

Converting Colors

YIQ(56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(56.9380, 32.3560,
74.4360)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	860094
RGB	134, 0, 148
RGB Percent	53%, 0%, 58%
CMY	0.4741, 1.0000, 0.4196
CMYK	0.09, 1.00, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	294°, 100%, 29%
HSV	294°, 100%, 58%
XYZ	15.1938, 7.2152, 28.6103
YIQ	56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

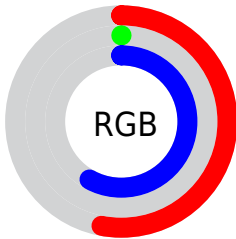
Format	Color
RYB	134, 0, 148
Decimal	8781972
CIELab	32.29, 63.21, -44.84
CIElCh	32, 77.495, 324.648
Yxy	7.2152, 0.2978, 0.1414
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286972052 (0xFF860094)
YUV	56.9380, 44.8936, 67.5834
Hunter-Lab	26.8611, 53.9605, -44.3482

Details

The YIQ color **56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **91.0620, -32.3560, -74.4360**, and the grayscale version is **57.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **124.2760, 28.0480, 64.4000**, and **34.5650, 16.2680, 46.6040** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.0420, 28.8270, 66.8030**.

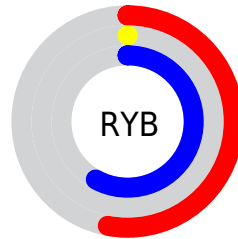
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (0%)

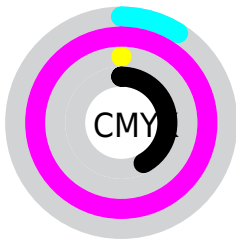
Blue (58%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (58%)

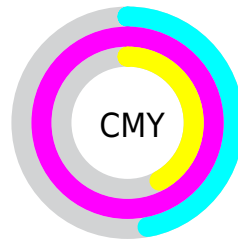


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.9380, 32.3560,
74.4360

■ 56.9380, 32.3560,
74.4360

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 45.6020, 24.0140,
60.4140

■ 124.2760, 28.0480,
64.4000

■ 34.5650, 16.2680,
46.6040

■ 152.5750, 28.6440,
64.6120

■ 24.3540, 9.0720,
33.8400

■ 180.7170, 31.1200,
63.7920

■ 13.0610, -0.8290,
20.5390

■ 198.6480, 26.4000,
50.2080

■ 3.5510, -8.6210,
7.5630

■ 215.0840, 18.7000,
35.5640

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 232.1070, 10.7250,

20.3970

■ 249.7170, 2.4750,
4.7070

■ 56.9380, 32.3560,
74.4360

■ 66.0420, 28.8270,
66.8030

■ 75.4450, 25.8940,
59.3820

■ 83.9620, 22.6400,
52.2720

■ 93.3650, 19.7070,
44.8510

■ 102.4690, 16.1780,
37.2180

■ 111.5730, 12.6490,
29.5850

■ 120.9760, 9.7160,
22.1640

■ 129.4930, 6.4620,
15.0540

■ 138.8960, 3.5290,
7.6330

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.8150, -78.8650, 25.0950



56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360



61.6880, 73.6220, 64.4540

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360



71.8870, 42.1380, -14.7740



72.4770, -67.6710, -12.5910

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360



91.0620, -32.3560, -74.4360

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.7080, -47.1730, -31.6610



56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360



63.6270, 1.1070, -36.5970

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360



63.6120, 77.6660, 13.1700



55.7650, -26.1250, -49.6850



77.7040, -83.7670, 3.7930

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360



58.0250, 88.2500, 52.6500



55.7650, -26.1250, -49.6850



70.1970, -61.2510, -18.8110

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360



156.0460, 12.6950, 28.7510



25.6770, -51.6330, 38.1830



75.5580, 7.8370, 17.6690



224.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



97.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360



73.5010, 41.7970, 96.0770



54.3980, 59.6390, 59.0550



69.5920, 1.3290, 3.4490



53.1070, 30.2020, 69.4180



3.8310, 2.1540, 5.0180

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.8480, 83.7140, 35.7300



59.1610, 108.0580, 46.0900



93.6020, -59.6390, -59.0550



69.0930, 4.1720, 1.4840



42.7440, 78.0750, 33.2990



3.1040, 5.6390, 2.4310

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

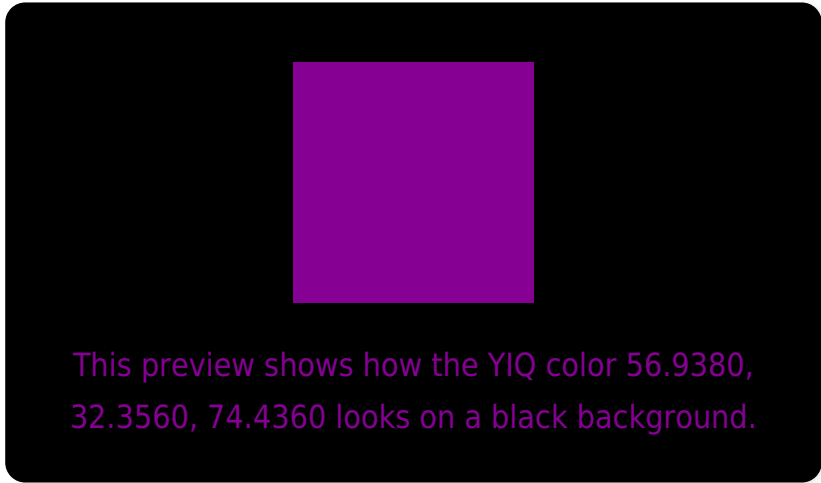
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

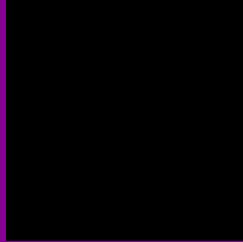
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360

Protanopia

62.9660, -72.5810, 10.3230

Deuteranopia

70.5800, -51.1230, 6.9010



Tritanopia

78.1900, 38.0520, 15.2360

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360

Protanomaly

60.6110, -34.0720, 33.8000

Deuteranomaly

65.5600, -20.8670, 31.2690

Tritanomaly

70.5930, 36.2600, 36.7080

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360

Achromatopsia

57.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

56.8070, 11.8700, 27.1820

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 0, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 0, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 0, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 0, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 0, 148) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 0, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 0, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 0, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 0, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 0,  
148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 56.9380, 32.3560, 74.4360 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 0, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134, 0,  
148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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