

Converting Colors

YIQ(49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(49.5500, 81.3770,
28.5210)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	910908
RGB	145, 9, 8
RGB Percent	57%, 4%, 3%
CMY	0.4311, 0.9648, 0.9683
CMYK	0.00, 0.94, 0.94, 0.43
HSL	0°, 89%, 30%
HSV	0°, 94%, 57%
XYZ	11.8329, 6.2391, 0.8127
YIQ	49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

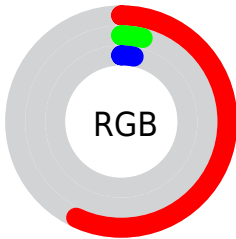
Format	Color
RYB	145, 9, 8
Decimal	9505032
CIELab	30.01, 51.35, 40.11
CIELCh	30, 65.163, 37.994
Yxy	6.2391, 0.6266, 0.3304
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287695112 (0xFF910908)
YUV	49.5500, -20.4841, 83.7096
Hunter-Lab	24.9781, 40.8493, 15.5556

Details

The YIQ color **49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **103.4500, -81.3770, -28.5210**, and the grayscale version is **50.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **111.3730, 86.0090, 21.6650**, and **25.4150, 50.6600, 18.0200** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.9420, 86.1450, 30.2170**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.4780, 72.7120, 25.8640**.

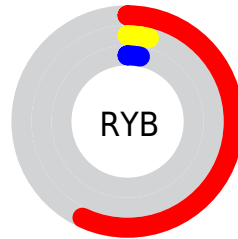
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (4%)

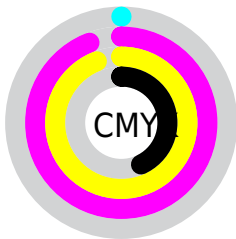
Blue (3%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (4%)

Blue (3%)

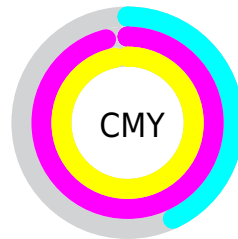


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (94%)

Yellow (94%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (96%)

Yellow (97%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.5500, 81.3770,
28.5210

■ 49.5500, 81.3770,
28.5210

■ 252.8340, 6.0990,
-5.9090

■ 34.3850, 68.5400,
24.3800

■ 111.3730, 86.0090,
21.6650

■ 25.4150, 50.6600,
18.0200

■ 139.2270, 89.3560,
21.5800

■ 17.5700, 33.9260,
12.9180

■ 163.4820, 84.0840,
18.0040

■ 5.6810, 11.3240,
4.0280

■ 182.2950, 68.3130,
11.9690

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 201.6950, 52.2670,
5.4110

■ 221.7960, 35.6250,

-1.3590

■ 241.8970, 18.9830,
-8.1290

■ 49.5500, 81.3770,
28.5210

■ 49.5500, 81.3770,
28.5210

■ 43.9420, 86.1450,
30.2170

■ 59.4780, 72.7120,
25.8640

■ 69.8790, 64.0930,
22.3730

■ 79.8070, 55.4280,
19.7160

■ 90.2080, 46.8090,
16.2250

■ 100.1360, 38.1440,
13.5680

■ 109.9500, 29.8000,
10.6000

■ 120.4650, 20.8600,
7.4200

■ 130.2790, 12.5160,
4.4520

■ 140.7940, 3.5760,
1.2720

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.1850, 73.1200, 51.5200



49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210



66.0940, 55.1570, -2.9150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210



54.9620, -33.5090, -37.0050



63.1600, -75.8830, 15.1010

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210



103.4500, -81.3770, -28.5210

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.4060, -76.9360, 6.6480



49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210



62.4060, -51.7140, -20.9460

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210



50.8030, -20.1200, -42.8720



67.9920, -67.4430, -5.7070



70.3210, -12.5240, 39.7640

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210



66.8260, 34.9400, -16.4840



67.9920, -67.4430, -5.7070



66.2090, -77.5790, 12.7970

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210



151.8470, 31.5880, 11.2360



64.5810, 37.6750, 71.6510



71.5680, 19.0720, 6.7840



222.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210



57.0980, 112.3690, 39.5450



89.4660, 62.6770, -7.0430



66.0930, 4.1720, 1.4840



40.9520, 80.1850, 28.0970



2.3920, 4.7680, 1.6960

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



103.4500, -81.3770, -28.5210



131.3150, -112.0940, -39.0220



64.1210, -62.9520, 6.5200



68.9070, -4.1720, -1.4840



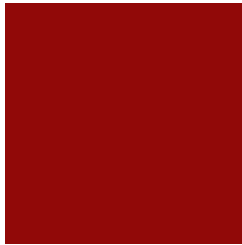
94.0480, -80.1850, -28.0970



5.6080, -4.7680, -1.6960

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 49.5500, 81.3770,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210

Protanopia

70.3500, 21.7810, -14.7870

Deuteranopia

68.8970, 36.1780, -16.8940



Tritanopia

50.9860, 82.8450, 23.9410

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210

Protanomaly

62.5690, 43.6940, 1.0860

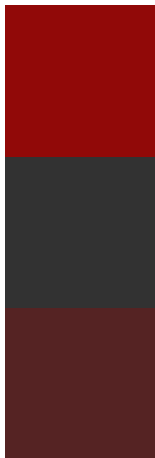
Deuteranomaly

62.0060, 52.5890, -0.4270

Tritanomaly

50.7410, 82.1570, 25.3970

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210

Achromatopsia

50.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

49.9500, 29.8000, 10.6000

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 9, 8)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 9, 8)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 9, 8) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 9, 8) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 9, 8) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 9, 8) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 9, 8)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 9, 8); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 9, 8); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 9, 8) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 49.5500, 81.3770, 28.5210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 9, 8) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145, 9,  
8) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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