

# Converting Colors

YIQ(55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(55.3180, -78.3630,  
38.0290)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	0434CF
RGB	4, 52, 207
RGB Percent	2%, 20%, 81%
CMY	0.9841, 0.7960, 0.1887
CMYK	0.98, 0.75, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	226°, 96%, 41%
HSV	226°, 98%, 81%
XYZ	12.5280, 6.9832, 59.6486
YIQ	55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

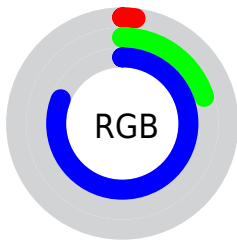
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	4, 43, 207
Decimal	275663
CIE Lab	31.77, 48.56, -81.29
CIE LCh	32, 94.688, 300.853
Yxy	6.9832, 0.1583, 0.0882
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278465743 (0xFF0434CF)
YUV	55.3180, 74.7792, -45.0059
Hunter-Lab	26.4258, 38.3784, -115.3321

# Details

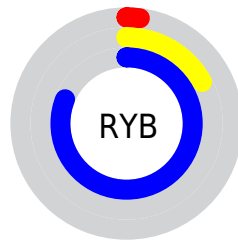
The YIQ color **55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0033CC**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **155.6820, 78.3630, -38.0290**, and the grayscale version is **55.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **119.1650, -46.7750, 49.2650**, and **22.4970, -50.9460, 42.2540** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.3610, -79.9220, 38.7500**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.9890, -70.2470, 34.1130**.

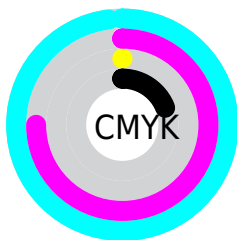
# Distribution



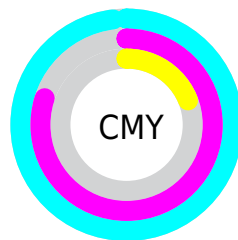
- Red (2%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (19%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 55.3180, -78.3630,  
38.0290

■ 55.3180, -78.3630,  
38.0290

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 38.0160, -65.7090,  
39.9790

■ 119.1650,  
-46.7750, 49.2650

■ 22.4970, -50.9460,  
42.2540

■ 143.4080,  
-34.5780, 42.9740

■ 14.1360, -39.8040,  
38.5640

■ 168.2380,  
-22.6560, 36.1600

■ 14.6940, -33.1080,  
27.3400

■ 193.3560,  
-11.6050, 28.6110

■ 13.6050, -25.9080,  
17.9960

■ 219.0610, -0.8290,  
20.5390

■ 8.0480, -17.1500,  
13.4580

■ 242.6730, 5.7750,

■ 3.7790, -9.2630,

10.9830

8.1850

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 55.3180, -78.3630,  
38.0290

■ 55.3180, -78.3630,  
38.0290

■ 52.3610, -79.9220,  
38.7500

■ 70.9890, -70.2470,  
34.1130

■ 86.3610, -62.7270,  
29.9850

■ 101.4450,  
-54.3360, 26.5920

■ 117.1160,  
-46.2200, 22.6760

■ 132.4880,  
-38.7000, 18.5480

■ 148.1590,  
-30.5840, 14.6320

■ 163.8300,  
-22.4680, 10.7160

■ 178.9140,  
-14.0770, 7.3230

■ 194.2860, -6.5570,  
3.1950

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.8760, -98.0300, 25.5060



55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290



64.2280, 46.3390, 79.8350

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290



61.2640, 78.7660, 15.2620



66.6630, -51.3000, -28.4520

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290



155.6820, 78.3630, -38.0290

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.3520, -26.4000, -50.2080



55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290



70.3480, 33.2900, -19.6220

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290



54.8310, 108.7470, 39.1070



52.8300, -24.7500, -47.0700



76.5010, -76.2460, -5.8620



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290



67.1280, 78.4350, 70.8430



52.8300, -24.7500, -47.0700



63.1120, -42.6790, -36.0150

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290



200.0020, -28.7040, 13.6000



140.4890, -104.6170, -58.8970



94.0000, -17.1950, 8.7650



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290



64.2900, -98.3550, 47.9250



42.3910, -34.7670, 73.9450



97.0150, -4.3560, 1.8520



42.6320, -64.9280, 31.3280



10.5440, -15.9110, 7.5210



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.1690, 105.5800, 57.9640



83.0850, 132.7200, 72.7200



168.6090, 34.7670, -73.9450



97.6310, 5.5930, 3.2650



54.7920, 87.2880, 48.0560



13.3990, 21.2260, 11.8020



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

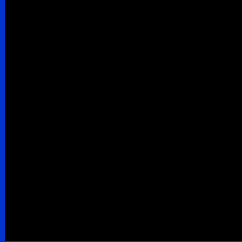
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 55.3180, -78.3630,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290

### Protanopia

59.4780, -68.2710, 9.3050

### Deuteranopia

59.9050, -62.5840, -0.1520



## Tritanopia

58.6390, -50.7520, -16.3520

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290

## Protanomaly

57.9480, -72.1700, 19.3980

## Deuteranomaly

58.1130, -68.5010, 13.4750

## Tritanomaly

57.4970, -61.2550, 3.2970

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290

## Achromatopsia

55.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

55.0020, -28.7040, 13.6000

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(4, 52, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(4, 52, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(4, 52, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(4, 52, 207) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(4, 52, 207) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(4, 52, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(4, 52, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(4, 52, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 52, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 52, 207)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 55.3180, -78.3630, 38.0290 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(4, 52, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(4, 52,  
207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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