

Converting Colors

YIQ(52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(52.8900, -66.2550,
16.8250)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003C9B
RGB	0, 60, 155
RGB Percent	0%, 24%, 61%
CMY	0.9999, 0.7646, 0.3925
CMYK	1.00, 0.61, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	217°, 100%, 30%
HSV	217°, 100%, 61%
XYZ	7.5264, 5.5981, 31.6564
YIQ	52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

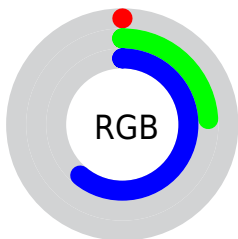
Format	Color
RYB	0, 43, 155
Decimal	15515
CIELab	28.37, 23.44, -55.99
CIELCh	28, 60.694, 292.717
Yxy	5.5981, 0.1681, 0.1250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278205595 (0xFF003C9B)
YUV	52.8900, 50.3402, -46.3845
Hunter-Lab	23.6602, 15.3759, -62.7655

Details

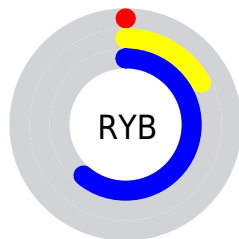
The YIQ color **52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003399**. A complement of this color would be **102.1100, 66.2550, -16.8250**, and the grayscale version is **52.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **112.4630, -45.5790, 27.5810**, and **23.4820, -38.5630, 21.5730** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.5440, -59.4690, 14.9870**.

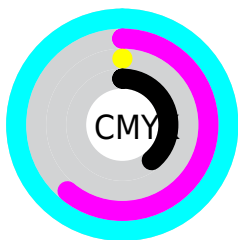
Distribution



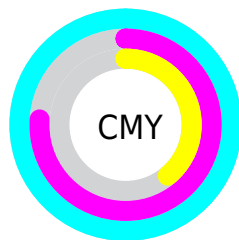
- Red (0%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.8900, -66.2550,
16.8250

■ 52.8900, -66.2550,
16.8250

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 37.4850, -51.8130,
19.4110

■ 112.4630,
-45.5790, 27.5810

■ 23.4820, -38.5630,
21.5730

■ 139.4140,
-43.8830, 29.8850

■ 8.8920, -25.0380,
24.2580

■ 165.1710,
-38.8850, 27.4110

■ 9.0910, -18.7090,
14.1790

■ 189.6910,
-29.0260, 19.4380

■ 4.8220, -10.8220,
8.9060

■ 214.5100,
-18.5710, 11.6770

■ 0.4560, -1.2840,
1.2440

■ 239.9160, -8.3910,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

3.3930

0.0000

■ 52.8900, -66.2550,
16.8250

■ 63.5440, -59.4690,
14.9870

■ 73.3120, -53.0040,
13.4600

■ 83.0800, -46.5390,
11.9330

■ 93.7340, -39.7530,
10.0950

■ 103.5020,
-33.2880, 8.5680

■ 114.1560,
-26.5020, 6.7300

■ 123.9240,
-20.0370, 5.2030

■ 134.5780,
-13.2510, 3.3650

■ 144.3460, -6.7860,
1.8380

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.5530, -72.8560, 9.8000



52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250



63.2770, 17.1390, 47.3390

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250



58.5070, 64.6000, 7.6720



56.0510, -40.7090, -27.6610

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250



102.1100, 66.2550, -16.8250

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.1340, -22.5500, -42.8860



52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250



63.3150, 38.0570, -12.3990

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250



46.7470, 73.9930, 41.2010



58.6760, 8.5790, -28.8370



62.1100, -56.3920, -13.2560

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250



51.0100, 49.0480, 58.2640



58.6760, 8.5790, -28.8370



53.5260, -34.9770, -32.4250

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250



161.3410, -25.5850, 6.6310



101.5870, -72.4780, -52.1420



78.0230, -16.0020, 3.6620



230.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



102.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250



68.7000, -85.9710, 21.7170



22.4540, -40.2190, 51.5970



71.6730, -3.3930, 0.9190



47.6580, -59.7900, 15.2980



4.4170, -5.5480, 1.4280

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.1850, 73.1200, 51.5200



68.9910, 94.7580, 66.8700



132.5460, 40.2190, -51.5970



71.7340, 3.8050, 2.6290



48.0160, 66.1060, 46.4740



4.4570, 6.1430, 4.3110

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

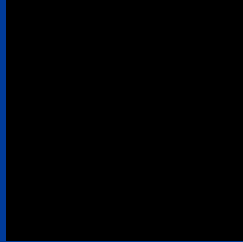
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 52.8900, -66.2550,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250

Protanopia

53.7730, -61.8520, 8.6120

Tritanopia

53.0310, -45.9840, -14.6560

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250

Protanomaly

53.3970, -63.5490, 11.8350

Tritanomaly

53.2880, -53.5970, -3.3330

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250

Achromatopsia

53.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

53.2980, -24.0260, 5.9100

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 60, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 60, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 60, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 60, 155) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 60, 155) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 60, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 60, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 60, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 60, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 60, 155)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 52.8900, -66.2550, 16.8250 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 60, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 60,  
155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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