

Converting Colors

YIQ(53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(53.0080, -20.8140,
-8.2540)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1C403E
RGB	28, 64, 62
RGB Percent	11%, 25%, 24%
CMY	0.8903, 0.7490, 0.7569
CMYK	0.56, 0.00, 0.03, 0.75
HSL	177°, 39%, 18%
HSV	177°, 56%, 25%
XYZ	3.1815, 4.2626, 5.2095
YIQ	53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

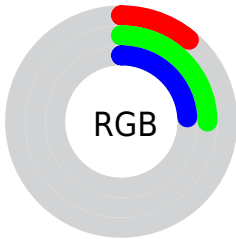
Format	Color
R_{YB}	28, 47, 64
Decimal	1851454
CIE _{Lab}	24.52, -13.52, -2.74
CIE _{LCh}	25, 13.798, 191.464
Yxy	4.2626, 0.2514, 0.3369
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280041534 (0xFF1C403E)
YUV	53.0080, 4.4331, -21.9320
Hunter-Lab	20.6462, -8.6248, -0.5081

Details

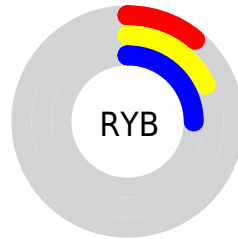
The YIQ color **53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **38.9920, 20.8140, 8.2540**, and the grayscale version is **53.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.5950, -21.0890, -8.7770**, and **15.1940, -12.4700, -5.2860** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.2140, -24.3900, -9.5260**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.8020, -17.2380, -6.9820**.

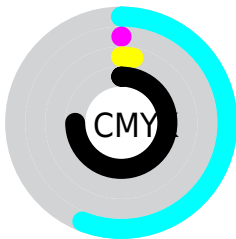
Distribution



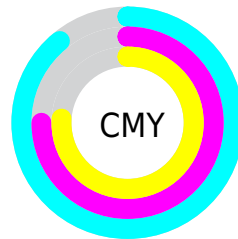
- Red (11%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (75%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53.0080, -20.8140,
-8.2540

■ 53.0080, -20.8140,
-8.2540

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 30.1110, -22.6020,
-8.8900

■ 100.5950,
-21.0890, -8.7770

■ 15.1940, -12.4700,
-5.2860

■ 125.7090,
-21.4100, -8.4660

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 152.2960,
-21.6850, -8.9890

■ 178.9970,
-22.2810, -9.2010

■ 206.6980,
-22.8770, -9.4130

■ 234.6980,

-22.8770, -9.4130

■ 249.0200,
-11.9200, -4.2400

■ 53.0080, -20.8140,
-8.2540

■ 53.0080, -20.8140,
-8.2540

■ 51.2140, -24.3900,
-9.5260

■ 54.8020, -17.2380,
-6.9820

■ 49.0070, -28.2410,
-11.3210

■ 57.0090, -13.3870,
-5.1870

■ 47.2130, -31.8170,
-12.5930

■ 58.8030, -9.8110,
-3.9150

■ 45.1200, -35.9890,
-14.0770

■ 60.8960, -5.6390,
-2.4310

■ 44.4080, -36.8600,
-14.8120

■ 62.8040, -2.3840,
-0.8480

■ 64.5980, 1.1920,
0.4240

■ 66.8050, 5.0430,
2.2190

■ 68.5990, 8.6190,
3.4910

■ 70.6920, 12.7910,
4.9750

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.1570, -11.0480, -9.0320



53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540



52.9630, -24.9410, -5.0450

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540



59.5690, 0.1360, 8.5520



57.9600, 14.6720, -1.5840

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540



38.9920, 20.8140, 8.2540

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.9760, 17.7430, 3.3350



53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540



59.7720, 9.8100, 9.4420

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540



58.1870, -10.5920, 4.7360



59.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800



57.5030, 8.5290, -5.8950

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540



54.3270, -22.9700, -2.2180



59.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800



58.3840, 16.4140, -0.1140

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540



79.7000, -8.0230, -3.2790



49.7300, -8.7080, -18.4040



40.6080, -4.7680, -1.6960



171.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



43.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540



66.6150, -33.0090, -13.0170



43.8440, -17.0560, 0.7360



32.1030, -1.7880, -0.6360



67.3130, -55.8860, -22.4300



155.6560, -129.6520, -51.2200

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.9920, 20.8140, 8.2540



44.3850, 33.0090, 13.0170



48.1560, 17.0560, -0.7360



30.8970, 1.7880, 0.6360



29.5730, 56.2070, 22.1190



68.4580, 129.3310, 51.5310

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

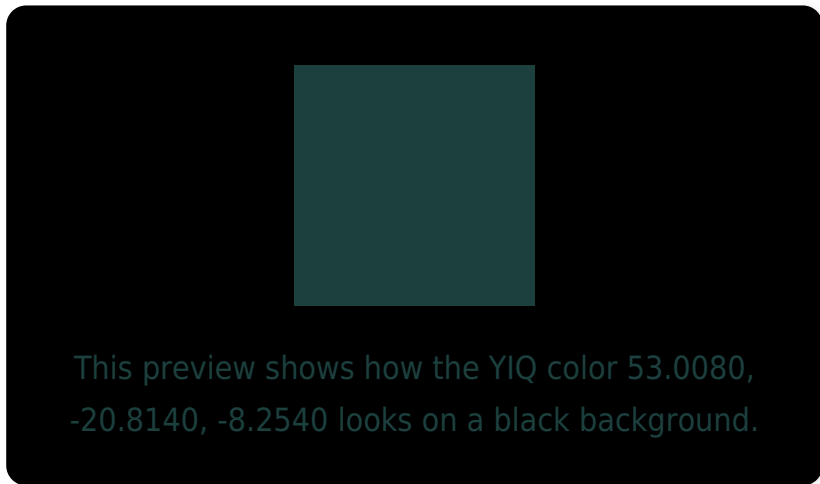
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

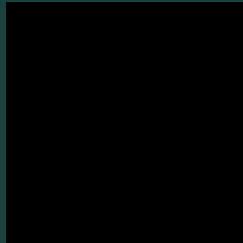
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 53.0080, -20.8140,

-8.2540.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540

Protanopia

58.2990, 0.5960, 0.2120

Deuteranopia

58.9940, 0.1370, 3.0250



Tritanopia

53.7030, -21.2730, -5.4410

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540

Protanomaly

56.2980, -6.8310, -2.8550

Deuteranomaly

57.0530, -7.5190, -1.3990

Tritanomaly

53.1760, -21.2270, -6.2750

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540

Achromatopsia

53.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

52.9990, -7.4270, -3.0670

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(28, 64, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(28, 64, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 64, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(28, 64, 62) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(28, 64, 62) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(28, 64, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 64, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(28, 64, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 64, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 64, 62)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 53.0080, -20.8140, -8.2540 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(28, 64, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(28, 64,  
62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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