

Converting Colors

YIQ(57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350)
contains.

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Color

YIQ(57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B393A
RGB	59, 57, 58
RGB Percent	23%, 22%, 23%
CMY	0.7686, 0.7765, 0.7725
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.02, 0.77
HSL	330°, 2%, 23%
HSV	330°, 3%, 23%
XYZ	4.0305, 4.1615, 4.5939
YIQ	57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

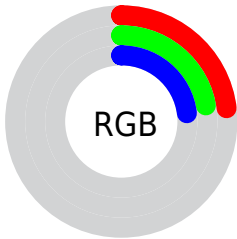
Format	Color
RYB	59, 57, 58
Decimal	3881274
CIELab	24.20, 1.09, -0.32
CIELCh	24, 1.136, 343.726
Yxy	4.1615, 0.3152, 0.3255
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282071354 (0xFF3B393A)
YUV	57.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296
Hunter-Lab	20.3998, -0.4321, 0.9281

Details

The YIQ color **57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **58.2880, -0.8710, -0.7350**, and the grayscale version is **58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **104.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350**, and **15.0110, 1.4670, 0.9470** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.8480, 3.4840, 2.9400**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.5760, -1.7420, -1.4700**.

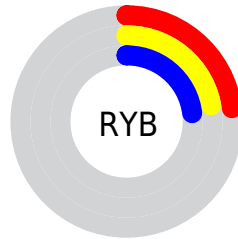
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (22%)

Blue (23%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (23%)

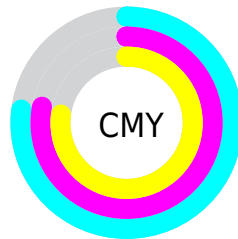


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (77%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57.7120, 0.8710,
0.7350

■ 57.7120, 0.8710,
0.7350

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 36.2990, 0.5960,
0.2120

■ 104.7120, 0.8710,
0.7350

■ 15.0110, 1.4670,
0.9470

■ 129.7120, 0.8710,
0.7350

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 155.7120, 0.8710,
0.7350

■ 182.7120, 0.8710,
0.7350

■ 210.1250, 1.1460,
1.2580

■ 238.7120, 0.8710,

0.7350

■ 57.7120, 0.8710,
0.7350

■ 57.7120, 0.8710,
0.7350

■ 53.8480, 3.4840,
2.9400

■ 61.5760, -1.7420,
-1.4700

■ 49.9840, 6.0970,
5.1450

■ 65.4400, -4.3550,
-3.6750

■ 46.1200, 8.7100,
7.3500

■ 69.3040, -6.9680,
-5.8800

■ 42.2560, 11.3230,
9.5550

■ 73.1680, -9.5810,
-8.0850

■ 38.3920, 13.9360,
11.7600

■ 77.0320, -12.1940,
-10.2900

■ 35.1150, 16.2740,
13.4420

■ 80.3090, -14.5320,
-11.9720

■ 31.2510, 18.8870,
15.6470

■ 84.1730, -17.1450,
-14.1770

■ 27.3870, 21.5000,
17.8520

■ 88.0370, -19.7580,
-16.3820

■ 23.5230, 24.1130,
20.0570

■ 91.9010, -22.3710,
-18.5870

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.5270, -0.0460, 0.8340



57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



57.5980, 1.1920, 0.4240

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



57.7720, 0.6420, -0.6220



57.5160, -1.5130, -0.1130

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



58.2880, -0.8710, -0.7350

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.4020, -1.1920, -0.4240



57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



57.4730, 0.0460, -0.8340

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



57.4840, 1.5130, 0.1130



57.2880, -0.8710, -0.7350



57.5160, -1.5130, -0.1130

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



57.5980, 1.1920, 0.4240



57.2880, -0.8710, -0.7350



57.4020, -1.1920, -0.4240

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



76.2990, 0.5960, 0.2120



57.5270, -0.0460, 0.8340



38.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



166.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



74.4240, 1.7420, 1.4700



57.5980, 1.1920, 0.4240



29.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



33.4640, 40.9370, 34.5450



79.0320, 96.6810, 81.5850

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



74.4240, 1.7420, 1.4700



58.4020, -1.1920, -0.4240



29.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350



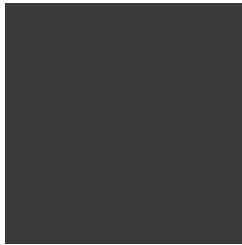
33.4640, 40.9370, 34.5450



79.0320, 96.6810, 81.5850

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

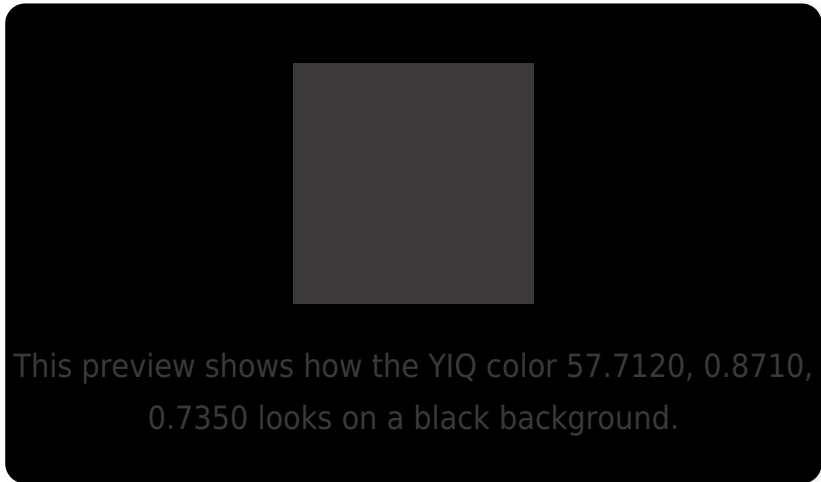
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

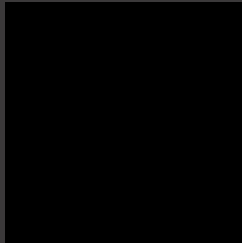
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

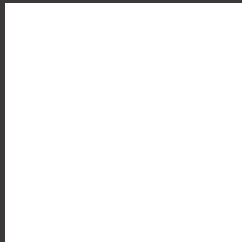
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350

Protanopia

57.4130, 0.2750, 0.5230

Deuteranopia

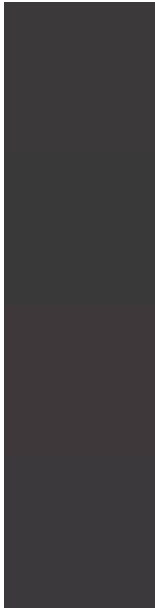
58.3210, 3.5300, 2.1060



Tritanopia

58.0540, -0.0920, 1.6680

Trichromacy



Original Color

57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350

Protanomaly

57.4130, 0.2750, 0.5230

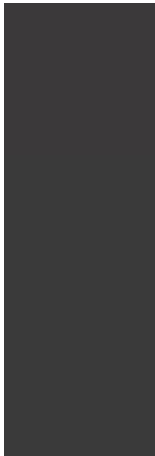
Deuteranomaly

58.0220, 2.9340, 1.8940

Tritanomaly

57.9400, 0.2290, 1.3570

Monochromacy



Original Color

57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350

Achromatopsia

58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

58.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 57, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 57, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 57, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 57, 58) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 57, 58) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 57, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(59, 57, 58)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 57, 58); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 57, 58);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 57, 58)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 57.7120, 0.8710, 0.7350 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 57, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 57,  
58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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