

Converting Colors

YIQ(56.1310, -17.3270,
-21.8950)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(56.1310, -17.3270, -21.8950)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(56.1310, -17.3270,
-21.8950)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1A4B26
RGB	26, 75, 38
RGB Percent	10%, 29%, 15%
CMY	0.8982, 0.7058, 0.8510
CMYK	0.65, 0.00, 0.49, 0.71
HSL	135°, 49%, 20%
HSV	135°, 65%, 29%
XYZ	3.2922, 5.3940, 2.7005
YIQ	56.1310, -17.3270, -21.8950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

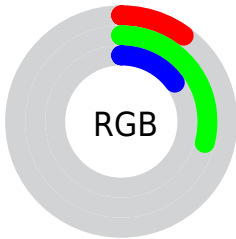
Format	Color
R_{YB}	26, 65, 75
Decimal	1723174
CIE _{Lab}	27.83, -25.93, 17.24
CIE _{LCh}	28, 31.139, 146.379
Yxy	5.3940, 0.2891, 0.4737
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279913254 (0xFF1A4B26)
YUV	56.1310, -8.9386, -26.4249
Hunter-Lab	23.2249, -15.3403, 9.3635

Details

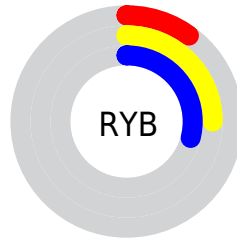
The YIQ color **56.1310, -17.3270, -21.8950** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **44.8690, 17.3270, 21.8950**, and the grayscale version is **56.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **104.7890, -16.3640, -22.8280**, and **18.7840, -8.8000, -16.7360** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.0550, -20.1690, -25.4570**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.9080, -15.0810, -18.5450**.

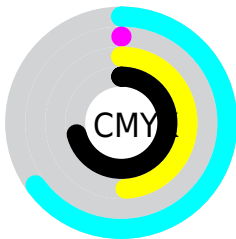
Distribution



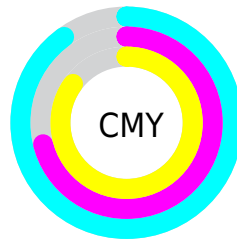
- Red (10%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (71%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 56.1310, -17.3270, -21.8950 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 56.1310, -17.3270, -21.8950 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.1310, -17.3270,
-21.8950

■ 56.1310, -17.3270,
-21.8950

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 32.4620, -19.7570,
-21.9090

■ 104.6750,
-16.0430, -23.1390

■ 18.7840, -8.8000,
-16.7360

■ 130.2620,
-16.3180, -23.6620

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 156.7350,
-16.2720, -24.4960

■ 184.3220,
-16.5470, -25.0190

■ 211.9090,
-16.8220, -25.5420

■ 236.2730,

-14.8510, -22.7150

■ 248.2500, -6.8760,
-7.5480

■ 56.1310, -17.3270,
-21.8950

■ 56.1310, -17.3270,
-21.8950

■ 53.0550, -20.1690,
-25.4570

■ 58.9080, -15.0810,
-18.5450

■ 50.3920, -22.7360,
-28.4960

■ 61.8700, -11.9180,
-15.2940

■ 47.3160, -25.5780,
-32.0580

■ 64.6470, -9.6720,
-11.9440

■ 46.0770, -26.4030,
-33.6270

■ 67.7230, -6.8300,
-8.3820

■ 70.3860, -4.2630,
-5.3430

■ 73.4620, -1.4210,
-1.7810

■ 76.2390, 0.8250,
1.5690

■ 79.2010, 3.9880,
4.8200

■ 81.9780, 6.2340,
8.1700

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.2990, 8.6230, -18.6170



56.1310, -17.3270, -21.8950



52.2670, -41.0770, -20.9890

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.1310, -17.3270, -21.8950



53.3850, -55.2480, -0.9440



64.8370, 37.5480, 13.3560

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.1310, -17.3270, -21.8950



44.8690, 17.3270, 21.8950

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.8010, 29.2020, 21.4420



56.1310, -17.3270, -21.8950



66.4720, -15.4080, 14.9280

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.1310, -17.3270, -21.8950



55.9950, -54.3300, -6.5700



67.9330, 11.2750, 21.4430



64.2630, 35.8080, 0.8320

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.1310, -17.3270, -21.8950



54.0910, -46.2130, -16.0130



67.9330, 11.2750, 21.4430



64.8740, 36.1260, 17.1020

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.1310, -17.3270, -21.8950



89.6090, -6.5090, -8.6930



66.1250, 9.1730, -17.5710



43.7990, -3.9880, -4.8200



176.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



48.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.1310, -17.3270, -21.8950



67.7780, -26.9990, -33.8390



58.8670, -25.0310, -14.4310



36.4620, -1.4210, -1.7810



62.7240, -36.0750, -45.5710



141.3940, -81.2260, -102.8740

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.8690, 17.3270, 21.8950



50.2220, 26.9990, 33.8390



42.1330, 25.0310, 14.4310



35.5380, 1.4210, 1.7810



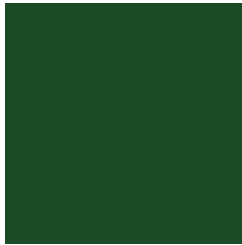
39.2760, 36.0750, 45.5710



88.4920, 81.5470, 102.5630

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 56.1310, -17.3270, -21.8950 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

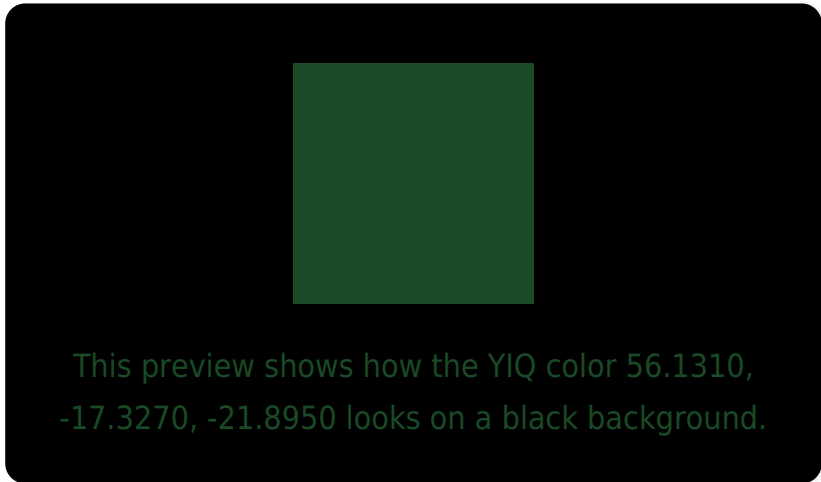
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 56.1310, -17.3270, -21.8950

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 56.1310, -17.3270, -21.8950.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 56.1310, -17.3270,

-21.8950.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.1310, -17.3270, -21.8950

Protanopia

64.2600, 13.5270, -8.3690

Deuteranopia

65.2760, 16.5980, -3.4500



Tritanopia

61.4040, -21.8690, -5.6530

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.1310, -17.3270, -21.8950

Protanomaly

61.0520, 2.2490, -13.2310

Deuteranomaly

61.8290, 4.4950, -9.8810

Tritanomaly

59.1990, -20.0340, -11.3780

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.1310, -17.3270, -21.8950

Achromatopsia

56.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

56.0220, -6.2340, -8.1700

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 56.1310, -17.3270, -21.8950 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 75, 38)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 75, 38)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 75, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 75, 38) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 56.1310, -17.3270, -21.8950 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 75, 38) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 75, 38) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 75, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 75, 38); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 75, 38);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 75, 38)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 56.1310, -17.3270, -21.8950 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 75, 38) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 75,  
38) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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