

Converting Colors

YIQ(55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(55.2020, 2.2470,
-2.1770)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	383831
RGB	56, 56, 49
RGB Percent	22%, 22%, 19%
CMY	0.7804, 0.7804, 0.8078
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.12, 0.78
HSL	60°, 7%, 21%
HSV	60°, 12%, 22%
XYZ	3.5995, 3.8908, 3.4674
YIQ	55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

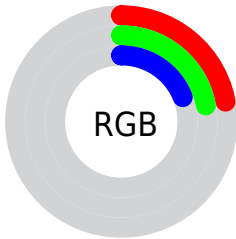
Format	Color
R_{YB}	49, 56, 49
Decimal	3684401
CIE Lab	23.31, -1.52, 4.38
CIE LCh	23, 4.634, 109.156
Yxy	3.8908, 0.3285, 0.3551
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281874481 (0xFF383831)
YUV	55.2020, -3.0576, 0.6998
Hunter-Lab	19.7252, -1.9466, 3.3853

Details

The YIQ color **55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **49.7980, -2.2470, 2.1770**, and the grayscale version is **55.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **102.0880, 2.5680, -2.4880**, and **11.6320, 3.8520, -3.7320** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.5180, 4.1730, -4.0430**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.8860, 0.3210, -0.3110**.

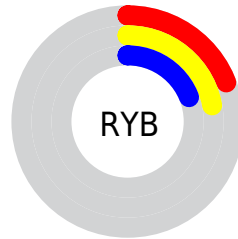
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (22%)

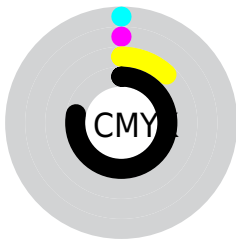
Blue (19%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (19%)

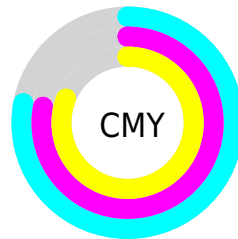


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55.2020, 2.2470,
-2.1770

■ 55.2020, 2.2470,
-2.1770

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 34.2020, 2.2470,
-2.1770

■ 102.0880, 2.5680,
-2.4880

■ 11.6320, 3.8520,
-3.7320

■ 127.0880, 2.5680,
-2.4880

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 152.9740, 2.8890,
-2.7990

■ 179.9740, 2.8890,
-2.7990

■ 206.9740, 2.8890,
-2.7990

■ 234.9740, 2.8890,

-2.7990

■ 55.2020, 2.2470,
-2.1770

■ 55.2020, 2.2470,
-2.1770

■ 54.5180, 4.1730,
-4.0430

■ 55.8860, 0.3210,
-0.3110

■ 53.9480, 5.7780,
-5.5980

■ 56.4560, -1.2840,
1.2440

■ 53.2640, 7.7040,
-7.4640

■ 57.1400, -3.2100,
3.1100

■ 52.6940, 9.3090,
-9.0190

■ 57.7100, -4.8150,
4.6650

■ 52.0100, 11.2350,
-10.8850

■ 58.3940, -6.7410,
6.5310

■ 51.3260, 13.1610,
-12.7510

■ 59.0780, -8.6670,
8.3970

■ 50.7560, 14.7660,
-14.3060

■ 59.6480, -10.2720,
9.9520

■ 50.0720, 16.6920,
-16.1720

■ 60.3320, -12.1980,
11.8180

■ 49.6160, 17.9760,
-17.4160

■ 60.9020, -13.8030,
13.3730

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.8110, 4.9060, -0.8060



55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770



54.8210, -1.0540, -2.9260

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770



54.7650, -6.6480, -0.6640



56.1470, 4.0800, 3.1520

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770



49.7980, -2.2470, 2.1770

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.1790, 1.0540, 2.9260



55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770



55.1890, -4.9060, 0.8060

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770



54.7110, -6.5560, -2.3320



55.7980, -2.2470, 2.1770



55.9900, 5.9600, 2.1200

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770



54.4510, -2.8880, -2.7280



55.7980, -2.2470, 2.1770



55.9620, 3.1630, 3.2510

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770



73.6580, 0.9630, -0.9330



51.0930, 4.1720, 1.4840



37.7720, 0.6420, -0.6220



166.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



38.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770



72.7460, 3.5310, -3.4210



54.3050, 0.4590, -2.8130



27.6580, 0.9630, -0.9330



81.5120, 29.5320, -28.6120



194.0340, 70.2990, -68.1090

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.7980, -2.2470, 2.1770



64.2540, -3.5310, 3.4210



50.9940, 0.1370, 3.0250



25.3420, -0.9630, 0.9330



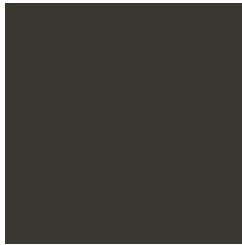
10.4880, -29.5320, 28.6120



24.9660, -70.2990, 68.1090

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

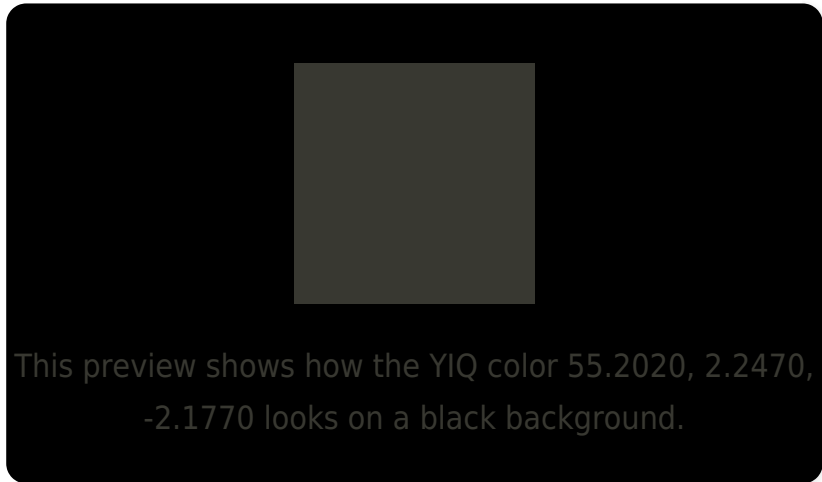
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

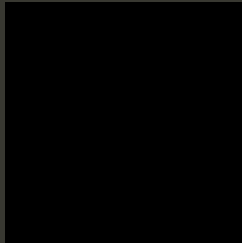
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770.

-2.1770.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770

Protanopia

55.2130, 3.7140, -1.2300

Deuteranopia

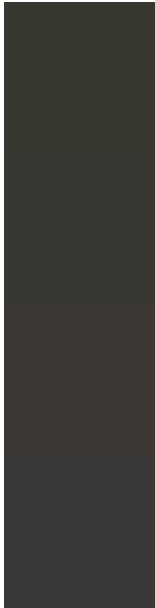
56.2350, 6.6480, 0.6640



Tritanopia

56.0540, -0.0920, 1.6680

Trichromacy



Original Color

55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770

Protanomaly

54.9140, 3.1180, -1.4420

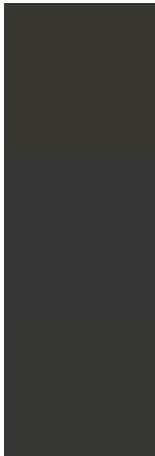
Deuteranomaly

55.9250, 4.5850, -0.4950

Tritanomaly

55.5980, 1.1920, 0.4240

Monochromacy



Original Color

55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770

Achromatopsia

55.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

54.7720, 0.6420, -0.6220

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(56, 56, 49) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 56, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 56, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 56, 49) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 56, 49) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 56, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 56, 49)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 56, 49); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 56, 49);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 56, 49)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 55.2020, 2.2470, -2.1770 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 56, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 56,  
49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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