

# Converting Colors

YIQ(51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(51.0230, 28.6970,  
25.0890)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E1B3E
RGB	94, 27, 62
RGB Percent	37%, 11%, 24%
CMY	0.6312, 0.8942, 0.7568
CMYK	0.00, 0.71, 0.34, 0.63
HSL	329°, 55%, 24%
HSV	329°, 71%, 37%
XYZ	5.8822, 3.5128, 4.9286
YIQ	51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

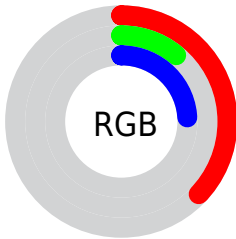
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	94, 27, 62
Decimal	6167358
CIELab	21.99, 34.02, -5.78
CIELCh	22, 34.510, 350.364
Yxy	3.5128, 0.4107, 0.2452
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284357438 (0xFF5E1B3E)
YUV	51.0230, 5.4117, 37.6908
Hunter-Lab	18.7423, 23.2227, -2.4717

# Details

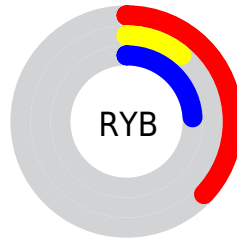
The YIQ color **51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **69.9770, -28.6970, -25.0890**, and the grayscale version is **51.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.9910, 31.7230, 25.3150**, and **16.0340, 20.9960, 15.9720** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.2840, 32.4560, 28.5520**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.8760, 24.6170, 21.9370**.

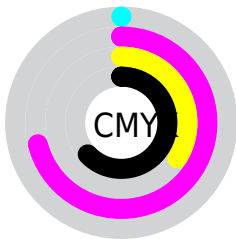
# Distribution



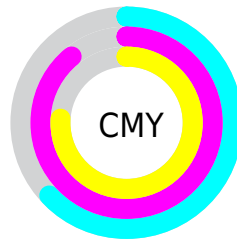
- Red (37%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (63%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (76%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



51.0230, 28.6970,  
25.0890

51.0230, 28.6970,  
25.0890

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

25.1910, 28.2840,  
27.0680

100.9910, 31.7230,  
25.3150

16.0340, 20.9960,  
15.9720

127.0020, 33.1900,  
26.2620

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


153.6000, 34.3820,  
26.6860


180.6110, 35.8490,  
27.6330


207.1160, 32.8690,  
26.5730


226.7440, 16.1810,


20.6370


 244.4340, 4.9500,  
9.4140


 51.0230, 28.6970,  
25.0890


 51.0230, 28.6970,  
25.0890


 45.2840, 32.4560,  
28.5520


 56.8760, 24.6170,  
21.9370


 38.8440, 36.8110,  
32.2270

 63.2020, 20.5830,  
17.9510

 33.6920, 40.2950,  
35.1670

 68.9410, 16.8240,  
14.4880

 75.3810, 12.4690,  
10.8130

 81.1200, 8.7100,  
7.3500

■ 86.9730, 4.6300,  
4.1980

■ 93.2990, 0.5960,  
0.2120

■ 99.1520, -3.4840,  
-2.9400

■ 105.4780, -7.5180,  
-6.9260

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.9480, 6.9190, 23.2950



51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890



49.2550, 39.4270, 17.8510

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890



48.1100, 13.5290, -19.4230



47.4690, -46.8570, -4.3370

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890



69.9770, -28.6970, -25.0890

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.5480, -40.0700, -11.7020



51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890



41.6320, -14.4840, -23.8600

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890



49.7040, 29.7120, -9.8400



42.4700, -31.4030, -20.0990



45.7880, -49.0130, 1.6990



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890



50.1590, 39.3370, 8.4650



42.4700, -31.4030, -20.0990



47.2580, -44.8850, -7.0370

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890



105.9570, 10.7270, 9.3430



43.9070, -3.0310, 27.4090



51.3970, 6.3720, 5.6680



189.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



61.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890



54.6650, 44.9250, 39.3650



47.2610, 39.2900, 14.8260



42.8370, 2.0170, 1.9930



39.3880, 47.2630, 41.0470



84.9990, 101.4480, 88.8080



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890



54.6650, 44.9250, 39.3650



73.7390, -39.2900, -14.8260



42.8370, 2.0170, 1.9930



39.3880, 47.2630, 41.0470

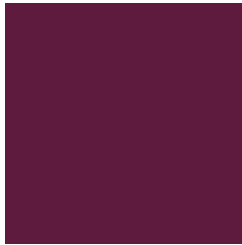


84.9990, 101.4480, 88.8080



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

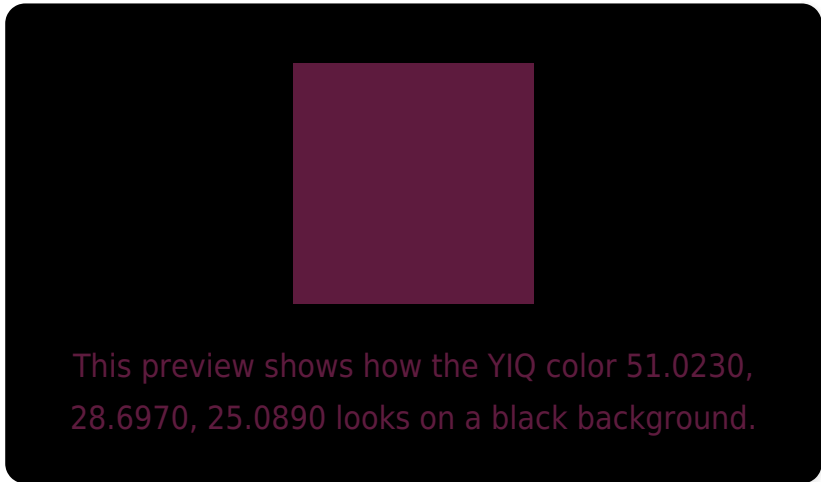
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

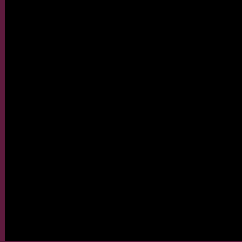
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 51.0230, 28.6970,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890

### Protanopia

53.6860, -13.4350, 6.7010

### Deuteranopia

54.8800, 0.4580, 2.7140



## Tritanopia

51.5700, 33.9260, 12.9180

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890

## Protanomaly

52.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470

## Deuteranomaly

53.5980, 10.3600, 10.4880

## Tritanomaly

51.1340, 32.4580, 17.4980

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890

## Achromatopsia

51.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

50.9570, 10.7270, 9.3430

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 27, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 27, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 27, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 27, 62) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 27, 62) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 27, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 27, 62)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 27, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 27, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 27, 62)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 51.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 27, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 27,  
62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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