

Converting Colors

YIQ(51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(51.0670, -10.1340,
7.4500)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E314B
RGB	46, 49, 75
RGB Percent	18%, 19%, 29%
CMY	0.8196, 0.8078, 0.7059
CMYK	0.39, 0.35, 0.00, 0.71
HSL	234°, 24%, 24%
HSV	234°, 39%, 29%
XYZ	3.4947, 3.2854, 7.1038
YIQ	51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

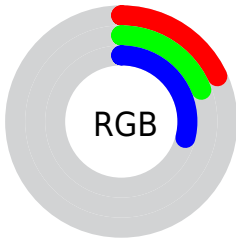
Format	Color
RYB	46, 49, 75
Decimal	3027275
CIELab	21.15, 6.12, -16.46
CIELCh	21, 17.560, 290.402
Yxy	3.2854, 0.2517, 0.2366
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281217355 (0xFF2E314B)
YUV	51.0670, 11.7990, -4.4438
Hunter-Lab	18.1257, 2.6949, -10.5488

Details

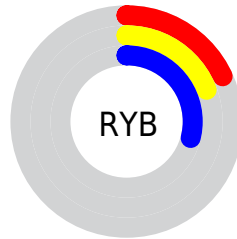
The YIQ color **51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **69.9330, 10.1340, -7.4500**, and the grayscale version is **51.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.7080, -10.5010, 8.5950**, and **4.4200, -9.6300, 9.3300** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.8650, -12.3810, 9.6270**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.5680, -7.2910, 5.4850**.

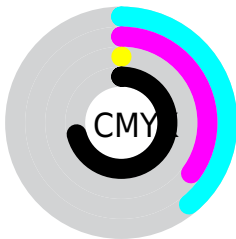
Distribution



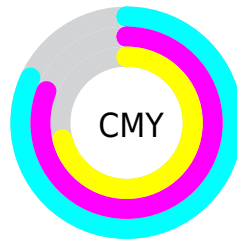
- Red (18%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (71%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.0670, -10.1340,
7.4500

■ 51.0670, -10.1340,
7.4500

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 29.5400, -10.0880,
6.6160

■ 97.7080, -10.5010,
8.5950

■ 4.4200, -9.6300,
9.3300

■ 122.8220,
-10.8220, 8.9060

■ 0.3420, -0.9630,
0.9330

■ 148.3490,
-10.8680, 9.7400

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 175.3490,
-10.8680, 9.7400

■ 202.4630,
-11.1890, 10.0510

■ 229.8930, -9.5840,

8.4960

■ 51.0670, -10.1340,
7.4500

■ 51.0670, -10.1340,
7.4500

■ 44.8650, -12.3810,
9.6270

■ 57.5680, -7.2910,
5.4850

■ 38.9510, -15.4990,
11.0690

■ 63.1830, -4.7690,
3.8310

■ 32.7490, -17.7460,
13.2460

■ 69.3850, -2.5220,
1.6540

■ 26.2480, -20.5890,
15.2110

■ 75.8860, 0.3210,
-0.3110

■ 20.0460, -22.8360,
17.3880

■ 82.0880, 2.5680,
-2.4880

■ 14.1320, -25.9540,
18.8300

■ 88.0020, 5.6860,
-3.9300

■ 13.2460, -26.2750,
19.1410

■ 94.2040, 7.9330,
-6.1070

■ 100.7050, 10.7760,
-8.0720

■ 106.9070, 13.0230,
-10.2490

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.6520, -25.2630, 0.7930



51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500



52.3030, 3.9410, 11.1810

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500



50.8900, 20.8610, 1.8930



43.7860, -20.3090, -11.9010

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500



69.9330, 10.1340, -7.4500

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.2130, -5.4540, -11.2940



51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500



50.4500, 16.0480, -4.4960

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500



51.5790, 20.5390, 7.7310



49.0250, 6.8790, -9.0330



40.7720, -34.8890, -11.9850

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500



52.7230, 11.5060, 11.7460



49.0250, 6.8790, -9.0330



45.4230, -14.8530, -11.6610

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500



86.9550, -4.1270, 3.2090



65.9870, -16.3210, -7.0810



42.6840, -1.9260, 1.8660



176.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



48.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500



60.0650, -15.8200, 11.3800



52.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510



35.0430, -1.5590, 0.7210



18.0850, -35.7670, 25.9690



40.3080, -80.4300, 58.9780

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.0130, 16.3210, 7.0810



66.0250, 25.2150, 11.0950



68.4050, 2.7530, -11.3510



35.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590



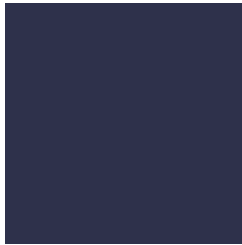
31.7520, 57.2610, 25.0450



71.5060, 129.3760, 56.2240

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

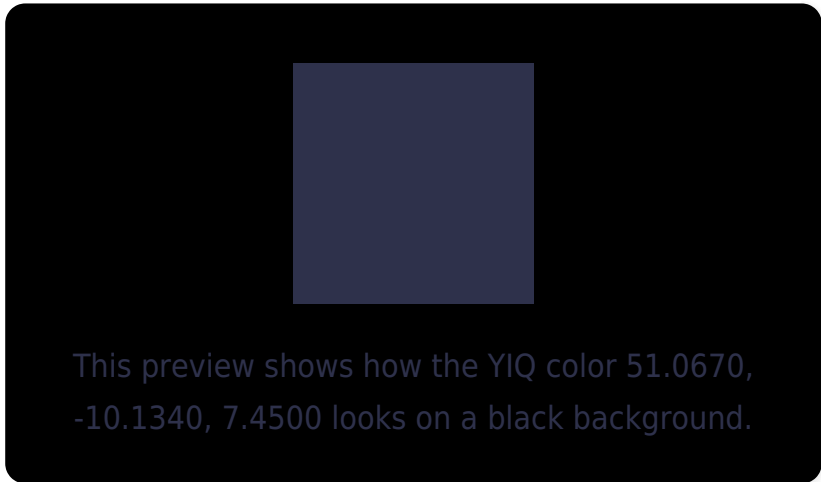
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 51.0670, -10.1340,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500

Protanopia

50.5720, -13.1140, 6.3900

Deuteranopia

50.1590, -13.3890, 5.8670



Tritanopia

50.1670, -7.8400, -1.0880

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500

Protanomaly

50.8710, -12.5180, 6.6020

Deuteranomaly

50.7570, -12.1970, 6.2910

Tritanomaly

50.6770, -9.2160, 1.8240

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500

Achromatopsia

51.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

50.8410, -3.8060, 2.8980

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 49, 75)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 49, 75)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 49, 75) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 49, 75) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 49, 75) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 49, 75) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 49, 75)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 49, 75); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 49, 75);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 49, 75)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 51.0670, -10.1340, 7.4500 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 49, 75) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 49,  
75) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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