

Converting Colors

YIQ(56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(56.5990, 98.0170,
46.3450)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B3001B
RGB	179, 0, 27
RGB Percent	70%, 0%, 11%
CMY	0.2976, 0.9999, 0.8937
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.85, 0.30
HSL	351°, 100%, 35%
HSV	351°, 100%, 70%
XYZ	18.8154, 9.6767, 1.9187
YIQ	56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

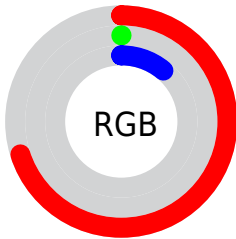
Format	Color
R_{YB}	179, 0, 27
Decimal	11730971
CIE Lab	37.26, 61.85, 39.78
CIE LCh	37, 73.538, 32.744
Yxy	9.6767, 0.6187, 0.3182
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289921051 (0xFFB3001B)
YUV	56.5990, -14.5923, 107.3457
Hunter-Lab	31.1074, 53.5282, 18.1182

Details

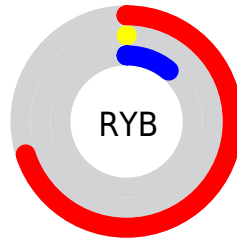
The YIQ color **56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. A complement of this color would be **122.4010, -98.0170, -46.3450**, and the grayscale version is **57.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **127.8250, 99.7160, 32.0680**, and **34.9830, 69.7320, 24.8040** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.8750, 88.2520, 41.5960**.

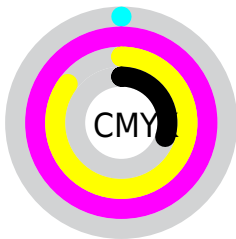
Distribution



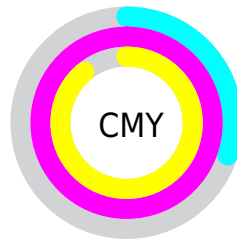
- Red (70%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.5990, 98.0170,
46.3450

■ 56.5990, 98.0170,
46.3450

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 44.7080, 86.9240,
32.6200

■ 127.8250, 99.7160,
32.0680

■ 34.9830, 69.7320,
24.8040

■ 150.5850, 91.4640,
27.4320

■ 25.8280, 50.9350,
18.5430

■ 170.4580, 75.4640,
20.0400

■ 17.2710, 33.3300,
12.7060

■ 189.8580, 59.4180,
13.4820

■ 5.0830, 10.1320,
3.6040

■ 209.9590, 42.7760,
6.7120

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 230.6470, 25.8590,

-0.5810

■ 250.8620, 8.8960,
-7.0400

■ 56.5990, 98.0170,
46.3450

■ 68.8750, 88.2520,
41.5960

■ 81.2650, 78.1660,
37.1580

■ 93.5410, 68.4010,
32.4090

■ 105.8170, 58.6360,
27.6600

■ 118.0930, 48.8710,
22.9110

■ 129.7820, 39.3810,
18.6850

■ 142.1720, 29.2950,
14.2470

■ 154.4480, 19.5300,
9.4980

■ 166.7240, 9.7650,
4.7490

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.3040, 83.5710, 65.8670



56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450



80.3580, 72.0290, -0.3150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450



66.3600, -38.0460, -48.3980



79.5910, -93.2140, 15.3140

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450



122.4010, -98.0170, -46.3450

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.9250, -91.6990, 4.3730



56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450



75.6450, -60.0570, -29.4410

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450



70.3500, -5.7230, -44.9790



82.3710, -78.9960, -11.0920



86.2790, -29.9010, 40.8110

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450



82.8400, 49.5200, -16.4000



82.3710, -78.9960, -11.0920



82.4120, -94.2680, 12.3880

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450



184.1840, 38.1890, 18.2610



64.9570, 31.3450, 87.2570



88.2420, 23.1060, 10.7700



245.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450



73.3580, 127.0370, 60.0690



88.7410, 90.1840, 6.5680



82.9190, 4.7220, 2.5300



48.3690, 83.8050, 39.5890



8.2300, 14.2120, 6.7560

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450



73.3580, 127.0370, 60.0690



90.2590, -90.1840, -6.5680



82.9190, 4.7220, 2.5300



48.3690, 83.8050, 39.5890



8.2300, 14.2120, 6.7560

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

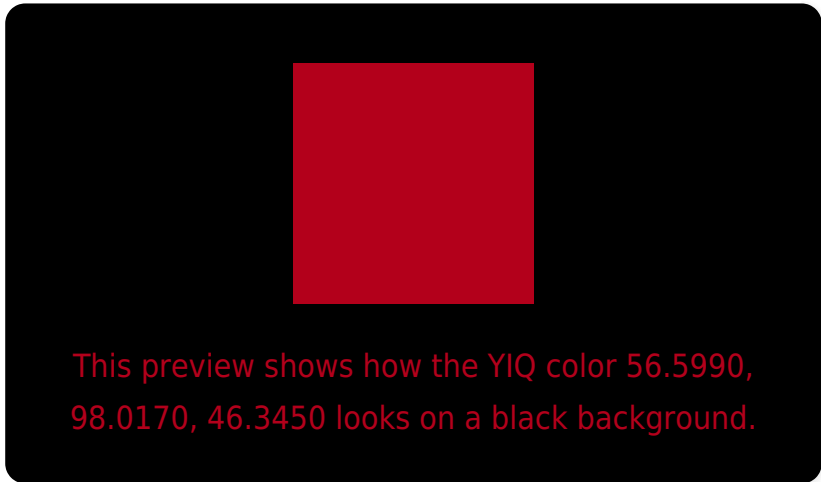
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 56.5990, 98.0170,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450

Protanopia

88.3330, 20.4510, -12.7090

Deuteranopia

84.5680, 44.2940, -20.8100



Tritanopia

62.6140, 101.6880, 29.3680

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450

Protanomaly

76.9490, 48.7360, 8.8320

Deuteranomaly

74.6870, 63.9130, 3.6010

Tritanomaly

60.2320, 100.1280, 35.6160

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450

Achromatopsia

57.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

56.5750, 35.5300, 16.8900

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 0, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 0, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 0, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 0, 27) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 0, 27) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 0, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 0, 27)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 0, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 0, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 0, 27)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 56.5990, 98.0170, 46.3450 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 0, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179, 0,  
27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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