

Converting Colors

YIQ(52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830)
contains.

YIQ(52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(52.5470, 94.6270,
30.6830)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A20700
RGB	162, 7, 0
RGB Percent	64%, 3%, 0%
CMY	0.3643, 0.9727, 0.9996
CMYK	0.00, 0.96, 1.00, 0.36
HSL	3°, 100%, 32%
HSV	3°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	14.9950, 7.8419, 0.7261
YIQ	52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

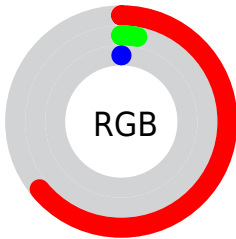
Format	Color
RYB	162, 7, 0
Decimal	10618624
CIELab	33.65, 56.16, 47.63
CIELCh	34, 73.638, 40.306
Yxy	7.8419, 0.6364, 0.3328
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288808704 (0xFFA20700)
YUV	52.5470, -25.9057, 95.9903
Hunter-Lab	28.0033, 46.5757, 18.0650

Details

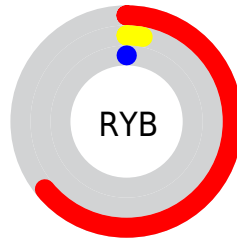
The YIQ color **52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990000**. A complement of this color would be **109.4530, -94.6270, -30.6830**, and the grayscale version is **53.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **117.9460, 97.5170, 22.3570**, and **29.9000, 59.6000, 21.2000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.1760, 85.3660, 27.8140**.

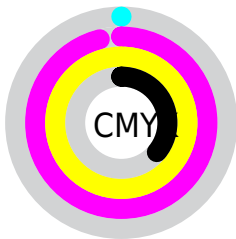
Distribution



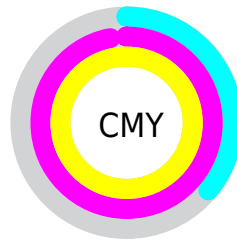
- Red (64%)
- Green (3%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Blue (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (96%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (36%)





- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the YIQ color 52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 52.5470, 94.6270,
30.6830


 52.5470, 94.6270,
30.6830


 252.2640, 7.7040,
-7.4640


 39.1690, 78.0760,
27.7720


 117.9460, 97.5170,
22.3570


 29.9000, 59.6000,
21.2000

 146.0880, 99.9930,
21.5370


 21.3430, 41.9950,
15.3630

 165.3740, 84.2680,
14.6680

 12.6720, 24.7110,
9.2150

 184.6600, 68.5430,
7.7990

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 204.0600, 52.4970,
1.2410

 224.1610, 35.8550,

-5.5290

■ 244.9630, 18.6170,
-12.5110

■ 52.5470, 94.6270,
30.6830

■ 63.1760, 85.3660,
27.8140

■ 74.5060, 75.5090,
24.7330

■ 85.7220, 65.9730,
21.3410

■ 96.3510, 56.7120,
18.4720

■ 107.5670, 47.1760,
15.0800

■ 118.1960, 37.9150,
12.2110

■ 129.5260, 28.0580,
9.1300

■ 140.1550, 18.7970,
6.2610

■ 151.3710, 9.2610,
2.8690

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.6920, 84.9940, 56.5940



52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830



74.0790, 59.5130, -4.7670

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830



62.2170, -38.7810, -40.5810



70.0050, -85.5120, 18.9040

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830



109.4530, -94.6270, -30.6830

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.1260, -87.7110, 9.1930



52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830



71.1600, -59.8290, -22.5570

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830



55.7650, -26.1250, -49.6850



76.9570, -77.5300, -4.6180



78.0430, -8.4450, 48.4430

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830



74.7890, 36.3620, -20.2300



76.9570, -77.5300, -4.6180



74.3420, -88.0790, 15.8650

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830



168.8970, 37.3190, 11.9990



66.3360, 46.1550, 83.1710



80.9490, 22.3730, 7.5330



235.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



107.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830



68.6710, 123.8770, 40.2370



98.9200, 72.9020, -10.6340



76.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850



46.8770, 84.7700, 27.6020



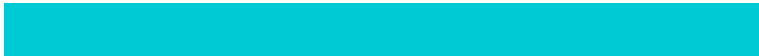
5.9690, 10.4530, 3.2930

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



109.4530, -94.6270, -30.6830



143.3290, -123.8770, -40.2370



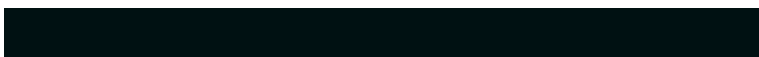
63.0800, -72.9020, 10.6340



78.7220, -5.0890, -1.3850



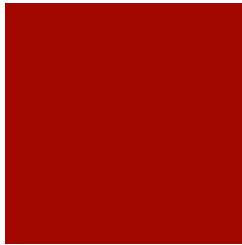
98.1230, -84.7700, -27.6020



12.0310, -10.4530, -3.2930

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

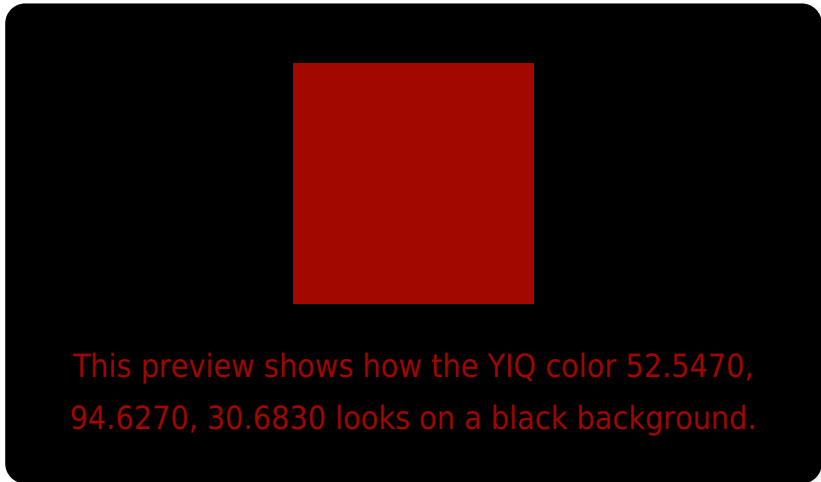
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 52.5470, 94.6270,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830

Protanopia

78.0360, 25.5410, -16.8510

Deuteranopia

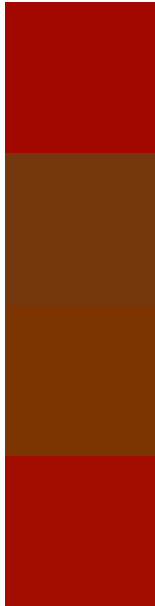
76.5830, 39.9380, -18.9580



Tritanopia

56.9440, 91.8310, 26.2870

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830

Protanomaly

68.7500, 50.4340, 0.0820

Deuteranomaly

67.6000, 59.6040, -0.9080

Tritanomaly

55.1830, 92.6560, 27.8560

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830

Achromatopsia

53.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

52.8150, 34.6140, 11.4620

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 7, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 7, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 7, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 7, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 7, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 7, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 7, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 7, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 7, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 7, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 52.5470, 94.6270, 30.6830 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 7, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162, 7,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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