

Converting Colors

YIQ(56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(56.7400, 39.1990,
10.9670)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 652720 |
| RGB | 101, 39, 32 |
| RGB Percent | 40%, 15%, 13% |
| CMY | 0.6038, 0.8471, 0.8743 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.61, 0.68, 0.60 |
| HSL | 6°, 52%, 26% |
| HSV | 6°, 68%, 40% |
| XYZ | 6.3569, 4.3226, 1.8687 |
| YIQ | 56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

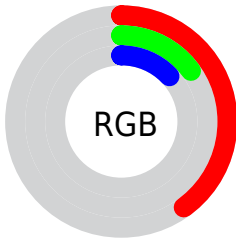
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 101, 40, 32 |
| Decimal | 6629152 |
| CIE Lab | 24.71, 27.48, 18.60 |
| CIE LCh | 25, 33.184, 34.094 |
| Yxy | 4.3226, 0.5066, 0.3445 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4284819232 (0xFF652720) |
| YUV | 56.7400, -12.1968, 38.8160 |
| Hunter-Lab | 20.7910, 18.1923, 9.2246 |

Details

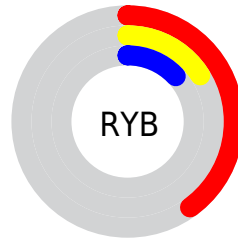
The YIQ color **56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **76.2600, -39.1990, -10.9670**, and the grayscale version is **57.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **106.3770, 44.6550, 11.2070**, and **14.6510, 29.2040, 10.3880** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.3170, 44.8840, 12.5640**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.1630, 33.5140, 9.3700**.

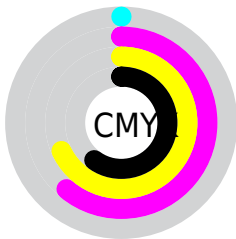
Distribution



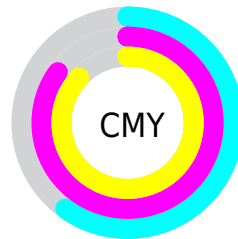
- Red (40%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.7400, 39.1990,
10.9670

■ 56.7400, 39.1990,
10.9670

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 32.3700, 37.3650,
11.1650

■ 106.3770, 44.6550,
11.2070

■ 14.6510, 29.2040,
10.3880

■ 132.1600, 46.7640,
11.5320

■ 3.5880, 7.1520,
2.5440

■ 158.3560, 49.1480,
12.3800

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 186.1390, 51.2570,
12.7050

■ 209.2410, 42.0420,
9.0020

■ 228.7550, 25.6750,

2.7550

■ 248.4970, 8.6660,
-2.8700

■ 56.7400, 39.1990,
10.9670

■ 56.7400, 39.1990,
10.9670

■ 50.3170, 44.8840,
12.5640

■ 63.1630, 33.5140,
9.3700

■ 43.8940, 50.5690,
14.1610

■ 69.5860, 27.8290,
7.7730

■ 37.4710, 56.2540,
15.7580

■ 76.0090, 22.1440,
6.1760

■ 36.0690, 57.4460,
16.1820

■ 82.4320, 16.4590,
4.5790

■ 88.9690, 10.4530,
3.2930

■ 95.9790, 4.4930,
1.1730

■ 102.4020, -1.1920,
-0.4240

■ 108.8250, -6.8770,
-2.0210

■ 115.2480,
-12.5620, -3.6180

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.1390, 34.0620, 21.4700



56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670



56.4430, 35.1210, -3.2390

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670



44.6070, -30.5310, -24.8910



47.6460, -51.4890, 2.5190

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670



76.2600, -39.1990, -10.9670

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.0710, -51.4880, -3.0080



56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670



48.0440, -38.8310, -17.6390

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670



52.1950, 2.9840, -21.0480



50.8940, -46.8560, -9.8640



59.5870, -8.3020, 18.3060

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670



55.5250, 28.6580, -12.7660



50.8940, -46.8560, -9.8640



49.4070, -52.3140, 0.9500

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670



115.8340, 15.2670, 4.1550



59.6990, 21.2220, 33.9100



55.9580, 8.9860, 2.3460



194.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



66.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670



63.0480, 61.9390, 17.3550



76.6980, 29.8490, -6.8150



47.4950, 2.9800, 1.0600



41.4290, 65.2400, 18.1040



86.4460, 137.6320, 38.7520

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.2600, -39.1990, -10.9670



93.9520, -61.9390, -17.3550



56.3020, -29.8490, 6.8150



48.9180, -2.7050, -0.5370



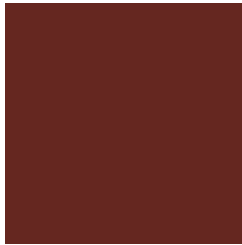
73.5710, -65.2400, -18.1040



155.5540, -137.6320, -38.7520

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

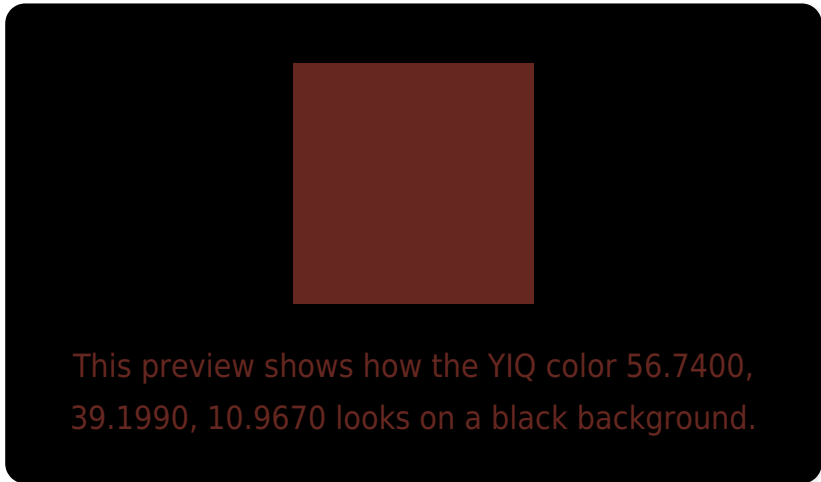
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670.

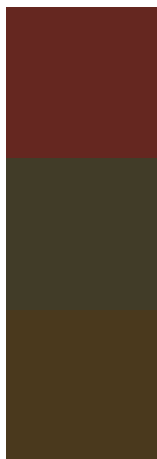


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 56.7400, 39.1990,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670

Protanopia

59.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600

Deuteranopia

58.8910, 19.1200, -5.1040



Tritanopia

57.0650, 36.9060, 13.9780

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670

Protanomaly

58.0640, 20.3110, 0.8470

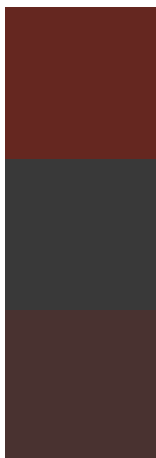
Deuteranomaly

57.8860, 26.6840, 0.9880

Tritanomaly

56.7230, 37.8690, 13.0450

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670

Achromatopsia

57.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

56.6490, 14.3500, 4.2540

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 39, 32)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 39, 32)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 39, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 39, 32) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 39, 32) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 39, 32) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 39, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 39, 32); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 39, 32);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 39,  
32) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 56.7400, 39.1990, 10.9670 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 39, 32) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101, 39,  
32) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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