

Converting Colors

YIQ(53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(53.0150, 66.7060,
24.5780)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	841315
RGB	132, 19, 21
RGB Percent	52%, 7%, 8%
CMY	0.4821, 0.9256, 0.9174
CMYK	0.00, 0.86, 0.84, 0.48
HSL	359°, 75%, 30%
HSV	359°, 86%, 52%
XYZ	9.8945, 5.4296, 1.2393
YIQ	53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

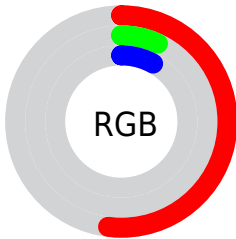
Format	Color
R_{YB}	132, 19, 21
Decimal	8655637
CIE Lab	27.93, 45.88, 30.75
CIE LCh	28, 55.226, 33.829
Yxy	5.4296, 0.5974, 0.3278
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286845717 (0xFF841315)
YUV	53.0150, -15.7834, 69.2698
Hunter-Lab	23.3015, 35.0188, 13.1578

Details

The YIQ color **53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **97.9850, -66.7060, -24.5780**, and the grayscale version is **53.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **109.3160, 72.9880, 20.8600**, and **22.1260, 44.1040, 15.6880** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.9020, 74.4540, 27.3340**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.1280, 58.9580, 21.8220**.

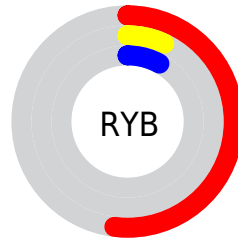
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (7%)

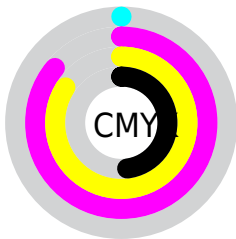
Blue (8%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (7%)

Blue (8%)

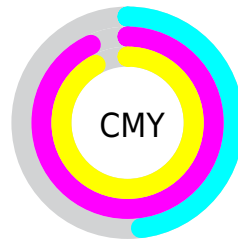


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (86%)

Yellow (84%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (93%)

Yellow (92%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53.0150, 66.7060,
24.5780

■ 53.0150, 66.7060,
24.5780

■ 254.2020, 2.2470,
-2.1770

■ 30.7970, 61.3880,
21.8360

■ 109.4300, 72.6670,
21.1710

■ 22.1260, 44.1040,
15.6880

■ 136.5830, 76.6100,
21.2980

■ 14.5800, 27.9660,
10.7980

■ 164.2520, 79.0400,
21.3120

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 183.5490, 64.7820,
15.3900

■ 203.0630, 48.4150,
9.1430

■ 223.1640, 31.7730,

2.3730

■ 243.3790, 14.8100,
-4.0860

■ 53.0150, 66.7060,
24.5780

■ 53.0150, 66.7060,
24.5780

■ 43.9020, 74.4540,
27.3340

■ 62.1280, 58.9580,
21.8220

■ 39.6960, 78.0300,
28.6060

■ 71.2410, 51.2100,
19.0660

■ 80.9410, 43.1870,
15.7870

■ 90.0540, 35.4390,
13.0310

■ 99.1670, 27.6910,
10.2750

■ 108.2800, 19.9430,
7.5190

■ 117.3930, 12.1950,
4.7630

■ 127.0930, 4.1720,
1.4840

■ 136.2060, -3.5760,
-1.2720

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.0310, 61.7500, 48.3260



53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780



61.0660, 52.3600, -1.7840

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780



50.3970, -30.3000, -34.5880



58.4180, -68.0420, 10.6620

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780



97.9850, -66.7060, -24.5780

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.2620, -67.9030, 2.6330



53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780



56.7010, -45.2950, -21.6390

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780



53.8810, -2.4240, -33.1760



61.6030, -59.0980, -8.2660



66.0010, -17.7950, 30.6610

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780



62.4180, 36.2690, -13.0350



61.6030, -59.0980, -8.2660



60.7660, -69.1420, 8.5700

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780



139.5690, 26.4990, 9.8510



64.4730, 28.6910, 58.2510



68.0730, 16.0920, 5.7240



214.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780



51.4710, 100.9530, 37.1850



83.8980, 52.7730, -3.7630



61.7940, 3.5760, 1.2720



39.0980, 76.8380, 28.1820



0.8970, 1.7880, 0.6360

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780



51.4710, 100.9530, 37.1850



67.1020, -52.7730, 3.7630



61.7940, 3.5760, 1.2720



39.0980, 76.8380, 28.1820



0.8970, 1.7880, 0.6360

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

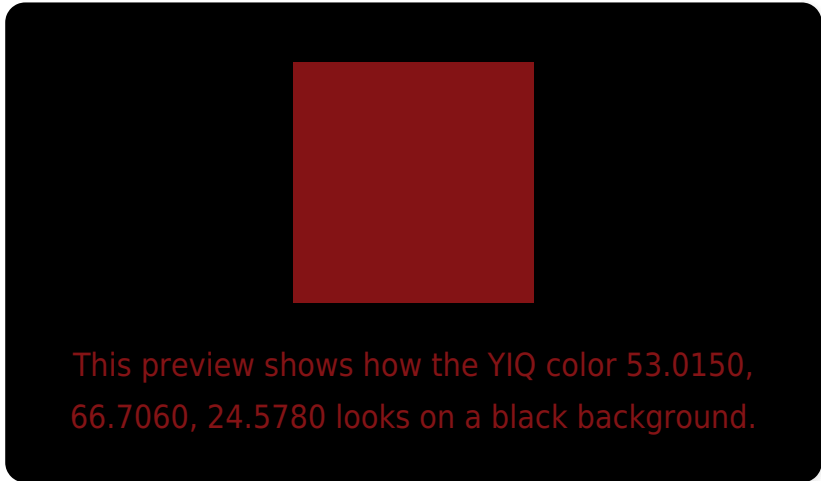
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 53.0150, 66.7060,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780

Protanopia

66.1030, 15.4070, -9.4010

Deuteranopia

64.3250, 32.0970, -14.5190



Tritanopia

52.6730, 67.6690, 23.6450

Trichromacy



Original Color

53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780

Protanomaly

61.3600, 34.1570, 3.2210

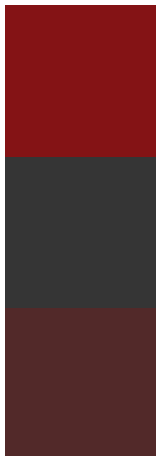
Deuteranomaly

60.1130, 44.9780, -0.1580

Tritanomaly

52.7870, 67.3480, 23.9560

Monochromacy



Original Color

53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780

Achromatopsia

53.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

53.2590, 24.4360, 8.6920

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 19, 21)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 19, 21)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 19, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 19, 21) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 19, 21) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 19, 21) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 19, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 19, 21); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 19, 21);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 19,  
21) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 53.0150, 66.7060, 24.5780 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 19, 21) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132, 19,  
21) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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