

Converting Colors

YIQ(50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(50.5270, 26.3170,
2.1330)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D2A19
RGB	77, 42, 25
RGB Percent	30%, 16%, 10%
CMY	0.6980, 0.8353, 0.9018
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.68, 0.70
HSL	20°, 51%, 20%
HSV	20°, 68%, 30%
XYZ	4.0653, 3.3038, 1.3448
YIQ	50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

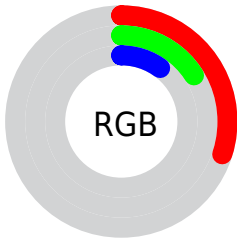
Format	Color
R_{YB}	77, 50, 25
Decimal	5057049
CIE _{Lab}	21.22, 14.42, 17.94
CIE _{LCh}	21, 23.021, 51.212
Yxy	3.3038, 0.4665, 0.3791
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283247129 (0xFF4D2A19)
YUV	50.5270, -12.5848, 23.2168
Hunter-Lab	18.1762, 8.1149, 8.3366

Details

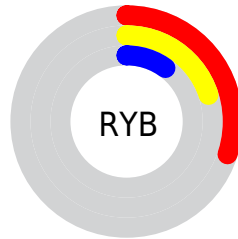
The YIQ color **50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **51.4730, -26.3170, -2.1330**, and the grayscale version is **51.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.9790, 30.8560, 2.4720**, and **9.2690, 18.4760, 6.5720** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.6800, 30.2600, 2.2600**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.3740, 22.3740, 2.0060**.

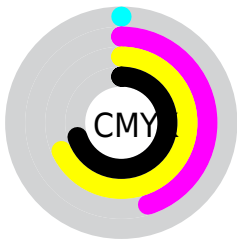
Distribution



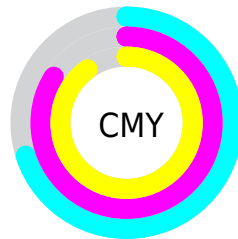
- Red (30%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (10%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Black (70%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.5270, 26.3170,
2.1330

■ 50.5270, 26.3170,
2.1330

■ 254.7720, 0.6420,
-0.6220

■ 28.1740, 25.8130,
0.2530

■ 98.0930, 30.5350,
2.7830

■ 9.2690, 18.4760,
6.5720

■ 122.8760, 32.6440,
3.1080

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 149.0610, 33.5610,
3.0090

■ 175.6590, 34.7530,
3.4330

■ 203.1430, 36.2660,
3.5460

■ 227.1420, 28.8390,

0.4790

■ 247.3570, 11.8760,
-5.9800

■ 50.5270, 26.3170,
2.1330

■ 50.5270, 26.3170,
2.1330

■ 46.6800, 30.2600,
2.2600

■ 54.3740, 22.3740,
2.0060

■ 42.9470, 33.8820,
2.6980

■ 58.1070, 18.7520,
1.5680

■ 38.5130, 38.1000,
3.3480

■ 62.5410, 14.5340,
0.9180

■ 37.6980, 39.0170,
3.2490

■ 66.3880, 10.5910,
0.7910

■ 70.2350, 6.6480,
0.6640

■ 73.9680, 3.0260,
0.2260

■ 77.8150, -0.9170,
0.0990

■ 82.2490, -5.1350,
-0.5510

■ 85.9820, -8.7570,
-0.9890

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.0960, 26.4530, 10.6850



50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330



49.4350, 20.4040, -6.3480

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330



39.7630, -30.6700, -16.8620



50.7940, -13.6190, 10.0370

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330



51.4730, -26.3170, -2.1330

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.2740, -41.8140, -2.1180



50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330



41.8150, -36.4480, -11.2640

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330



45.4360, -7.7000, -14.6440



42.8240, -40.6670, -6.3870



52.8950, 5.2700, 14.6300

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330



48.7930, 13.3440, -10.5600



42.8240, -40.6670, -6.3870



49.3800, -21.3210, 6.4470

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330



89.2030, 9.6740, 0.8900



44.6520, 19.4360, 22.2200



44.9360, 6.0520, 0.4520



179.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



51.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330



58.1820, 40.5300, 3.3620



65.2020, 19.4420, -10.9420



36.3700, 1.8340, -0.1980



49.8690, 51.7170, 4.3650



112.7950, 116.4550, 9.5350

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.4730, -26.3170, -2.1330



59.8180, -40.5300, -3.3620



36.7980, -19.4420, 10.9420



36.2170, -2.1090, -0.3250



52.1310, -51.7170, -4.3650



117.2050, -116.4550, -9.5350

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

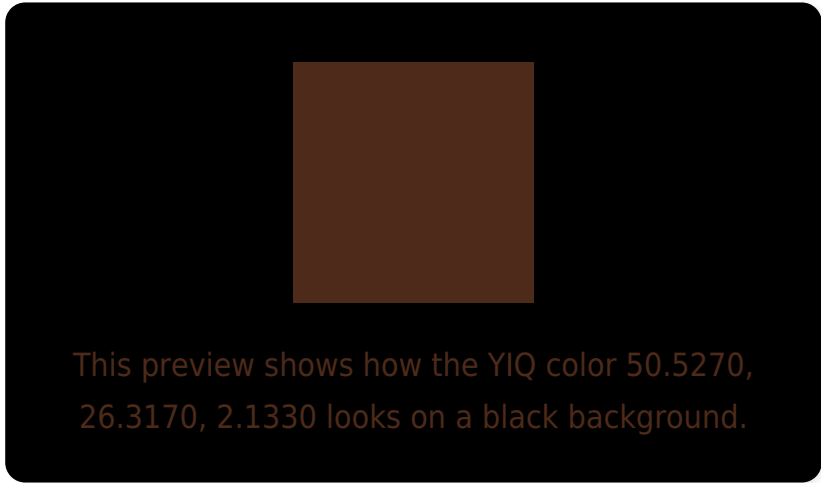
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

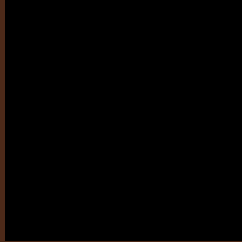
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330.

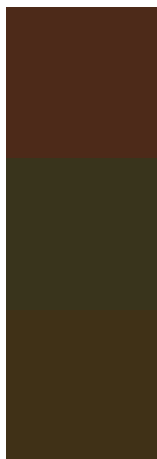


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 50.5270, 26.3170,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330

Protanopia

50.7590, 10.6840, -6.4040

Deuteranopia

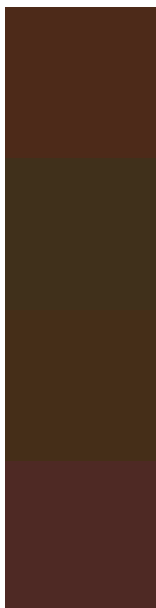
50.5210, 17.2860, -4.9060



Tritanopia

51.7040, 21.6850, 8.9890

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330

Protanomaly

50.3900, 16.2770, -3.1390

Deuteranomaly

50.3690, 20.7700, -1.9660

Tritanomaly

51.4930, 23.6570, 6.2890

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330

Achromatopsia

51.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

50.9040, 9.0780, 0.6780

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 42, 25)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 42, 25)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 42, 25) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 42, 25) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 42, 25) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 42, 25) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 42, 25)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 42, 25); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 42, 25);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 42, 25)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 50.5270, 26.3170, 2.1330 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 42, 25) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 42,  
25) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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