

Converting Colors

YIQ(57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190)
contains.

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Color

YIQ(57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	48313E
RGB	72, 49, 62
RGB Percent	28%, 19%, 24%
CMY	0.7176, 0.8079, 0.7568
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.14, 0.72
HSL	326°, 19%, 24%
HSV	326°, 32%, 28%
XYZ	4.6413, 3.9220, 5.0709
YIQ	57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

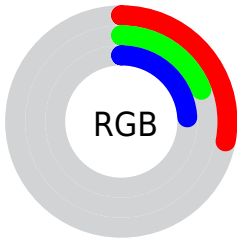
Format	Color
R_{YB}	72, 49, 62
Decimal	4731198
CIE Lab	23.41, 12.88, -4.00
CIE LCh	23, 13.484, 342.723
Yxy	3.9220, 0.3404, 0.2877
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282921278 (0xFF48313E)
YUV	57.3590, 2.2880, 12.8402
Hunter-Lab	19.8041, 7.1760, -1.3183

Details

The YIQ color **57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **63.6410, -9.5350, -8.9190**, and the grayscale version is **57.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **104.3700, 11.0020, 9.8660**, and **12.7120, 10.0390, 10.7990** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.9080, 12.4230, 11.6470**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.8100, 6.6470, 6.1910**.

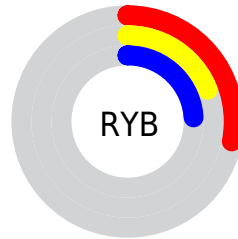
Distribution



Red (28%)

Green (19%)

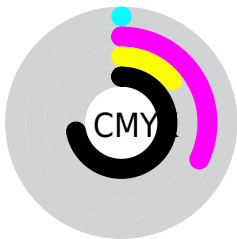
Blue (24%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (19%)

Blue (24%)

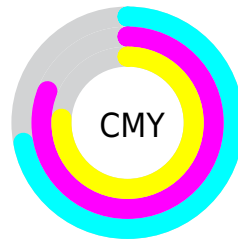


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (72%)



Cyan (72%)

Magenta (81%)

Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57.3590, 9.5350,
8.9190

■ 57.3590, 9.5350,
8.9190

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 35.6470, 8.6640,
8.1840

■ 104.3700, 11.0020,
9.8660

■ 12.7120, 10.0390,
10.7990

■ 129.7830, 11.2770,
10.3890

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 156.0820, 11.8730,
10.6010

■ 183.0820, 11.8730,
10.6010

■ 210.4950, 12.1480,
11.1240

■ 237.8970, 10.9560,

10.7000

■ 57.3590, 9.5350,
8.9190

■ 57.3590, 9.5350,
8.9190

■ 52.9080, 12.4230,
11.6470

■ 61.8100, 6.6470,
6.1910

■ 48.4570, 15.3110,
14.3750

■ 66.2610, 3.7590,
3.4630

■ 43.4190, 18.4740,
17.6260

■ 71.2990, 0.5960,
0.2120

■ 38.8540, 21.6830,
20.0430

■ 75.8640, -2.6130,
-2.2050

■ 34.4030, 24.5710,
22.7710

■ 80.3150, -5.5010,
-4.9330

■ 29.9520, 27.4590,
25.4990

■ 84.7660, -8.3890,
-7.6610

■ 26.2020, 29.7510,
28.0150

■ 89.2170, -11.2770,
-10.3890

■ 94.2550, -14.4400,
-13.6400

■ 98.7060, -17.3280,
-16.3680

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.4550, 0.4570, 8.2410



57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190



56.8280, 15.4040, 7.1800

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190



55.2040, 7.9330, -6.1070



51.1480, -24.0240, -5.1440

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190



63.6410, -9.5350, -8.9190

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.4210, -20.5390, -7.7310



57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190



53.3600, -1.3740, -8.1420

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190



55.6610, 14.0760, -1.7960



52.1570, -11.0480, -9.0320



52.7620, -19.7610, 0.1990

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190



56.3180, 16.7800, 4.2680



52.1570, -11.0480, -9.0320



50.5070, -23.6570, -6.2890

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190



88.2610, 3.7590, 3.4630



54.6120, -1.4230, 9.2730



44.8370, 2.0170, 1.9930



176.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



48.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190



71.1580, 14.7150, 14.1630



56.1050, 13.0660, 5.4980



33.4240, 1.7420, 1.4700



35.9850, 41.0280, 38.4040



82.4650, 94.2040, 87.9320

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190



71.1580, 14.7150, 14.1630



64.8950, -13.0660, -5.4980



33.4240, 1.7420, 1.4700



35.9850, 41.0280, 38.4040



82.4650, 94.2040, 87.9320

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

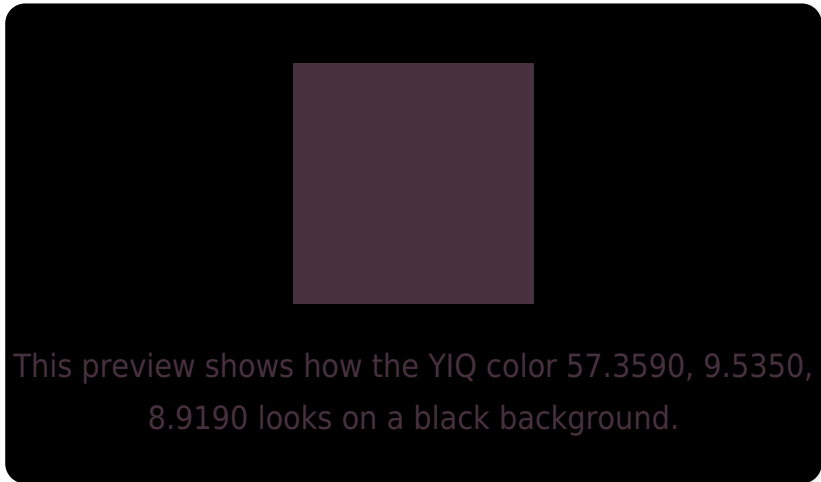
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

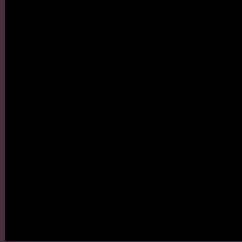
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190

Protanopia

56.5420, -4.4020, 2.6860

Deuteranopia

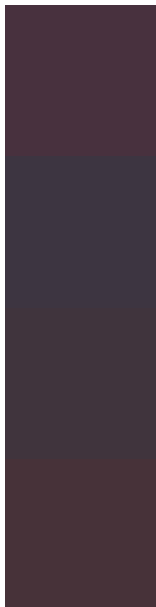
56.2930, 0.7330, 3.2370



Tritanopia

56.7350, 11.2320, 5.6960

Trichromacy



Original Color

57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190

Protanomaly

56.7600, 0.9160, 5.4280

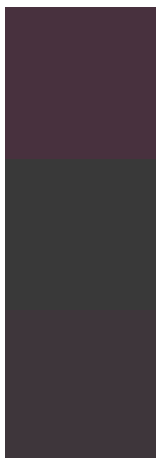
Deuteranomaly

56.6140, 4.2630, 5.3430

Tritanomaly

57.0770, 10.2690, 6.6290

Monochromacy



Original Color

57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190

Achromatopsia

57.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

56.9620, 3.1630, 3.2510

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(72, 49, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(72, 49, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(72, 49, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(72, 49, 62) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(72, 49, 62) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(72, 49, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(72, 49, 62)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(72, 49, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 49, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 49, 62)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 57.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(72, 49, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(72, 49,  
62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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