490

Protanomaly

58.6160, 36.3120, 2.7120

Deuteranomaly

57.2980, 45.8950, -0.2570

Tritanomaly

48.7550, 70.3740, 24.1820

Monochromacy



Original Color

48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490

Achromatopsia

49.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

48.9710, 25.3070, 9.4270

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 13, 16)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 13, 16)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 13, 16) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 13, 16) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 13, 16) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 13, 16) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 13, 16)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 13, 16); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 13, 16);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 13,  
16) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 48.6240, 69.3650, 25.9490 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 13, 16) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131, 13,  
16) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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